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India Promises Full Support To Cripps

AGREES TO CUT DOLLAR IMPORTS

British Plan To Save 300 Million In A Year

PAKISTAN COMPLAINS OF SLOW DELIVERIES FROM U. K.

LONDON, July 15.

CHANCELLOR of the Exchequer, Sir Stafford Cripps was reported today to have asked all the Commonwealth members to cut their dollar imports by some 300 million dollars during the next 12 months.

Cripps' reported proposals were said to be meeting some criticism from Pakistan and South Africa, who complained of Britain's high prices and slow deliveries which had compelled them to turn to dollar countries for the urgently needed essentials.

"It was understood that the proposed cuts concerned petrol, automobiles, trucks, agricultural machinery, newsprint and some consumer goods. India was understood to have promised full support for Cripps' proposals provided she would be allowed to 'import agricultural machinery from dollars sources.

India's Finance Minister, John Matthai said he planned to return to India on July 21 by which time the Commonwealth Finance Ministers' conference here would be virtually completed.

SCALE OF CUTS

Cripps' scale of the proposed cuts was said to have been fixed with the hope of effecting an approximate balance of payments for the sterling area in 1949-50 after allowing for Marshall Aid.

Official quarters emphasized that the Commonwealth Ministers' conference was competent to deal only with "immediate emergencies" pending mor permanent decisions to be taken in September.

An "air of tenseness" was said to have dominated today's talks with most of the delegates feeling that they were not getting enough dollars for themselves from the sterling area's dollar pool.

When the current conference finishes, probably next week-end, Cripps was expected to initiate talns with other members of the sterling area, including Eire, Iraq, Burma and Iceland, to seek their co-operation in solving the gold and dollar crisis of the sterling area.

(SEE PAGE 7 COL. 3)

Safe After Two Forced Landings

FILM STARS BACK FROM SRINAGAR

NEW DELHI, July 15 (PTI).—After an experience of two forced landings yesterday, a party of 17 well-known film stars returned to New Delhi today by an RIAF plane from Srinagar, where they had gone to entertain troops.

Among them were Shobhana Samarth, Miss Gohar, Meena, Majnu, Motilal and Director Rup Shorey.

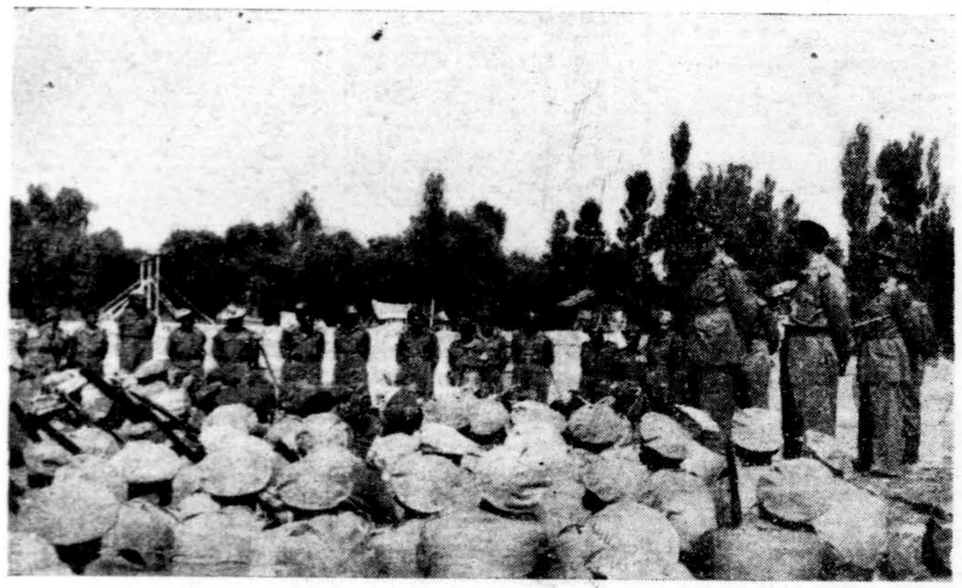
The party came as far as Palam airfield yesterday when they were asked to return, as rain and bad weather conditions had rendered the airfield unserviceable. The pilot went back to Ambala, where too he received a "go back" signal. He did not know where to go and as he was running out of petrol, decided to force land at an abandoned landing ground at Halwara, 15 miles from Ludhiana.

Here he faced a further difficulty, this time not from RIAF ground staff but from cattle which were roaming about the landing ground and it was sometime before it was safe enough to land.

After spending five hours at Halwara, he took off again and landed at Adampur, 18 miles from Jullundur.

From Adampur he got in touch with the RIAF again and spent the night at Jullundur.

The weather gods were kind to the stars today and they landed here this morning without any further trouble.



General K. M. Cariappa, Commander-in-Chief, Indian Army, visited troops stationed in Kashmir, recently. His houseboat was "raided" by the press men who had a chat with him for a long time. Photo shows Gen. Cariappa addressing the National Military stationed in Kashmir.

C-IN-C ADDRESSING TROOPS IN KASHMIR

NATIONALIST BID TO CUT NORTH CHINA PORTS

Offensive On Various Points

HONG KONG, July 15 (P.T.I.-Reuter).

CHINESE Nationalists were reported today to have taken the initiative at several points in their struggle with the Communists.

Usually reliable sources said the Nationalists had occupied islands at the mouth of the Gulf of Chihli, which is the sea outlet for Tientsin, a move which would enable them more effectively to enforce the closure of Communist North China ports.

Chinese reports said the Nationalists had also made amphibious landings—though the strength was not stated—on the southern shore of Hangchow Bay, about 100 miles south of Shanghai.

These reports, which are not yet confirmed, said the landing force had captured several towns and that the Communists had retreated towards Ningpo.

The landings were said to have been made from Ohusan Islands. The Nationalists were reported to have regained further ground from Communist guerillas which a month ago were active near Fukien, capital of Poochow.

Authoritative sources said today the Nationalists, with unusual determination, were taking steps to establish control over areas near Hong Kong. These areas had long been infested by bandits, many of whom recently displayed strong sympathy towards the Communists.

FIGHTING IN HAINAN

Further territory has also been recovered from Communist guerillas along the north eastern border of Kwangtung according to reports reaching here. In Hainan Island off South China, the Nationalists, reinforced by troops evacuated from the North China port of Tsingtao, were said to be holding out against Communists who for long time have occupied the central portion of the Island.

MAO WANTS SOVIET AID

BUCHAREST, July 15 (PTI-Reuter): Chinese Communist leader Mao Tse-Tung declared in to-day's issue of the Cominform journal that "Chinese and foreign reactionaries" must be destroyed before Communist China can resume commercial and diplomatic relations with foreigners.

Victory was impossible without Soviet aid, Mao said. Britain and the United States would give no aid to a "peoples democracy," because imperialists were still in power in those countries.

It was necessary to struggle for the realisation of communism throughout the world he declared. The present Chinese State apparatus was an instrument of violence against the class enemy, and not of goodwill towards him, Mao concluded.

Press Photographer Arrested At Calcutta

CALCUTTA, July 15. (P.T.I): A press photographer of Delhi is among the persons who were arrested in connection with incidents at the Brigade parade ground meeting yesterday. He was produced before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta, long with others today.

GERMAN RED TROOPS IN GREECE

BERLIN, July 15. (UPA):— German Communist troops in Greece are on the verge of mutiny, according to the British-licensed newspaper "Sozial Demokrat".

BOAT CAPSIZES IN THANA CREEK

One Drowned, 5 Injured

BOMBAY, Friday.

One person died and five others were injured on Thursday when "[illegible]," a boat belonging to the Tata Hydro Electric Company, was caught in a storm and capsized in the Thana creek.

The boat was returning after making payments to the Company's staff at a station near the Thana creek when the mishap occurred. Mr. F. A. De Souza, the Company's Pay-Master, is missing and is believed drowned.

Five others, who managed to escape with injuries were removed to the Thana Hospital.

Free Copies Of Judgment To Godse And Others

SIMLA, July 15 (PTI). The East Punjab High Court has granted the applications of Nathuram Godse and four other convicts in the Gandhi murder case, Narayan Apte, Gopal Godse, Madanlal and Vishnu Karkare, for supplying to them copies of judgment free of cost.

A copy of the judgment, it is understood, costs about Rs. 313/-.

NEHRU'S REPORT ON W. BENGAL

Main Item On Working Committee Agenda

NEW DELHI, July 15 (PTI).—Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will report to the Congress Working Committee which meets tomorrow afternoon at the residence of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel his impressions on the situation in Calcutta and West Bengal.

This will be one of the main topics of discussion at the two-day meeting which has before it an agenda of about 30 items.

Allied with this subject is the larger question of measures to revitalise the Congress, eradicate corruption, and fight out forces of disorder with particular reference to Communist activities.

Three important reports will be placed before the Committee for consideration, namely Mr. Kala Venkatarao's report about the causes of the Congress defeat in the recent Calcutta election, Mr. Shankerrao Deo's report on the allegations against Madras Ministers and the Congress Agrarian Committee's recommendations on land reforms.

DEPUTATION FROM MADRAS

Eight members of the Madras Legislative Assembly led by Mr. T. Prakasam, former Madras Premier, have arrived here to plead before the Congress Working Committee for a judicial enquiry into the Madras Ministerial affairs.

Other items on the agenda include the Rajasthan Provincial Congress Committee's controversy against Rajasthan Ministry, the relationship between the Congress organisation and Provincial Governments, the code of conduct for Congress men in accordance with the Jaipur Congress resolution and definition of the role Congressmen have to play in regard to the all out 'Grow More Food' drive.

PAKISTAN CONSTRUCTS AERODROME AT SKARDU

SRINAGAR, July 15 (U.P.I.).

INFORMATION reaching here indicates that Pakistan has constructed an aerodrome at Skardu in the enemy-held part of the Ladakh district in the Kashmir State.

Pakistan Aircraft have often been observed landing at this aerodrome with supplies of arms, ammunition, and rations.

said.

It will be remembered that Pakistan had earlier constructed an aerodrome at Chilas (Gilgit Agency) and extended the old aerodrome at Gilgit.

It is now confirmed that a jeep road from Balakot in the North West Frontier Province to Skardu via Gilgit has also been completed by Pakistan authorities.

Razvi Trial On July 27

MADRAS, July 15 (PTI): Mr. V. L. Ethiraj, Public Prosecutor who has been deputed to conduct the prosecution against Syed Kasim Razvi and others returned to Madras today after consultations with the police and other officials at Hyderabad.

The trial is fixed for July 27. The prosecution has cited about 50 witnesses.

Mr. Ethiraj will leave Madras on July 25 for Hyderabad.

FLIGHT OF U. S. PLANE OVER AFGHAN BORDER

American Embassy In Kabul Apologises

KABUL, July 15 (PTI-Reuter).—The United States Embassy in Kabul has apologised to the Afghan Foreign Office for the flight of an American plane over the Afghan border on July 4, the Afghan News Agency "Bakhter" reported today.

Afghanisthan had protested to the Pakistan Government about the flight in the belief that the plane was of Pakistan origin. The American plane was carrying the military attache of the United States Embassy in Karachi from Peshawar to Karachi, the Agency

Communist Worker Arrested In Kalka

AMBALA, July 15 (PTI): B. C. Dutt, a Communist worker was arrested by the police at Kalka yesterday. He had been evading arrest for the last one year.

HALT COMMUNALISTS, NOT COMMUNISTS

Mr. Palme Dutt's Suggestion

NO JUSTIFICATION IN JAILING INDIAN REDS WITHOUT TRIAL

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, July 15.

THE strongest measures should be taken against communal propaganda and organisations inciting communal hatred and division," said Mr. Rajani Palme Dutt during an interview at the headquarters of the British Communist Party in the Covent Gardens where stage stars and vegetable sellers rub shoulders.

He was as forthright as ever and expressed his views with characteristic vigour. He was naturally distressed at the news of widespread arrests and detentions in India. But he hoped that "the 25,000 workers' and peasants' leaders at present in prison without trial will be speedily released."

"No serious evidence", in the opinion of Mr. Dutt, "had been brought forward for the allegations of violence and sabotage brought against Indian Communists by Government spokesmen as a "justification for their repressive actions. If they had any evidence", he said, "it is obvious that they would not have been afraid to bring the matter to trial, formulate the charges and submit their evidence to the examination of the court."

Failure to do so, he added, can only convince all impartial observers that they have no evidence that would stand examination. Partisan allegations, made in general statements without any basis in fact, are worthless.

NO CONDITIONS

The release of Indian Communists should not, in the opinion of Mr. Dutt, be subject to any prior condition or pledge as to their future activities." What would Gandhi have said", he asked, "if he had been asked by the British authorities as a condition of release to give a pledge that he would never under any circumstances engage in unconstitutional activity."

"It is unthinkable", he added, "that in India where every political leader of any standing has gaoled, and unconstitutional activity and has won his popularity on the basis of such unconstitutional activity in the past, such a sanctimonious demand should be raised in respect of the leadership of the future."

NOT TERRORISTS

On the other hand, Mr. Dutt thought it was important "to dispel the widespread misconception about Communism spread by its enemies. "Communism", Mr. Dutt emphasised, "has nothing in common with anarchist, terrorist or Putchist tactics." The aims of Marxism, of Communism are perfectly open. The Indian Communist seek to replacing the form of State which has been set up by British imperialism by a popular democracy in which the working people, that is, the overwhelming majority of the nation, are the rulers, while the privileges of the landlords and wealthy exploiters are brought to an end. These aims can only be achieved by the action of the majority of people."

The Communist Party in India, Mr. Dutt claimed was engaged in building up the unity of the majority of the

(Continued on Page 7)

Tax On Sale Of Water

MADRAS, July 15 (PTI).—The Madras Government have directed that sales tax should be levied on the sale of water by the Port Trust to ships touching Madras harbour. The levy would take effect from July 1. The Port Trust authorities will pay this tax under protest, it is learnt.

NEW CHECKPOINTS ON BERLIN ROUTE

Soviet Restrictions

BERLIN, July 15 (UPA): The Russians established two new check-points 20 miles inside each end of the Helmstedt-Berlin super highway to-day and flagged all vehicles, Allied and German alike.

At Michendorf, 20 miles west of Berlin, ten Soviet zone German police searched all German vehicles and forced the occupants to surrender all West German marks. Allied drivers merely were called upon to show identity papers.

Only Berlin-bound vehicles were being stopped at the new check-point at one other end of the "super" highway. Three East German policemen there searched to see whether unauthorized persons were riding in the cars.

Republicans Approve U.N. Agreement

JOGJAKARTA, July 15 (UPA).—The Indonesian Republican Cabinet has approved the United Nations-sponsored provisional agreement calling for a meeting with the Dutch and non-Republican Indonesians on formation of the United States of Indonesia, it was announced today.

The Cabinet, which met Thursday night, did not issue a cease-fire order to Republican Army commanders, reportedly fighting Dutch troops in Java and Sumatra, but usually reliable sources said such an order would go out next week.

The Indonesian Parliament is scheduled to debate the provisional agreement on Tuesday. It was understood the Cabinet would be shaken up before then.

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July 15, 1949

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PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE OF TENDER.

MILITARY ENGINEER SERVICES

TENDERS are invited preferably from Contractors, who own their own Workshops and who are borne on the Approved list of M.E.S and within whose financial limits the value of the work lies by the Chief Engineer, Southern Command Poona, for the supply of Furniture for E M. Tech. Trg Establishment Mechanical Equipment Institute squash court etc in S M E Kirkee The work is estimated to cost about Rs 1 6 lakhs

Other Furniture Dealers, though NOT on the M.E.S list but owning Furniture Workshops may also apply for tender and before the tender documents are issued to them they will be required to show proof of their suitability for the work and to enlist themselves with M E S as approved Contractors

The articles of Furniture required are Almirah large, Almirah medium, cupboard bookcase Desk without drawers with back and chairs, Table and Workshop bench of various types etc The exact number required to be supplied will be indicated in the Tender documents

Application for tender forms must be submitted on or before 26th July 1949 to the Chief Engineer, Southern Command Poona.

Copies of the conditions of Contract, Drawings would be open for inspection in the Office of the Chief Engineer Southern Command, Poona during Office hours.

Tender documents will be issued on and after 28th July, 1949 and upto 29th July 1949

Tenders will be received by 15 00 hours on 15th August, 1949 (5141)

PUBLIC NOTICES

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, U. P.

Advertisement No. 19

APPLICATIONS are invited from nationals of Indian Dominion, subjects of States within the Indian Dominion and registered displaced persons for a temporary post of TOWN COMPOST OFFICER in the junior scale of pay of Rs 250-850 in the U. P. Agricultural Service, Class II. The post will last up to February 1952. Other things being equal, preference will be given to those domiciled in U P QUALIFICATIONS: A degree in Science or Agriculture with at least two years postgraduate training in Organic or Agricultural Chemistry Preference will be given to candidates possessing M Sc. or Ph D. in Organic or Agricultural Chemistry. Experience of compost work will be considered an additional qualification Age between 23 and 28 years (30 years for Govt. servants) on August 1, 1949. The upper age limit will be greater by three years for Scheduled Caste candidates, and may also be waived in the case of candidates having exceptionally high qualifications. PRESCRIBED APPLICATION FORMS MAY BE HAD FROM THE SECRETARY DEPARTMENT NO A19/R-2(a), P.S.C. U.P. ALLAHABAD UP TO JULY 30, 1949 AGAINST A MONEY ORDER OF RE 1 - EACH Applications on such forms will be received UP TO AUGUST 13, 1949.

Dated Allahabad July 4, 1949.

(5122)

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Advertisement No. 44

APPLICATIONS invited for the undermentioned posts from nationals of Indian Dominion by birth or by domicile. Persons of Indian descent or citizens of the Indian States which have not acceded to the Indian Dominion or citizens of the Pakistan Dominion or of any other territory adjacent to India are also eligible but a declaration of eligibility issued by the Government of the Dominion of India will be necessary in their case before appointment Upper age limits relaxable by 3 years for Scheduled Caste candidates. For others age limits will be strictly adhered to save in exceptional circumstances and in no case beyond a limit of three years. Particulars and application forms from Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, Council House, Post Box No. 186, New Delhi When applying for forms candidates must specify the name of the post. Closing date for applications with treasury receipt or Crossed Indian Postal Order for Rs. 7 8/- (Rs. 1/14/- for Scheduled Caste candidates) 13TH AUGUST, 1949 The Crossed Postal Order should be marked payable to Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission at New Delhi Post Office. The Commission may, at their discretion remit the prescribed application fee where they are satisfied that the applicant is a BONA FIDE refugee and is not in a position to pay the prescribed fee. Cheques or Money Orders not accepted SEPARATE APPLICATION WITH SEPARATE FEE REQUIRED FOR EACH POST. Candidates from outside India may apply on plain paper if prescribed application forms not available. Such candidates should deposit their fees at the Office of the High Commissioner for India or of the Indian Ambassador or of the Government of India's Representative as the case may be and attach the receipts to their applications Two weeks' extension allowed to candidates residing abroad. No candidate will be considered for appointment unless he appears for a personal interview if called upon to do so.

1. ONE TEMPORARY ASSISTANT DEVELOPMENT OFFICER, GRADE II, (MECHANICAL ENGINEERING) IN THE DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND SUPPLY. AGE:- Between 25 and 35 years. Relaxable for Government servants PAY:— Rs. 325-25-500-30-590. QUALIFICATIONS:— (i) Degree in Mechanical Engineering from a recognised University or a first class diploma from a leading Engineering Institution or success in an equivalent examination of any leading Engineering Association in India, U.K. or U.S.A. (ii) At least 3 years apprenticeship in some reputable Engineering Works. (iii) Should be capable of assessing capacities of engineering works.

2 ONE PERMANENT FACTORY ENGINEER, OPIUM FACTORY, GHAZIPUR, MINISTRY OF FINANCE (REVENUE DIVISION). AGE:- Below 30 years. Relaxable for permanent Government servants. PAY:- Rs. 350-25-500-E.B.-30-650 Higher initial pay up to Rs. 500/- p.m. may be granted to a specially well-qualified and experienced candidate QUALIFICATIONS:- ESSENTIAL — (i) Degree or diploma in Electrical and Mechanical Engineering from a recognised Engineering Institute (ii) Training and 5 years' experience in the management of steam boilers and engines, electric dynamos, motors and work in connection with a small repair workshop. (iii) First Class certificate of competency under the Indian Boilers Act. (iv) Practical knowledge of working deep well pumps DESIRABLE: A fair amount of practical and, if possible theoretical knowledge of building and road work for supervising ordinary and special repair work and petty constructions.

(5117)

PUBLIC NOTICES

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the following posts in the various departments of the Reserve Bank of India at Bombay.

(A) POSTS AND SCALES OF PAY:

1. Research Superintendent—Department of Research and Statistics. Rs. 275-20-375-EB-25-600.
2. Banking Assistants—Department of Banking Operations. Rs. 150-12½-250-EB-15-400.
3. Clerks Grade I—Department of Banking Operations. Rs. 100-8-180-EB-10-250
4. Clerks Grade I—Agricultural Credit Department. Rs 100-8-180-EB-10-250

(In the case of Clerks Grade I up to two advance increments may be granted to deserving candidates at the time of recruitment in the Bank's service)

The post of Research Superintendent is temporary at present but is likely to be made permanent in the near future

(B) ALLOWANCES:

The selected candidates will be eligible for the following allowances:—

(a) DEARNESS ALLOWANCE: 25 p. c. of pay with a minimum of Rs. 45 - per mensem up to Rs. 500 - and thereafter 22½ p.c. with a maximum of Rs. 175 - per mensem (Dearness Allowance is subject to revision from time to time)

(b) LOCAL ALLOWANCE:— 10 p.c of pay with a minimum of Rs. 10/- per mensem.

(C) AGE LIMIT AS ON 1-8-1949 AND MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS:—

1. RESEARCH SUPERINTENDENT — DEPARTMENT OF RESEARCH AND STATISTICS.

AGE LIMIT:— Candidates should not exceed 35 years of age.

QUALIFICATIONS:— Applicant should be first or second class M. A. or M. Sc. in Statistics or Mathematics with Statistics as special subject of a recognized university and should have experience of Research either in theoretical statistics or applications of statistical methods to economic problems.

2. BANKING ASSISTANTS—DEPARTMENT OF BANKING OPERATIONS:

MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM AGE LIMITS: 21 and 25 years respectively.

QUALIFICATIONS:— Applicants must be graduates of a recognized university with Economics, Commerce, Banking or Accountancy as one of their subjects of study and have some proficiency in drafting and should preferably have practical experience in a Joint Stock Bank for a minimum period of 3 years. Preference will be given to candidates who have also completed the examinations of the English, Scottish or Indian Institute of Bankers.

3. CLERKS GRADE I.- DEPARTMENT OF BANKING OPERATIONS: -

MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM AGE LIMITS: 18 and 25 years respectively.

QUALIFICATIONS:— Applicants must be graduates of a recognized university with Economics, Commerce, Banking or Accountancy as one of their subjects of study and have some proficiency in drafting and should preferably have practical experience in a Joint Stock Bank for a minimum period of 2 years. Preference will be given to candidates who have also completed Part I of the English, Scottish or Indian Institute of Bankers' Examination.

4 CLERKS GRADE I—AGRICULTURAL CREDIT DEPARTMENT:—

MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM AGE LIMITS:

18 and 25 years respectively.

QUALIFICATIONS:

Applicants should have good academic qualifications and should at least possess a Ist or IInd class degree in Economics or Commerce of a recognized university and should preferably have practical experience in a Government Co-operative Department or a Co-operative Institution of repute or in a Joint Stock Bank or have conducted post graduate research on economic problems.

Maximum age limit in the case of Banking Assistants and Clerks Grade I may be extended up to 30 years in the case of candidates with banking experience and or approved war service.

2. Applications which should be in the candidates' own handwriting and accompanied by COPIES of at least two testimonials should be forwarded to the Secretary, Central Recruitment Board, Reserve Bank of India, Central Office, Post Box 406, Bombay No. 1 on or before 9th August 1949 and must contain the following information:

Post for which application is made (If a candidate wishes to be considered for more than one post separate applications should be made): name in full: educational qualifications; examinations passed with subjects, distinctions and classes obtained: schools: colleges and universities attended: date of birth: age: address: place of birth: community: details of previous experience of research and/or office work: period of approved War Service, if any: father's name: father's occupation.

3. Applicants for the posts of Superintendent and Banking Assistants will have to remit application fees of Rs. 3/- and Re. 1/- respectively by money order, postal order or Bank draft on a scheduled Bank in Bombay along with the application. Bona fide refugee candidates applying through any of the Regional Directorates of Resettlement and Employment or Employment Exchanges set up by the Ministry of Labour in various parts of India are exempted from payment of application fees. There is no fee for applications for the posts of Clerks Grade I.

4. Appointments will be subject to candidates being found medically fit for service in the Bank. Candidates already in employment in other offices or institutions will have to produce satisfactory letters of release, if selected.

5. If any candidate desires to have his application acknowledged he should send it by "Registered Post Acknowledgment Due". Apart from those who may be specially called, interviews will not be granted to candidates nor will the Bank enter into correspondence with them and CANVASSING IN ANY FORM WILL BE CONSIDERED A DISQUALIFICATION. Selected candidates from outstations will be required to present themselves for interview at Bombay and will be paid travelling allowance at prescribed rates from and to their place of residence if called for interview.

(5121)

TRAINING SHIP "DUFFERIN".

APPLICATIONS for admission to the Executive Course commencing from February 1950 are invited from candidates between the ages of 15 years and 17 years on the 1st July 1949 who have passed the Matriculation Examination or an examination of a recognised University of a standard not lower than Matriculation with Mathematics.

NOTE:—Dufferin entry is confined to candidates for the Executive Course.

A Qualifying Examination in English, Mathematics including Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry and Elementary Trignometry, Geography and General Knowledge will be held in English in the last week of October 1949 at various centres in India. The successful candidates will be interviewed by the Governing Body in Bombay in THE FIRST WEEK OF FEBRUARY 1950. Applications on the prescribed form will be accepted upto the 15th September, 1949.

The Prospectus containing the OFFICIAL APPLICATION FORM and specimen examination papers can be obtained from the undersigned on prepayment of Re. 1/- by MONEY ORDER ONLY.

Secretary, Governing Body,
Training Ship "Dufferin",
Mazgaon Pier, Bombay 10.

(5120)

HEAVY EARTHMOVING EQUIPMENT

BLACKWOOD HODGE (INDIA) LTD., are the exclusive distributors for the whole of India for FUCLID Bottom and Rear Dump Wagons, EUCLID Loaders, CUMMINS DIESEL ENGINES, MARION EXCAVATORS PARMANCO DRILLS and other HEAVY EARTHMOVING EQUIPMENT. Please send your enquiries to BLACKWOOD HODGE (INDIA) LTD., P. O. Box 8954 Calcutta.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of a Matron in the Willingdon Hospital, New Delhi in the grade of Rs. 250-10-350 plus allowances viz. Rs. 50/- p.m. Messing allowance, Rs. 60 - p.m. Dearness allowance, Rs. 15 - p.m. Uniform allowance and Rs. 10/- p.m. City allowance. The applicants must state their age, experience and qualifications. Applications together with copies of testimonials should reach to the Superintendent, Willingdon Hospital, New Delhi by the 23rd July, 1949. Theatre experience is essential. Residential accommodation will be provided at the Hospital.

The selected candidates will be interviewed at their own expenses.

(Sd.).....
for SUPERINTENDENT.
Willingdon Hospital, New Delhi.

(5118)

THE TATA IRON AND STEEL COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the certificates for five Ordinary shares Nos. 0 68435/38, 69489 of the Tata Iron and Steel Company, Ltd., standing in the name of Vinayak Narayan Manohar have been lost or mislaid and the undersigned has applied to the Company to issue duplicate certificates for the said shares. Any person who has a claim in respect of the said shares should lodge such claim with the Company at its registered Office, Bombay House, 24, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, within one month from this date, else the Company will proceed to issue duplicate share certificates.

UMAKANT SHRIRANG DESAI.

Agakhan Building,
Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay.
Dated 30th June, 1949. (935)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

A Branch of the above Bank will be opened at

POONA CITY

190, RAVIWAR PETH

on MONDAY, the 18th JULY, 1949

(5139)

THE SASSOON HOSPITALS POONA

APPLICATIONS are invited from Women Candidates above 18 years of age, domiciled in the province of Bombay, with educational qualifications above IV standard English for training in Nursing (Full Course). Apply for application forms, enclosing a self addressed and stamped envelope (2 annas) to the Civil Surgeon, Poona, before 1st of August, 1949.

C. B. MILLER.
Major,
Civil Surgeon, Poona.
5066

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION U. P.

Advertisement No. 20.

APPLICATIONS are invited from nationals of Indian Dominion, subjects of States within the Indian Dominion and registered displaced persons for 10 posts of ASSISTANT ENGINEER in the U. P. Service of Engineers, Irrigation Branch. Pay Rs. 250-850 (starting pay Rs. 300/- p.m.). Other things being equal, preference will be given to those domiciled in U.P. QUALIFICATIONS:— Candidates must possess (i) Engineering Certificate of the Thomason Civil Engineering College, Roorkee, or (ii) be fully qualified Associate Member of the Institution of Engineers (India), or (iii) have obtained an engineering degree of one of the recognized Universities, or (iv) have passed Sections A and B of the Associate Membership Examination of the Institution of Civil Engineers, (England), or (v) have passed the Associateship Examination of the City and Guilds Institute (Imperial College of Science and Technology, South Kinsington) in Civil Engineering. Candidates other than engineer students who have passed out of the Thomason Engineering College, Roorkee and have completed a course of training in the Irrigation Branch, U. P. as engineer students, should possess at least two years' practical experience on important works connected with irrigation. Age below 26 years (29 years for Scheduled Castes candidates) on August 1, 1949. Exemption from this age limit may be granted by Govt. in special cases. PRESCRIBED APPLICATION FORMS MAY BE HAD FROM THE SECRETARY, DEPARTMENT NO. A20/R-3(a) P. S. C., U.P., ALLAHABAD UP TO JULY 30, 1949 AGAINST A MONEY ORDER OF RE. 1/- EACH. Applications on such forms will be received UP TO AUGUST 13, 1949.

Dated Allahabad July 4, 1949.

(5123)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. BHAGWANDAS DAHYABHAI has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property situate at Kurla together with all the right, title and interest, therein, free from all encumbrances. All persons having any claim against to or in respect of the said premises by way of inheritance, mortgage, lease, sale, gift, lien, charge, trust, maintenance or other wise howsoever are hereby required to intimate the same in writing to the undersigned at their undermentioned address within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, shall be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece and parcel of leasehold land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon called 'Tambakoowalla Building' situate, lying and being on Old Agra Road in New Mill Ward, Mouje Kurla Pot Tukdi Bandra Taluka South Easti in the Greater Bombay in Registration Sub-Division of Bandra, admeasuring 481 Square Yards or 4328½ Sq. feet or thereabout and registered in the books of the Khot Mr. A. H. Wadia bearing No. N. A. S. No. 733 and in the Books of the Kurla Municipal Borough under Station Ward Kurla under No. 73-74 and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or about the East by the Old Agra Road, on or towards the West by property bearing A. S. No. 301 H. N. 20, on or towards the North Private Road belonging to Mr. A. H. Wadia and on or about the South by property bearing No. 727 and the private Galli belonging to Mr. A. H. Wadia.

MAJMUDAR & NANAVATI,
Advocates for Purchasers,
Round Building,
Kalbadevi Road, Bombay 2,
Bombay, 15-7-49. (5142)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

I, MORARJI LAXMIDAS, Proprietor of my Charcoal business of Sewri, Darukhana Coal Depot: run in the name and style of "B. Morarji Laxmidas," have entrusted to conduct my said business on 11-7-49 to Tha: Chhaganlal Bhimji for a fixed period of one year with an option of further extension of one year together with all benefits and liabilities thereof from the said date and thereafter, I accordingly shall not be liable for the debts and outstandings as well as for the management of the said business from and after 11-7-1949.

Tha: MORARJI LAXMIDAS. (940)

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 3879 of 1947.

BHIKAJI RAOJI BHIDE and others ..... Plaintiffs
Versus
DODAPPA CHANBASAPPA BORAMANI ..... Defendant.

PURSUANT to the Decree Absolute for Sale made in the above suit and dated the 20th September, 1948, the following immovable property will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at site at Sholapur on WEDNESDAY, the 27th day of July, 1949 at 1 (P.M.) S. T.

PARTICULARS.

Two pieces of land, situate at Sholapur in the City of Sholapur in East Mangalwar Peth together with the houses, out-houses, edifices, structures, walls, wells, trees, open spaces standing thereon one bearing Municipal No. 76 and City Survey No. 3150/1, measuring along South to North, on the Eastern side 73 feet 1 inch and on Western side 73 feet and from South to West, on the Northern side 41 feet 10 inch and on the Southern side 44 feet and 3 inch, admeasuring 349 square yards bounded, on the East by C.S. No. 3152, on the South by lane and land mentioned below on the West by land of C. S. No. 3151 and on the North by Road and the second bearing Municipal No. 75 and City Survey No. 3150/2, measuring along East to West 27 feet and along North to South 21 feet and in addition the walls, admeasuring 63 square yards bounded on the East by lane, on the South by portion of land of C. S. No. 3150/2, on the West by portion of land of C. S. No. 3150/2 and on the North by land of C. S. No. 3151 mentioned above now amalgamated with the first piece of land described above and bearing Municipal No. 76.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. Gokhale Kale and Co., Attorneys for the plaintiffs abovenamed at No. 40-44, Hamam Street, Karim Chambers, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 19th day of May, 1949.

A. H. KIRTIKAR,
Commissioner.
(5119)

IN THE BOMBAY CITY CIVIL COURT AT BOMBAY.

Summary Suit No. 1185 of 1949.

MANECKLAL BHIMJI..... Plaintiff.
v/s
FULCHAND GOVINDJI SHAH..... Defendant.

WHEREAS the Plaintiff has instituted a suit against you under O. 37 of the Code of Civil Procedure 1908 for an order that the defendant be ordered and decreed to pay to the Plaintiff the sum of Rs. 2,500/- being the amount due by the defendant to the Plaintiff in respect of two dishonoured cheques for Rs. 1,250/- each dated 1st May 1949 and 1st June, 1949, respectively drawn by the defendant on the National Savings Bank Ltd., Zaveri Bazar Branch Bombay and handed over by the defendant to the Plaintiff being Ex. "A" to the plaint with interest thereon at 6 per cent per annum from the date of the suit, till judgment costs of the suit and interest on judgment at 4 per cent per annum till payment, you are hereby summoned to cause an appearance to be entered for you, within ten days from the service hereof, in default whereof the Plaintiff will be entitled at any time after the expiration of such ten days to obtain a decree for any sum not exceeding the sum of Rs. 2,500/- and interest as aforesaid, costs, together with such interest if any, as the court may order.

If you cause an appearance to be entered for you, the plaintiff will thereafter serve upon you a summons for Judgment at the hearing of which you will be entitled to ask the court for leave to defend the suit.

Leave to defend may be obtained if you satisfy the court by affidavit or otherwise that there is a defence to the suit on the merits or that it is reasonable that you should be allowed to defend the suit.

This 30th day of June, 1949.

P. A. DHRUVA.
for Registrar.
P. A. DHRUVA.
Dy. Registrar.

Seal Of City Civil Court.

The 30th day of June, 1949.

M. D. SHAH.
Advocate for the Plaintiff.
Ravindra House,
Kalbadevi Road,
Bombay. 2. (5140)

AUCTION SALES

In accordance with Sections 167 and 184 of the Sea Customs Act 1878 under instructions from The Collector of Customs, Bombay, M/s. MENESSE & CO. will sell by public auction on THURSDAY the 21st July 1949 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the New Custom House, Ballard Road, confiscated Goods such as, Woollen and Cotton Piece Goods: Art Silk; Cotton Thread; Cigarettes and miscellaneous Goods.

MENESSE & CO

AUCTION SALE of One Bale Handloom Shirting No. 964, Contg. 60 Pcs. Quality No. 113, size 29/30" total 1536¾ Yds. on Thursday, 21st Inst. at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Bamtakhana, Champa Gulli, M. J. Market, by order of M/s. G. S. Punjabi & Co. and on a/c. and at risk of M/s. Jetmanand Moorchand (Heeraj Gulli, M. J. Market), the defaulting purchasers.

Terms: 25% cash deposit.

UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY TO INVESTORS.

Auction Sale of Valuable Immovable Property situate at Monkey Road, Khar.

M/s. GANDHI & CO. will under instructions from Messrs. Mohile & Parekh, Attorneys for Bai Mangla, widow of Jethalal Parbhudas Parekh, the Mortgage and on a/c and at risk of Bibi Sikandar Jan, widow of Abdul Rahim Khan and Zeenat Begam, daughter of Abdul Rahim Khan, the mortgagors, in pursuance of the power of sale reserved to mortgage under the Deed of Mortgage dated 8-6-1946 made between the said Mortgagors of the one part and the said Mortgagees of the other part, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned property on Sunday 31-7-1949 at 10 a.m. (S.T.) on the premises.

All that piece of land together with the messuage dwelling houses standing thereon situate lying and being at Khar Road containing by admeasurement 450 Sq. Yds. being Final Plot No. 634 of Bandra Town Planning Scheme No. 3.

For particulars of sale please apply to M/s. Mohile & Parekh Attorneys for the Mortgagee, at their office at 65, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE of Household Articles such as Cotton and Woollen Clothes, utensils, Cutlery, Crockery and decoration Articles, Furniture, Radios etc. of the deceased Persons viz., John West, Sally Saul, on Saturday, 23rd Inst. at 12 noon at our Rooms 72, Medows St., Fort, under instructions from The Administrator General of Bombay, and the Administrator of the Estates and effects of the abovenamed deceased.

Terms: Full Cash and immediate delivery.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE COSMETICS, CREAMS, PERFUMES, ETC.

By order of the Liquidators, Canteen Stores Department, we shall sell by auction on 21st July, at 11 A.M. (S. T.), at C.S.D. Depot, near Rifle Range, Ghatkopar (G. I. P.), big lots Creams, Lotions, Face Powders, Mascara, Perfumes, etc., Goods on view on 20th July. For catalogues apply to: CRAWFORD & CO., 132, Apollo St., Fort, Ph. 20521.

BONAFIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE TOMORROW (Sunday) at 10-30 A.M. Property of J. Marshall Esq., and others at Seth Babulal Mansion, Chowpatty Seaface of complete household and office furniture, steel almirah, safe, typewriter, singer foot machine, Elec. fan, radio, large musical box, partition, dining, roll top, writing and dressing table, chairs, side-board, show case, Chesterfield almirah, bed, gramophone, etc. (S. Tax) T. 10213 EASTERN AUCTION CO.

AUCTION sale of Valuable Immoveable Property at Lamington Road formerly known as Golder Street comprising 2886 square yards of Foras tax redeemed land with building bearing New Survey Nos. 6910, 6910 Cadastral Survey No. 249 of Tardeo Division and Street Nos. 39-51, A/45, B/45 and C/45.

By order of Messrs. Taher & Co. Attorneys for Bai Jenabai widow of Gulamhusein Essaji Vahanvati the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Hasham Haji Usman Khatri.

Sale on Tuesday the 19th July, 1949, at 4 P.M. at the site of the property.

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained from Messrs. Taher & Co. Examiner Press Building, 35, Dalal St., Fort, or from the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE CO., 123, Medows St.



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on 21 April, 2017

CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY

Hindu: Ashad Vad 6, 2005
Muslim: Ramzan 19, 1368
Parsi: Behman 17, 1318
Sunrise: 6-10 a.m.
Sunset: 7-19 p.m.
Hightide: 03-29, 15-40
Lowtide: 08-56, 22-13

Today's Engagements

BASANTSING INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE, Jai Hind College, Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister will inaugurate at 24, Peddar Road at 6 p.m.

LABOUR COLLEGE: Inauguration of fifth session by Mr. Achyut Patwardhan, 6-30 p.m., Podar College Hall, Matunga. Principal L. N. Welingkar will preside.

BUDHA SOCIETY: Raja Mahendra Pratap will give a discourse on "Modern World Crisis" at Society's Hall, Nair hospital compound, Lamington Road, 6 pm.

CO-OPERATIVE COMMITTEE of Bombay Suburban District Congress Committee: Informal meeting of Consumers Co-operative Societies in Suburbs to set up co-ordinating organisation.

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS' ASSOCIATION: 24th Annual General meeting of members at 3-30 p.m. in Room No. 63, New Stock Exchange Building, Apollo Street, Fort.

'SHARDA' SILVER JUBILEE: Function at Sunderabai Hall to celebrate silver jubilee of Gujarati monthly "Sharda" at 5 p.m. Mr. K. M. Munshi will preside.

BHAGINI SAMAJ: Mr Chimanlal J Shah will lecture on "Hindu Code Bill" at Jai Hind Estate, Bhuleshwar.

B B & C I RY EMPLOYEES' UNION, BOMBAY BRANCH: Annual general meeting at Vanmali Hall, Dadar at 5 p.m

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE, Voluntary Social Workers' Training Class, Dr. J. N. Karande on "Maternity and Child Welfare" 5 p.m., Prof. P. A. Wadia on "Problem of Poverty" at League's Office Servants of India Society's Hall

SHOPS AND ESTABLISHMENTS CONFERENCE: Preliminary meeting of employers and employees at 4 p.m., Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall.

DISCOURSE ON GITA from 6 p.m. to 7 p.m. and on Mandookya Upanishad from 7 to 8 p.m. every day from Wednesday, July 20 by Shri Shankaracharya of Puri at Harnivas, 77, Walkeshwar Road.

HINDUSTANI PRACHAR SABHA, Wardha. Qualil Examination on Saturday, 12 noon to 3 p.m. and 3-30 p.m. to 6 p.m. to-day and again 11 a.m. to 2 p.m. and 3 to 6 p.m. to-morrow (Sunday) at Sydenham College of Commerce. Oral exam at same place July 24, 3 p.m onwards

JIJAMATA STRI MANDAL, Amraoti, thankfully announces a donation of Rs. 1,000 from Mr. Manekial Ujamshi Bhiwandiwalla, Sugar Exporter of Bombay.

SOCIALIST PARTY: Meeting of members at Party Office, Sunday, 9-30 a.m. Asoka Mehta will speak on 'Chinese problem.'

Course At Armed Forces Academy

The last date for receiving applications for the admission to the Technical University Graduates' Course (2nd), commencing in January, 1950, at the Armed Forces Academy, Deha Run, is July 21, 1949 The applications should reach the Army Headquarters, A G's Branch (SP-2), New Delhi G H.Q.P.O. by that date.

LINGUISTIC PROVINCES WITHOUT FRICTION

Kannad Poet's Suggestions

BOMBAY, July 15 (U.P.I.).

"THE issue of linguistic provinces has been made more complicated by wrong moves and consequent reactions. Even now it can be solved by eliminating excess of emotion and approaching the problem in an objective and dispassionate manner", observed Prof. R. S. Mugali, eminent Kannad poet, novelist and critic in a statement.

Continuing, Prof. Mugali added, "firstly, both the Congress and the Government should unequivocally declare that they have accepted the linguistic principle as the main basis for the redistribution of provinces though other factors also might be considered. They stand by it and they will redistribute the provinces on this basis as early as possible.

Secondly, they should call a convention of leading and representative persons of the provinces concerned to discuss and decide upon certain bases and rules in general with the underlying principle in view but without going into particulars.

Thirdly, the members of the said convention should explain to the people of their provinces the bases accepted by the convention and persuade them to accept whatever decisions might follow therefrom. They should also foster inter-provincial good-will and desist from making speeches, that will tend to disturb the atmosphere.

Fourthly, Government should appoint a new Linguistic Provinces Formation Commission, which will set about the work of re-distribution on the bases, settled by the abovementioned convention, using its discretion wherever necessary. The provinces should be re-arranged according to the recommendations of this Commission.

PERMANENT BODY

The recommendations of the Commission should be accepted as binding by all the people concerned. If any recommendation is found unfair or unreasonable, constitutional effort may be made later on to change it. The Government should set-up a permanent Linguistic Provinces Commission to examine all complaints and representations and to give decisions from time to time.

If this procedure is followed, it may be hoped that the linguistic provinces will come into being as early as possible and with the least possible friction. A clear statement of policy and action in pursuance of that policy on the part of the Government as well as complete co-operation from the public — it is only when these two go together that the solution of the problem will come nearer, in spite of all real and imaginary difficulties and dangers, inherent in the solution."

Increased Scholarships For Backward Students

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Government of Bombay has directed that the value of the 15 cents of scholarships for Backward Class students in Technical and Industrial Institutions recognised by the Board of Technical and Industrial Training, where the standard of admission is IV English or below should be raised by 50 per cent, with effect from June last. The increased value of the scholarships will remain in force till the Government pays dearness allowance to its staff at the present or higher rates.

J. M. KUMARAPPA FOR LONDON

To Report To U. N. On Prevention Of Crime

BOMBAY, July 15 (PTI): Dr. J. M. Kumarappa, one of the seven experts selected by the UNO to report on "prevention and treatment of crime on an international basis," left for London to-day 'en route' to New York.

The new seven-man advisory body set up in pursuance of a resolution passed by the United Nations Economic and Social Council, will hold its first meeting at Lake Succcess towards the beginning of August.

While in America, Dr. Kumarappa, who is the Director of the Tata Institute of Social Sciences, Bombay, will visit institutions offering facilities for advanced training and research in the field of applied social sciences.

On his return journey, Dr. Kumarappa will halt at Geneva to attend a meeting of the Executive Committee of the International Conference of Social Work of which he is the Vice-President.

NO EXPLOITATION OF WORKERS

Mr. Kher Reiterates Government Stand

BOMBAY, Friday.

A firm assertion that the Congress alone, which was wedded to the principles enunciated by Mahatma Gandhi and not those who merely and spoke in the name of the workers and peasants from exploitation, said Mr. B. G. Kher, the Premier of Bombay, addressing a public meeting at Sholapur yesterday. The meeting was attended by about 25,000 people.

Reviewing the history of the last decade with a particular reference to the non-violent movement with which India achieved her independence and the achievements of the Congress Government since it resumed office three years ago, the Premier pointed out that not a single soul was lost during the famine period in Gujarat. He said that the Congress was fulfilling its pledges and all agrarian reforms were planned with a view to benefiting the cultivators. The Congress, he announced, would never tolerate any exploitation and it was determined to see that the tiller became the owner of the land.

In conclusion, the Premier referred to the campaign of self-sufficiency in food launched by the Prime Minister of India, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, and appealed to the cultivators to help the campaign. He also made an appeal for national unity.

Mr. Kher, who arrived at Sholapur in the morning and left in the evening, fulfilled, during the brief period, a number of engagements at Sholapur and Akkalkot, ranging from the opening of a students, hostel to a visit to a Montessory school.

PRIMARY EDUCATION

Speaking at the handing over of the Anglo-Urdu High School at Sholapur to the Union Education Society, Mr. Kher pointed out that the Government was doing its best to promote Secondary and University education. The need of the hour was, however, the introduction of compulsory Primary education and vocational training on which the Government must concentrate at present.

U. S. INTEREST IN GROWTH OF INDIAN INDUSTRIES

Mrs. Mildred B. Hughes' View

BOMBAY, Friday.

"American industrialists and business men were tremendously interested in India and the growth of Indian industries," said Mrs. Mildred B. Hughes, Executive Vice-President, Far-East America Council for Commerce and Industries, addressing the All-India Manufacturers' Organisation at their office this evening.

Mrs. Mildred Hughes said that her country-wide tour of India had impressed her upon the necessity of American help in the form of capital goods and technical personnel. She said that she had met a number of Indian industrialists and businessmen, who had all emphasised the need of such help from U.S.A.

As regards the investment of American capital in India for the development of the Indian industries, she said that she could not give her opinion on this matter, because the organisation to which she belonged was not concerned with the investment of American capital in foreign countries She pointed out, however, that the policy of President Truman and his Government was to encourage and help the undeveloped countries of the world for the prosperity and happiness of mankind.

NADKARNI MURDER CASE

Caltex Manager's Evidence

BOMBAY, Friday.

Giving evidence in the Nadkarni Murder Case before Mr. G. K. Rege, Presidency Magistrate, Dadar Court, Mr. Rupert Eric Mayene, District Manager of Caltex (India) Limited, said that on February 9 last, he heard a commotion on the driveway which ran through the backyard of his house. Later when he had completed his bath he enquired of his servants what the commotion was about and was told that one Mr. Nadkarni had fallen from the flat above his.

The presecution witness stated that he was a resident of Kishori Court of which Miss Kishori, one of the accused in the case, was the landlady. He was also acquainted with Hiranand Shetty, the 24-year-old youth, who was the first accused in the case, and had spoken to him in the gardens of the bungalow.

The driveway on which the man had fallen, Mr. Mayene said lead to four garages at the rear of the house.

Mr. Mayene added that his previous statement had been recorded by the police.

The Magistrate, after having asked the witness to sign his statement, also asked him to sign a bond to appear before the Sessions Court should the case be committed to sessions.

Mr. Mayene is leaving for England tomorrow morning.

Mr. K. L. Gauba and Mr. C. T. Mudnaney appeared for the defence, while Mr. K. L. Agaskar appeared for the prosecution.

Khar Lands Act Applied To Seven Districts

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Government of Bombay has applied the Khar Lands Act, 1948, to the districts of Broach, Surat, Thana, Bombay Suburban, Kanara, Kolaba and Ratnagiri, the States of Janjira and Cambay and the partially excluded areas in Dahanu and Umbergaon talukas of the Thana district, with effect from July 11, 1949.

The Government has appointed a Khar Lands Development Board under the Chairmanship of Mr. D. K. Kunte, Parliamentary Secretary, for a period of one year. Besides the Chairman, there are 11 members on the Board, three of them being ex-officio.

PROTECTION TO BATTERIES

NEW DELHI, July 15: One of the recommendations of the Tariff Board in their report of 1948 on the Motor Vehicle Battery Industry was that Government should adopt necessary measures to safeguard the Indian section of that industry which was likely to be adversely affected by the expansion of production by certain foreign companies in India. With a view to removing any misapprehension that may have arisen in certain quarters with regard to this matter, it is necessary to stat ethat this recommendation should be viewed in the light of Government's policy regarding the participation of foreign capital in Indian industry announced in the Ministry of Industry and Supply Resolution No. 1(3)-44(13)/48, dated April 6, 1948, and further clarified in the Prime Minister's statement in Parliament on April 6, 1949.

Warrant Against Alleged Cheat

BOMBAY, Friday: Mr. Krishinchand Bijlani, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon today issued a warrant for the arrest of Mr. M. S. Yadava, general manager of the Hindustan Sales Corporation, Cawnpore, on a 'complaint' filed by Mr. Manek G. Shahani, Advocate on behalf of Mr. Hiranand V. Sajnani, alleged to have been cheated by the accused to the extent of Rs. 4,500.

The prosecution story briefly stated is that the accused advertised on an intensive scale, offering very attractive terms to persons who would take up appointments of Branch Managers and Sales Managers under him, the only condition being a deposit of a huge amount with the accused by way of security.

Lured by this attractive offer, the complainant agreed to take up the post of a sales manager in Bombay and deposited with the accused Rs. 500. Soon after the accused induced the complainant to find out another person who could deposit. Rs. 6,000 and take up the appointment of a Branch Manager under the accused and consequently Mr K. D. Khilnani, handed over to accused the required amount.

After receipt of deposits, the accused did nothing to promote the business of his company and went on taking further deposits from different people, including a retired magistrate, Mr. Mullik. No business was transacted by the accused, no salaries were paid to the various depositees and when asked to return the deposits, the accused instead of returning the same, started dumping useless and unmarketable solid phenyle on the various persons he had appointed.

It is further alleged in the complaint that there are several criminal cases pending against the accused in the various courts of India and that by this modus operandi, the accused has knocked out monies from unwary and credulous people, easily taken in by attractive pay and future prospects.

The complainant, Mr. Sajnani, is himself an advocate. Mr. S. U. K. Mullikis a retired magistrate.

THE WEATHER

POONA July 15.

Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours and departure from normal with total rainfall from June 1, 1949 recorded at 08.00 I.S.T. on July 15, 1949.

Ahmedabad 97 82 0 2.7 minus 6.6; Ahmednagar 86 73 0 3.2 minus 3.9; Allahabad 97 84 0 2.5 minus 6.0; Bangalore 80 66 T 7.3 plus 2.5; Baroda 96 78 0 5.7 minus 6.3; Belgaum 74 69 0.4 2.7 minus 13.0; BOMBAY 82 75 2.7 36.6 plus 3.5; Calcutta 91 81 0.1 17.0 minus 1.0; Colombo 86 74 0.4 15.6 plus 4.3; Delhi 89 78 1.1 4.2 minus 2.8; Hyderabad (Dn) 84 74 T 8.9 plus 1.8; Lucknow 95 83 0 5.9 minus 4.3; Madras 93 80 T 5.4 plus 2.0; Mahableshwar 66 62 5.7 58.1 minus 26.7; Nagpur 87 77 0 23.5 plus 7.3; Patna 93 83 0 17.3 plus 4.3; Poona 81 72 0.1 2.6 minus 4.9; Sholapur 89 74 T 9.7 plus 3.3; Simla 64 59 1.4 12.7 minus 10.8; Surat 87 77 1.3 6.5 plus 1.9.

Following is the daily weather summary for Friday, July 15th 1949:

The shallow depression in the north-west angle of the Bay of Bengal has moved inland across Orissa coast as a low pressure wave, but conditions continue unsettled in the north bay.

The monsoon has been vigorous in south Malabar and strong in north Malabar, the Konkan and Saurashtra. It has been active in Orissa, the West United provinces the East Punjab, Rajputana and the south Deccan. Local rain has also occurred in Assam Gujarat, the east Central Provinces, Vindhya Pradesh, Mysore and the north Madras coast while a few showers have been reported from north Hyderabad and south-east Madras.

FORECAST VALIED UNTIL THE EVENING OF 16TH:— Rainfall will be widespread in Orissa, the Central Provinces, near the hills of the west United Provinces and the East Punjab, in the Konkan and Malabar and occur locally in Chota Nagpur, the plains of the west United Provinces, Gujarat, Saurashtra, Vindhya Pradesh and the rest of the peninsula. Scattered showers are likely elsewere over the country.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING:— Locally heavy rain will continue in Malabar during the next 36 hours.

RADIO

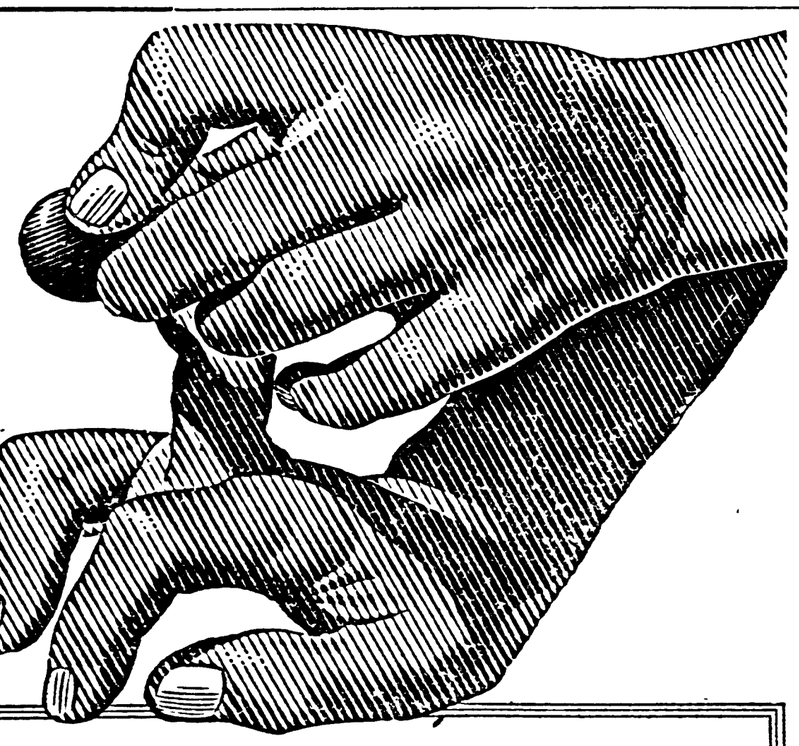
SATURDAY, July 16.

BOMBAY—A

7-30 a.m. Savitri Gidwani (Geet Bachchan) 7-45 Usman Khan (Been) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Sumant Vyas (Gujarati Geets (Nanalal) 8-45 News (G) 12-45 p.m. Musical Interlude 12-50 Sumant Vyas (Geeto) 1-0 News (G) 1-10 As in Bombay—B 1-30 News (E) 1-40 You Asked for It 5-0 Savitri Gidwani (Geets) 5-15 Usman Khan (Been) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-20 H. V. Kadlur (Vocal) 6-30 Vasundhara Shrikhande (Vocal) 7-0 Topic of Day 7-10 Locals 7-15 Gajanandrao Joshi (Shudh Kalyan) 7-45 Surendra 8-0 Sumant Vyas (Gujarati Geets) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 As in Bombay—B 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 As in Bombay—B 10-0 "Road to Independence" by Louis Macneice.

BOMBAY—B

7-30 a.m. As in Bombay—A 7-45 News (K) 8-0 Vasundhara Shreekhande (Vocal) 8-30 News (M) 8-45 Ahmed Dilawar (Vocal) 12-45 p.m. As in Bombay—A 12-50 News (M) 1-0 Ahmed Dilawar (Vocal) 1-10 Nauka Geet 1-40 News (H) 1-50 Variety programme (M) 5-0 As in Bombay—A 5-30 Bahuroopi (G) 6-0 Ahmed Dilawar (Vocal) 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners 7-15 As in Bombay—A 7-30 Commercial News 7-45 News (K) 8-0 News (M) 8-15 H. V. Kadlur (Vocal) 8-30 Replies to Listeners' Letters 8-40 Musical Interlude 8-45 "Aas" Roopak by Achyut Parasins 9-0 Vasundhara Shreekhande (Vocal) (Vocal) 9-30 Sabitri Gidwani (Geets) 9-45 Around Local Cinemas 9-55 Teer Nahin to Tukko 10-0 Gajananrao Joshi (Gaud Malhar).



Playful hands get dirty . . .
and where there's dirt there's *Danger* from germs!
Wash often with
LIFEBUOY SOAP
it protects you from the germs in dirt!
L. 108-193

IT IS NOW THE FRENZY OF FILMFANS



with JEEVAN, PARO, MUBARAK, Rajendrasingh, Haroon & CUCKOO

THE MOST SUMPTUOUS ENTERTAINMENT EVER PRESENTED ON THE SCREEN

With 12 Lilting Songs, 6 Lavish Dances And INFATUATING MUSIC.

Screenplay and Direction by B. MITRA

RUNNING AT ROXY — RIVOLI—PARADISE

A KAPURCHAND & CO. Release

Daily: 3, 6-15, 9-30. Matinee: Sat., Sun. 12 noon.

Advance Booking: 9-30 to 12 and 4 to 6.



SURPASSING HER PERFORMANCE IN DUNIYA NA MANE
SHANTA APTE in
I.N.A. PICTRUES'
SWAYAM SIDDHA

JOIN THE CROWDS
EXCELSIOR & CENTRAL

Daily: 3, 6-15, 9-30 Sunday Mat. (Central) 11-45 Plans open

Also at BHARAT MAT, LIDO, SWASTIK (MALAD), BHARAT CHITRA MANDIR (KURLA) ALLWYN (KALYAN)

A 'SCREENS' RELEASE

LOVE RULES SUPREME in the HUMAN HEART
AMBICA FILMS Popular Social

Produced and Directed by M. I. DHARAMSEY
Music: ANIL BISWAS

ANOKHA PYAR

NARGIS, DILIP KUMAR, NALINI JAIWANT.

13TH WEEK
An EVERGREEN Release

SUPER
3-15, 6-15, 9-15 Sun. 12 Noon
Booking 9-30 to 11-30 & 5 to 7.

18TH WEEK

BOMBAY'S NON-STOP SENSATION!

MEHBOOB'S BREATH-TAKING PRODUCTION

ANDAZ

with NAUSHAD'S Music

LIBERTY
'Show place of the Nation'

3-0, 6-15 & 9-30
Plans open 10 to 8-30

'BLACK MONEY MAGIC'
ONE LEMONADE + AQUA PURA = LEMONADES!!
SEE THIS MAGIC IN RAJKAMAL'S

APNA-DESH
Directed By
V. SHANTARAM
राजकमल चित्र

16TH WEEK
NEW WEST END

Advance Booking
10 to 12 and 4 to 6

Daily 3, 6-15 & 9-30 Mat. Sun. 11-45 a.m.

ON THE INDIAN SCREEN

Three Fresh Releases: Shabnam, Swayam Siddha And Bhakta Pundalik



Shanta Apte in "Swayam Siddha."

SIX-THEATRE RELEASE

For "Swayam Siddha"

Indian National Art Pictures maiden Hindi production "Swayam Siddha" was released through the screen, yesterday at two city theatres —Excelsior and Central and at four theatres in the suburbs, i.e., Bharat Chitra Mandir at Kurla, Allwyn Talkies at Kalyan, the Lido at Juhu and the Swastik at Malad.

Shanta Apte is cast in the role of a spirited young woman, saddled with an insane for a husband. She fights the injustice done to her husband single handed and sets to reform him. It is role reminiscent of "Duniya Na Mane", where Shanta Apte had given such polished performance. Molina, Samar Roy and B.pin Gupta are in the supporting role. Produced by Moni Guha and directed by Shyam Das, "Swayam Siddha" with its nine songs, dances and sparkling dialogue offers wholesome entertainment.

EXCELLENT ENTERTAINMENT

Filmistan's "Shabnam"

The premiere of Filmistan picture has always been a gala day for the city's thousands of enthusiastic Filmgoers, but the triple premiere of their latest picture "Shabnam" yesterday was marked by a good deal more than the usual enthusiasm and rush of fans at all the three theatres—Roxy, Rivoli and Paradise.

The picture is packed with varied entertainment that it cannot but please any spectator, who wants a couple of hours' relaxation. The popular pair Kamini Kaushal and Dilip Kumar give an excellent performance, better than in "Shaheed" their last film. Veterans Ilke Jeevan, Paro and Mubarak do justice in their supporting roles. An absorbing story, interesting dialogue, beautiful songs with tuneful music and six lavish and spectacular dances are the highlights of the picture. Credit for this fine production goes to Producer S. Mukherji, who hopes to make a greater hit of "Shabnam" than his previous achievements like "Shenai", "Bajan" and "Actress."

"BHAKTA PUNDALIK"

To Be Released Today At Majestic

Shree Vishnu Cinetone's "Bhakta Pundalik" will be released to-day at the Majestic. Based round the life of a saint, much honoured in Maharashtra, this picture will be a treat for the religious-minded. In the leading roles are Sushilkumar, Premlata and Sofia. It is directed by Dhirubhai Desai.



Sulochana and Shanta Apte in Prabhakar's coming film "Shilanganache Sone"

A RARE HONOUR

The Government of India have been asked to send the best specimens of Indian Film Art for the Canadian National Exhibition and Independence Day Celebration to be held in August 1949. For this honour the committee of IMPPA have asked New Theatres to spare a print of their latest picture "Chhota Bhai." This picture will represent to the Canadians one of the best specimens of Indian culture and life, being based on the famous novel of Saratchandra Chatterjee.

"CHOTTOR VIJAYA"

At Novelty

This leaf from the gallant history of Mewar has found favour with the audiences at Novelty. The picture has gone in the second week. Adapted from a Hindi drama director Mohan Singh has made into a thrilling spectacle. Surendra, Raj Kapoor, Wasti and Madhubala in the leading roles, sustain the interest of the audience to the last.

OLD FAVOURITES STAY

Some of the old favourites are still consolidating their popularity by continuing to draw huge crowds.

Day after day 'Bari Behen' continues to attract people to the Imperial. The film has gone into the 15th week.

Ambica Films 'Anokha Pyar' has taken to the score to 13th week. Dilip Kumar, Nargis and Nalini Jayawant helped by Anil Biswas' music, continue to hold the hearts of the audience.

"SHILANGANACHE SONE"

Coming Next Week

Marathi pictures are coming into vogue again. Judging from the recent few, the Maharashtrians are making quite a good job of them. "Jaya Malhar", "Mith Bhakar" and "Sakharpuda" were simple but went straight to the heart. Their homely themes and atmosphere brought a yearning to many for their forgotten villages and village life. Bhalba Pendharkar, that veteran film producer, who just celebrated his silver jubilee in film business, has given another offering "Shianganche Sone", which is to be released next Saturday at Swastik Talkies. The story is set in the stirring times of Shivaji, when he fought for Swaraj with the Moghuls and the Bahamani kingdom. The theme centres round the exploits of Hiroji, Shivaji's ace spy. Written by Pendharkar himself the story brings to life the stirring times, on the celluloid. Its crisp and caustic dialogue is pleasure to hear. The picture sparkles with stars like Shanta Apte, Hansa Wadkar, Sulochana, Master Vithal, Anjini and Baburao Pendharkar.

Anokha Pyar Review Competition

Cineindia Services had in our issue of July 2 announced Rs. 1,000/- in prizes for the three soundest criticisms of the picture ANOKHA PYAR now running in its 11th week at "Super". Almost 500 entries have been received for this competition, and those of our readers, who are desirous of entering it may bear in mind that the dead-line is 2nd August.

For further details of this competition, which gives cinegoers an opportunity to express their views on films they see, please write to Cineindia Services, 210, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

PRITHVI THEATRES BACK IN BOMBAY

After a successful two months' tour of Hyderabad, Bangalore and Southern Maharashtra, Prithviraj, with his theatre unit, has returned to Bombay last Monday. Prithvi Theatre will resume its Bombay season from Sunday, 17th July at Opera House and Bhangwadi Theatre, Kalbadevi.

While Prithvi's popular stage hit 'Pathan" will be staged on Sunday morning at Opera House, "Ghaddar", the new play, will be staged the same evening at Bhangwadi Theatre, to be followed up by 'Shakuntala' on Tuesday night.

Prithviraj is giving finishing touches to his new play "Ahoot!", which is now in rehearsal, and is expected to be staged by next month.

"SAJAN KA GHAR" POPULAR

In a week's time Navayug's 'Sajan Ka Ghar' has established its popularity at four theatres—Krishna, Kasturba, Kismet and Neptune. Delightful music, unusual story and good performance go to make this picture. Having lost his beloved Jairaj tries to make her twin sister happy by way of gifts and in the process is misunderstood by her lover. Piquant situation developes which adds to the interest of the story. Ranjana plays the role of twin sisters cleverly. Kusum Deshpande, as a doctor, frustrated in love and Vasant Thengadi provide the humour. Nine songs by Deepak, set to music by Sagar add to the beauty of the picture.



Shakoor and Molina, the star performers in "Chhota Bhai."

CITY POLICE SEIZE PRIVATE TRANSMITTER

Arrested Person Alleged To Have Used It For Sending Commercial News

BOMBAY, Friday.

A radio transmitter was seized by the police late last night and a person who is alleged to have been operating it was put under arrest.

It is stated that at about 10 P.M. last night a police squad raided a building on Vincent Road, Matunga, when they found G. G. Soni, transmitting commercial messages on a private radio transmitter. The transmitter was taken possession of and Soni was put under arrest. Inquiries are in progress.

Arrested On Assault Charge

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Manager of the Government's milk distributing centre at Kolsa Mohalla in Pydhoni Police Section was assaulted this morning by three persons who were later on arrested by the police. The cause which led to the assault is not known.

Umar Haji, Yusuf and Hussain Taj Mohamed, the alleged assailants were to-day produced in the Mazagaon Police Court and allowed bail pending investigation.

Rural Development Boards To Continue

BOMBAY, Friday.

After carefully considering the recommendation of the Administrative Enquiry Committee that the District Rural Development Boards should be abolished and that their functions transfered to the District Local Boards, the Government of Bombay has come to the conclusion that it is not desirable to do so. It has, therefore, directed that these Boards should be retained but that care should be taken to see that there is no overlapping between their work and activities and those of District Local Boards.

BARODA ENGINEERING COLLEGE

N. V. Gadgil To Lay Foundation

BARODA, July 15 (PTI)—Dr. N. V. Gadgil, India's Minister for Works, Mines and Power, will lay the foundation stone of the Baroda Engineering College here tomorrow. The college will be affiliated to the University of Bombay.

Dr. Gadgil is expected to arrive here by air from Ahmedabad tomorrow morning.

EVACUEE PROPERTY LEFT IN SIND

NEW DELHI, July 15 (PTI).—Displaced persons from Sind and Karachi areas of Pakistan should await an announcement regarding the appointment of Deputy Custodians in those areas before submitting enquiries regarding the property left behind, says a press note issued by the Ministry of Rehabilitation today.

Under the Karachi agreement, enquiries in respect of movable and immovable property left by non-Muslims in West Pakistan are to be addressed on prescribed forms to the Deputy Custodian of Evacuee Property of the District where property is situated.

The Pakistan Government, the press note says, have not yet been able to appoint Deputy Custodians of Evacuee Property in Karachi and Sind.

SUB-SOIL WATER IN DELHI'S RIDGE AREA

Important Discovery From Geological Point Of View

NEW DELHI, July 14 (PTI)—Sub-soil water has been struck in Delhi's ridge area, near Chatarpur village, about ten miles from here by the Central Ground Water Organisation of the Ministry of Agriculture, it is learnt.

Considered an important discovery from the geological oint of view, the finding of water in rocky ridge area, believed to be much older than the Himalayas, it is said, will prove useful to the refugees who have settled in village Chatarpur.

The village had a mixed population before August fifteen 1947 but immediately afterwards following the disturbances the Muslims left, and their land measuring about 400 acres was declared as 'evacuee land'.

Twenty refugee families from Sind have been settled there each having been allotted twenty acres of land. Agricultural development has been undertaken on a co-operative basis. Till now the general irrigation was done through surface percolation wells which dried up after a few hours of work. One well was found to irrigate only about three acres.

It is pointed out that tapping this new sources of water by boring tube wells, will greatly increase the water supply. The experimental tube well bored by on the high tableland near the village by the Central Ground Water Organisation is pumping water at the rate of 10,000 gallons per hour, which is considered enough to irrigate 100 acres of land. Boring of a second tubewell is now in progress there and it is hoped that sufficient sub-soil water will be found for the africultural need of the colony.

WHAT'S WHERE in Bombay

RIVOLI, ROXY, PARADISE:
"Shabnam" starring Dilip Kumar, Kanini Kaushal, Jeevan, Paro and Cuckoo.

MAJESTIC:
"Bhakta Pundlik" starring Sushilkumar, Premlata, Sofia.

EXCELSIOR, CENTRAL, LIDO, SWASTIC (MALAD), BHARAT CHITRA MANDIR (KURLA), ALLWYN (KALYAN):
"Swayam Siddha" starring Shanta Apte, Molina, Sama Roy, Bipin Gupta, Amarnath and Hiralal.

KRISHNA, KISMET, RADHESYAM:
"Sajan ka Ghar" starring Ranjana, Jairaj, Kusum Deshpande.

NOVELTY:
"Chittor Vijaya" starring Surendra, Raj Kapur, Wasti and Madhubala.

KAMAL.
"Raees" starring Shanta Kunwar, Jawahar Kaul.

CHITRA
"Aag" starring Nargis, Raj Kapoor, and Kamini Kaushal.

LIBERTY:
"Andaz" starring Nargis, Dilip Kumar, Cuckoo, V. H. Desai and Raj Kapur.

MINERVA:
"Chotta Bhai" starring Molina, Shakur and Palmanendra.

SUPER AND BROADWAY:
"Anokha Pyar" starring Nargis, Dilip Kumar, Nalini Jaiwant.

KOHINOOR:
"Meeth Bhakar" starring Vithal Chandrakant, Sulochana Powar, Anjani Jaishankar, Bakre and Saroj.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE, CITY LIGHT:
"Chandralekha" starring T. R. Rajkumari, M. K. Radha, Ranjan Sundari Bai, and Yashodra Katju.

IMPERIAL:
"Bari Behen" starring Suraiya, Rehman, Ulhas, Pran and Geeta Bali.

JAI HIND:
"Satyavan-Savitri" starring Nirupa Roy, Uwakant and Bhim.

NEW WEST END:
"Apna Desh" starring Pushpa Hans, Umesh Sharma, Manmohan, K. Date and Shudha Apte.

PLAZA, PRAGHAT:
"Sakharpuda" starring Damusnna, Sumatee and Pendharkar.

In the Presence of FILM-STARS
TOMORROW MORNING
Golden Opportunity for ORATORS!
ELOCUTION-COMPETITION
(PUBLIC DEBATE)
Under the auspices of the VANITA Samaj of Dadar
TOMORROW Morning at 8-30
Subject:
'SAKHARPUDA' Film
Now in 3RD MONTH at
PLAZA, Dadar,
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Sat., Sun. 12-30 Matinee
PLACE: Vanita Samaj, Shivaji Park, Cadell Rd.
PRIZES: In all Rs. 200 in ten CASH-Prizes
JUDGES:
(1) Director P. K. ATRE (President)
(2) Film-star LEELA CHITNIS
(3) Shreemati PIROJ ANANDKAR (Principal 'Saraswati')
(4) Prof. G. N. JOSHI (H.M.V.)
(5) Shrimati SUSHILA JADHAV (Editor 'Mandir')
(6) Shri VASANT MARATHE and ? ? ? ? ? ?
NOTE—1. Entrance-fee for competitors As. 4 only.
2. Admission-fee attendance As. 2 only.
3. Candidates to register their names before 6 p.m. today at the Plaza or Vanita Samaj, Dadar.
4. Well-known film-stars to attend the function.
'Meera' Chitra & 'Pratibha' Release.

2ND GRAND WEEK
MURARI Pictures' Hit
CHITTOR VIJAYA
NOVELTY
3-30, 6-30, 9-30

3RD BIG WEEK
AT
BROADWAY
FILMISTAN'S
Actress
REHANA, PREM ADIB, MEERA
ENTERTAINMENT WITH
MUSIC, DANCE & MERIMENT
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Sat, Sun. Hol. 12-45

8th Big Week!
Unparalleled For Hits
Emotional Impact!!
CHHOTA-BHAI
(A New Theatres' Epic!)
2-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Sun. & Holi. 12-30 **MINERVA**
(Adv. Bkgs. 10 to 12)

7th WEEK!
HIND-MATA
PAREL
Daily 3, 6-15, and 9-30 P.M.
Matinee: Sat. Sun. 12 P.M.
AINA PICTURE
GRAHASTI
Kuldip, Yakoob, Sulochana Chatterji.
Sunday Morn. 10 a.m.
WOLF DOG

"The Northern Lights of Bombay"
AURORA
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 P.M.
A whole new world of drama, love, violence and spectacle to Thrill You!
"CAPTAIN FROM CASTILE"
In TECHNICOLOR
Starring:
TYRONE POWER, JEAN PETERS, CESAR ROMERO
Tomorrow Morning at 10-30 A.M.
"RAIDERS OF GHOST CITY"

PALACE Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.
DANNY KAYE
In the Funniest, Maddest, Merriest Role of his madcap career...
in
"A SONG IS BORN"
COLOR BY TECHNICOLOR!
TOMORROW MORNING AT 10-30 A.M.
"Nicholas Nickleby"

RANJIT'S
Pardesi Mehaman
5th WEEK at
SWASTIK
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
Sun. Matinee 12-30

NEPTUNE
Opp. Bandra Station Phone: 89419
Daily: 3-45, 6-45 and 9-30 P.M.
Matinee: Sunday 1 p.m.
Now Showing! Famous Pictures'
PYAR-KI-JEET
Suraiya, Rehman, Gope

LOVE'S PUZZLE!
Watch RANJANA, JAIRAJ, KUSUM & VASANT THENGDI SOLVE IT IN NAVYUG'S MUSICAL HIT
Sajan Ka Ghar
Directed by SHORRY DAULTALVI
5th Week
KRISHNA Daily 3-30, 6-30 9-30, Sun. 1 P.M.
KISMET RADHESHYAM
A 'JAYANT' Release

ON RETURN FROM TRIUMPHANT TOUR OF HYDERABAD & SOUTH
PRITHVI THEATRE
Present
AT
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
PATHAN
On Sunday 17th July 10 A.M.
AT
BHANGWADI Theatre
(KALBADEVI)
GHADDAAR
On Sunday 17th at 3-30 P.M.
SHAKUNTALA
On Tuesday 19th at 8-30 P.M.

From TODAY
Vishnu Cinetones Mythological Mighty Hit
Directed by DHIRU BHAI DESAI
Dialogue H. GIRISH
From TODAY at
The RETURN of the PRODIGAL SON That shows the Way of ALL FLESH!
BHAKTA PUNDLIK
Sushil Kumar, Rani Premlata Pande, Saguna, Rambha, Kamlesh, Chunilal, Sofia.
MAJESTIC
3-30, 6-30, 9-30 Sun. 12-30
Ad. Booking: in full swing.

From SAT.
Now the BRAVE and SAGACIOUS MOTHER of SHIVAJI the Great steered clear of all steered clear of all FOUNDATIONS of the MARATHA EMPIRE
PRABHAKER PICTURES GREAT Historical Epic
Shilanganache Sone
SHANTA APTE (Courtesy S. A. Concerns) HANSA WADKER
Sulochana, Master Vithal, Anjani and BABURAO PENDHARKER
Director-Producer BHAL G. PENDHARKER
A Manecklal Chunilal & Sons Ltd. Release
FROM SAT. 23rd
SWASTIK
(Advance Booking from Mon. 18th Daily: 10 to 12 and 3 to 6)

MISTRY TO MEET DYER IN SINGLES FINAL

Mrs. Nasikwala Heading For Triple Crown, Retains Two Titles

BOMBAY, Friday.

A VERY rowdy crowd interfered with the smooth running of the evening's programme at the Byculla Y.M.C.A., when the finals of both the women's singles and the doubles and also the semi-finals of the men's singles were down for decision. Repeated requests from both the Umpire and the Referee failed to have any effect, and the small crowd consisting mostly of young students continued to interrupt the rallies by shouting, thereby destroying the concentration of the players that were playing. The worst sufferer of this sort of irresponsible behaviour on the part of the spectators was unfortunately Somaya. Unfortunate, because the spectators thought they were giving him a hand by cheering his gallant play against Dyer, but in fact it had the reverse effect on him, and he lost two vital points at eighteen all in the third game, and the game with it.

Mrs. Gool Nasikwala once again proved that she is head and shoulders above the rest of the women players of this game in Bombay. She won both the singles and the doubles with comparative ease. Not even the giant-killer Miss Suhasini Dharap failed to make any impression on her. Miss Dharap, who had victories over two of India's leading players Mrs. Banoo Cama and Miss Mabel Brodie, the former an ex-national champion and the later the reigning national champion, could do nothing against the rock-like defence of Mrs. Gool Nasikwala. A much improved player, Miss Dharap lacked the punch in her strokes to break through her opponent's impregnable defence. Mrs. Gool Nasikwala won in three straight games to retain her title.

In partnership with Miss Mabel Brodie later, Mrs. Nasikwala won her second title of the tournament when she defeated Miss Dharap and Miss Walawalkar in the final of the women's doubles. Credit for her getting the second title goes mainly to her partner Mabel Brodie, who was playing her best in this event, a game which was in direct contrast to the one she dished out yesterday in the semi-final against Miss Dharap. Today game of Mabel's was full of confidence and her play was most commendable, and it would not be in any way running down Mrs. Gool Nasikwala if it were mentioned that Mabel carried the responsibilities solely on her shoulders, and won against opponents who tried their level best to pin down both the champions down to their backhand, and to a degree even succeeded.

This victory gives Mrs. Gool Nasikwala a fighting chance to bag the triple crown. She plays, in partnership with D. H. Kapadia, the mixed doubles final tomorrow against Ossie Dyer and Mabel Brodie.

The men's singles semi-finals provided keen table tennis, and although in the first one Ossie Dyer, seeded number one, seemed to be toying with his opponent D. Somaya in the earlier part of the match, it was nevertheless a very interesting game. Dyer completely outclassed Somaya in the first two games, and although the scores 21-19 and 20,22 indicate a very close affair, there was at no stage of the game any doubt as to overwhelming superiority of the top-seeded player. Dyer threw away many points after establishing leads of five to six points, and then make gifts of as many points by his careless play.

Dyer's game this evening was most polished and with a grace of a master, he hit with his forehand as well as his backhand strokes that brought about rounds of applause from the spectators for the beauty of their style which left nothing to be desired. Dyer won the first game, but threw away the next one by carelessness. After leading all the way by nearly five points till close home, Dyer suddenly failed to take advantage of this, and gradually Somaya got the upper hand in the rallies, and attacking systematically made capital of the laxity on the part of Dyer, and won the game by the narrowest of margins over the extra points. This success egged Somaya on to better things, and in the third game he recovered a part of his confidence, and started hitting both with his topspin forehands and backhands. The two ran almost level all through the game, and never was there a difference of more than two points in this game between their scores. Down 16-18, Somaya made good recovery by hitting spectacular strokes, one a forehand smash and the other a brilliant backhand drive and had the crowd roaring with admiration, to level the scores at eighteen. At this stage the crowd refused to calm down and continued to interrupt the rallies, with the result that Somaya lost the next three points and the game. In each case the points Somaya lost were most easy, and at the critical stages of the stroke his concentration was disturbed by the shouting and clappings which caused him to waver for a brief second to ultimately make tame returns two of them going out and the other one in the net.

Dyer tightened up his game in the fourth game, and learning a lesson from the previous one, he never let his opponent out of his reach, and although at one stage Somaya gave another brilliant display of consistent hitting to lead 17-13, Dyer found little difficult in overtaking him to ultimately win the game at 21-18, and with it the match and the right to contest tomorrow's final.

In the second semi-final later in the evening, N. B. Mistry proved himself to be much too steady for V. M. Nadkarni, and inspite of all the strokeplay by the latter, Mistry never seemed like being ruffled by this attack. The first game was a very close affair, and Nadkarni managed to keep abreast of the University champion, but that was as far as he went, for Mistry not only got the game, but also the next two to win the match in three straight games. Mistry now meets Dyer in the final tomorrow.

The following were the results of the matches played today:—

MEN'S SINGLES

(Holder: U. M. Chandarana, not defending)

Semi-finals: O. Dyer beat D. Somaya, 21-19, 20-22, 21-18, 21-18; N. B. Mistry beat V. M. Nadkarni, 22-20, 21-15, 21-15.

WOMEN'S SINGLES

(Holder: Mrs. G. Nasikwala)

Final: Mrs. Gool Nasikwala beat Miss Suhasini Dharap, 21-11, 21-13, 21-12.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES

(Holders: Mrs. G. Nasikwala and Miss E. Becarre, not defending)

Final: Mrs. Gool Nasikwala and Miss Mabel Brodie beat Miss Jaya Walawalkar and Miss Suhasini Dharap, 21-18, 21-9, 16-21, 21-11.

Brookes's Fine Knock

MISSES CENTURY IN DRAWN GAME

NORTHAMPTON, July 15 (PTI): Resuming their second innings today in dull weather and on a damp wicket the New Zealanders, with a first innings lead of 118 runs, lost one wicket for the addition of 12 runs to their overnight total of eight. Sutcliffe had collected only four runs before he was bowled by Nutter.

Scott and Reid played with a good deal of restraint to improve the New Zealanders position. They forced bowling changes and added 42 before Scott was caught at short fine leg at 62.

Wallace adopted all aggressive policy scoring the first boundary of the morning to leg off Broderick and followed by hitting garlick to the on for four and six. Reid took a six off Broderick and 30 runs were added in ten minutes before Wallace was bowled. Reid reached his 50--after one and a half hours. He was taken at the wicket at 164 and his attractive innings included two sixes and seven fours.

At lunch the tourists were 312 runs ahead.

The New Zealanders declared their second innings at the lunch total of 194 for four wickets.

Northamptonshire were set 313 for victory in 200 minutes.

This heavy task on a wicket from which the ball always wanted watching was not attempted by the county. The first wicket fell with only five runs on the board, but from then on, although wickets fell fairly regularly, they gave trouble in the matter of time, as the cricket was purely of the solid defensive order. Five wickets were standing when the normal close of time came and the extra half hour was taken.

Brookes had batted quietly for the best part of the innings but towards the latter stages hit with greater freedom. His 97 included 15 fours.

When the match ended Northamptonshire were 131 behind with two wickets standing.

The Scores:

NEW ZEALAND (First Innings) for 7 wickets declared 458

NORTHAMPTONSHIRE (First inning) 338

NEW ZEALAND (Second Innings)

Sutcliffe b Nutter 4; Scott c Oldfield b Garick 44; J. Reid c Constable b Garlick 72; Wallace b Garlick 20; Donnelly not out 48, Mooney not out 5, Extras 1, Total (for 4 wickets) 194.

Fall of wickets 1'20; 2,62; 3:92 and 4|164.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

Nutter 11|7|12|1, Clarke 10|0|51|0, Garlick 17'3'51|3, Broderick 8|0|58|0, Barrick 4 0 21'0

NORTHAMPTONSHIRE (Second Innings)

Brookes Sutcliffe 97, Oldfield b Hayes 2, Barron c Sutcliffe b Burke 11, Bennett b Sutcliffe 21, Barrick c Mooney b Reid 11, Skinner c Wallace b Sutcliffe 2, Broderick c Sutcliffe b Burtt 16, Nutter c Burtt b Sutcliffe 1., Garlick not out 6, Clarke not out 6, Extras 9, Total (for 8 wickets) 182.

Fall of Wickets 1'5, 2 30, 3|69, 4|96, 5,121, 6 168 7|169 and 8|170.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

Hayes 8'1 16'1, Cave 5|1|11|0, Burtt 29 13'53 1, Burke 10|4,20|1, Sutcliffe 17 4'67|4, Reid 2,0'6|1.

Worcester Still In The Lead

COUNTY CRICKET CHAMPIONSHIP

LONDON, July 15, (PTI-Reuter):—Rain robbed Worcestershire of the chance to consolidate their position at the top of the county cricket championship table today, but first innings points increased their lead over Middlesex to eight points. Worcestershire now have 112 points from 15 games in the same number played by Middlesex. Yorkshire, who had a narrow escape against Essex, remain in third place with 100 points from 15 games while Glamorgan move into fourth place with 88 points from 16 games. Essex took over the fifth berth with 84 points from 16 games with Warwickshire following with the same number of points from 14 games. Leicestershire remain at the bottom of the table with 20 points from 13 games, 18 points behind Hampshire who have played the same number of games.

After playing themselves into a strong position against Nottinghamshire on the tricky Stourbridge pitch, rain storms prevented Worcestershire from forcing a win. Several efforts were made to dry the pitch between the storms but the match was abandoned without a ball being bowled today. Surrey outplayed Somerset at the Oval, when the home county declared for the second time, with an aggregate of 668 runs for 5 wickets in the two innings. Somehset collapsed badly. Seven wickets fell for 96 but then Stephenson, the wicket-keeper, and Lawrence put 106 in 63 minutes. Stephenson made 88 including twelve fours in 80 minutes to record the highest in his career.

The following are the results of matches ended today:

At Lords:— Players beat Gentlemen by four wickets. Gentlemen 105 and 267 (Jenkins, 4 for 48.) Players 234 and 139 for 6 (Bailey, 3 for 35).

At Tourbridge: Worcestershire vs. Nottinghamshire match was abandoned and there was no play today due to rain. Worcestershire 340 and 128 for 6 declared (E. Cooper not out 55) Nottinghamshire:— 207.

At Oval:— Surrey beat Somerset by 165 runs. Surrey 501 for 3 declared and 167 for two declared. Somerset 281 and 222 (Stephenson 88).

At Llanelly: Glamorgan Lancashire match was drawn. Glamorgan 217, and 96, (Tattersall, 5 for 18.) Lancashire 181, and 129 for 9 (Grieves 50, Muncer 6 for 54).

At Ashby de la Zuch Liecestershire vs. Sussex match was drawn play being restricted by rain. Sussex 454, Leicestershire 255 for 9 (Cornford, 4 for 27).

At Colchester: Essex vs. Yorkshire match drawn. Yorkshire 273 and 275 for 8 (Lester 87). Essex 473 for 6 declared.

At Portsmouth Hampshire beat combined Services by five wickets. Combined Services 237 and 264.

Parnaby 66. Oakman not out 79: Dean 6 for 73: Hampshire 335 and 168 for 5; (Blake 54. Guard 58.)

DROBNY'S & CERNIK'S DECISION

Will Not Return To Czechoslovakia

PRAGUE, July 15, (PTI-Reuter): Apparently unaware of the statement by tennis players Jaroslav Drobny and Vladimir Cernik that they would not return to Czechoslovakia the Prague newspaper Zemedelske Noviny said today that the two would play exhibition matches in Moravia on July 21.

At the same time, the official Czech News Agency was circulating a speech made yesterday by Information Minister Vaclav Kopecksy saying that the Sokols' decision to recall Drobny and Cernik from the Swiss Championships was proof of the devotion of the Czech people to the cause of anti-Franco Spaniards.

(Drobny and Cernik withdrew from the Swiss International Championships yesterday after Czech diplomatic officials had protested against their playing with Germans and a Spaniard).

Today the Czech people had not been informed by any of the official information services that their two star Davis Cup players had decided not to return.

Sunday's Races At Kirkee

HANDICAPS FOR FIFTH DAY

POONA, July 14 (PTI)

Following are the handicaps of the Kirkee Gymkhana Races, Fifth Day to be held on Sunday, 17th July:—

THE ENNORE STAKES—Distance 5 furlongs.

King Kalyan 8-7, Loyal Prince 8-7, Parker Prince 8-7, Furat 8-7, Pessu Pasha 8-7, Marhaba 87, Tawaqul 8-7, Leader 8-7, Tavon 8-4, Warrior Princess 8-4, Chiffon 8-4, No No Nanette 8-4, Flora 8-4, Pine Flower 8-4, Tabassum 8-4, Cool and Collected 8-4.

THE ELLORE STAKES. Division I—Distance 3 1/2 furlongs.

Suraj 10 0 (minus 120 yards), Andae 10 0 (minus 100 yards), Excellent 10.0 (minus 100 yards), Sultana 9.0 (minus 90 yards), Lemon 10.10 (minus 90 yards), Failte 8.7 (minus 50 yards), Juju 10.0 (minus 90 yards), Blue Diamond 10.10 (minus 80 yards), Chandrika 10.4 (minus 80 yards), Red Star 9 8 (minus 70 yards), Her Highness 12.0 (minus 60 yards), Jeremy 10.4 (minus 60 yards), Barbara 9.10 (minus 60 yards), The Pie 11.4 (minus 60 yards), Usha 11.4 (minus 40 yards), Sonia 12.0 (minus 30 yards), Fuoc 10.10 (minus 20 yards), Aresollus 11.0 (minus 10 yards).

THE ELLA STAKES. Division I—Distance 3 1/2 furlongs.

Andaz (minus 180 yards), Sultana (minus 170 yards), Rajaram (minus 120 yards), Bijli (minus 110 yards), Neelam (minus 110 yards), Poona City (minus 100 yards), Leo (minus 100 yards), Aftab (minus 100 yards), Poona Begum (minus 100 yards), Kasba King (minus 98 yards), Jai Hind II (minus 80 yards), Sambaji (minus 70 yards), Sita Devy (minus 60 yards), Advance (minus 50 yards), Pushparaj II (minus 50 yards), Kamal Kumari (minus 58 yards), Moonlight (minus 50 yards), Mahratta King (minus 40 yards), Gulab (minus 40 yards), Allawali (minus 40 yards), Bharat (minus 40 yards), Sikander (minus 30 yards), Masoor (minus 30 yards), Jandeshwar (minus 30 yards), Indian Jack (minus 20 yards).

THE ELLORE STAKES. Division II.—Distance 3 1/2 furlongs.

Wilbod 9.0 (minus 140 yards), Shanta 8.0 (minus 120 yards), Luckyman 9.7 (minus 100 yards), Sadiq Pasha 10.0 (minus 90 yards), Shrewsbury 10.4 (minus 70 yards), Karan 10.0 minus 70 yards), Naomi 10.4 (minus 50 yards), The Sapper 10 10 (minus 50 yards), Kutub Minar 9 0 (minus 40 yards), Ram Piyari 9.7 (minus 30 yards), Zarina 12.0 (minus 20 yards), Ginger 10.10 (minus 20 yards), Insaf 10.4 (minus 20 yards), Ramdhir 8.7 (scr.), Iqubal 10.6 (scr.), Pear. 7.0 (plus 10 yards), Bright Star 8.12 (plus 10 yards), Khandu 8.8 (plus 40 yards).

THE ELLA STAKES. Division II.—Distance 3 1/2 furlongs.

Sadiq Pasha (minus 130 yards), Shivaji (minus 100 yards), Quresh (minus 60 yards), Kummer (minus 60 yards), Hikmat Pasha (minus 50 yards), Night Queen (minus 50 yards), Mahratta Warrior (minus 30 yards), Jai Shanker (minus 30 yards), Sagar (minus 30 yards), Sadanand (minus 20 yards), Ram (minus 20 yards), Lakhpati (minus 10 yards), Dildar (minus 10 yards), Sudershan (minus 10 yards), Jagirdar (scr.), Byculla Two (scr.), Taramati (scr.), Moti (plus 10 yards), Nath (plus 10 yards). Raja (plus 10 yards), Jungle King (plus 20 yards), Meena (plus 20 yards), Jai Bharjrang (plus 20 yards), Meena (plus 20 yards), Jai Bharjrang (plus 20 yards), Chandra Mohan (plus 30 yards).

THE ELENABAD STAKES.—Distance 3 1/2 furlongs.

Bright Star 9.0 (minus 150 yards), Toffee 7.4 (minus 110 yards), Lashkar King 7.12 (minus 100 yards), Snowball 7.5 (minus 100 yards), Crippin 7.7 (minus 90 yards), Bela 6.8 (minus 80 yards), Mavourneen 7.0 (minus 70 yards), White Rose 6.0 (minus 60 yards), Manna 6.8 (minus 50 yards), Sharda 7.7 (minus 40 yards), Raj 8.0 (minus 40 yards), Deccan Queen 7.8 (minus 40 yards), Ratilal 8.0 (minus 40 yards), Kutub Tara 8.4 (minus 30 yards), Lakshmi 8.7 (minus 20 yards).

THE EKMA STAKES—Distance 6 furlongs.

Luminary 9-10, Untamed Prince 9-10, Who's That 9-9, Parwin 9-2, Gujari 9-7, Bentex 8-11, Excellent 8-9, Khyber 8-7, Fair Rose 8-5, Plus Four 8-2, Ram Piyari 7-8.

THE KIRKEE GYMKHANA CUP.—Distance 9 furlongs.

Cougar 10.0 (minus 300 yards), Yawar 10.0 (minus 250 yards), Parwin 8.0 (minus 180 yards), Vijay 12.0 (minus 150 yards), Shanta 8.0 (minus 140 yards), Juju 10.0 (minus 120 yards), Failte 8.7 (minus 120 yards), Lemon 10.0 (minus 100 yards), East Wind 10.10 (minus 100 yards) Blue Diamond 10.10 (minus 100 yards), Karan 10.0 (minus 90 yards), Ekno 11.4 (minus 80 yards), Jeremy 10.4 (minus 80 yards), Barbara 9.0 (minus 80 yards), The Pie 11.4 (minus 70 yards) Sonia 10.4 (minus 60 yards), The Sapper 10.10 (minus 30 yards), Insaf 10.4 (minus 10 yards), Fuoc 9.0 (scr.).

No Extension For Last Two Tests

LONDON, July 14, (PTI-Reuter): The M.C.C. announced today that the remaining two test matches against the New Zealand cricketers at Manchester and the Oval, London, will not be extended beyond three days.

K. L. M. AIR CRASH NEWSREEL PREVIEW

A preview of the special newsreel on the KLM aircraft's crash near Bombay airport will be screened for the city journalists by the Film Division of the Information and Broadcasting Ministry. The preview has been arranged today (Saturday) at 4 p.m. at No. 1 Theatre of the Famous Cine Laboratories near Mahalaxmi Railway Station. Two of the latest newsreels produced by the Films Division will also be screened.

Rashid's XI's Narrow Win In Harwood League

BOMBAY GYMKHANA STILL AT THE BOTTOM OF THE TABLE

BOMBAY, Friday:

Rashid Sports just scraped home winners by the odd goal in three in this evening's First Division Harwood League match second round against Bombay Gymkhana, the bottommost team in the league so far.

The Bombay Gym. have themselves to blame, particularly their forwards for the way in which they treated some very open scoring chances and Joseph the opponents custodian saved exceptionally well playing on this ground for the first time. Rashid's held sway only in the initial half and very rarely troubled the Gymkhana goalie in the second period.

In the closing stages of the game Hussain of Rashid's was injured and left the field, but he was quite well before the end of time.

Rashid S. C. gamed their first goal through Ledlie their centre forward off a fine short pass from inside right Dass in the fifteenth minute of play. And following on this Murthy receiving a forward pass ran down the left flank to put in his sides second goal. Rashid's were definitely on top in the half and crossed over with a two goals to nil advantage.

In the second moiety the Gymkhana were exerting full force and Rashid's were finding it difficult to break away. In fact, their defence was roughing it out and twice Rashid's goal had narrow escapes. First Bush sent in a fine centre from near the corner flag and the ball almost entered the goal, but I think it was helped by the wind. Then, Mullock, the outside left tried a direct kick which missed the farthest end of the post by inches.

The Gymkhana intermediate line was functioning well to send the forwards through and the forwards responded splendidly, but their shooting ability left much to be desired and many fine chances were wasted, but the Gymkhana received their reward when off a penalty corner in tenth minute of the second half Scott was penalized for handling and then McVicar taking the kick made the mistake to give his side the reducer.

The Gymkhana forwards have themselves to blame for not being able to convert the numerous scoring opportunities that came their way and many of them were positively open cries which could have been converted with a little patience.

THE TEAMS:—

RASHID S.C.:— Joseph; Scott, Pauna; Hussain, Ash, Karayan; Mark, Dass, Ledlie, Parsaram, Murthy.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA:— Birthwistle; Hayward, Linfield; Collins, Bouciers; Jeavons, Bush, McVicar, Jone, Smith, Mullock.

LONGCHAMPS RACING

Entries Invited From The World Over

PARIS, July 15 (PTI-Reuter)

The Prix de L'Arc de Triomphe and the Grand Criterium to be run at Longchamps on October 9, will be "international" in character, the Racing Calendar published here to-day said.

The Calendar stated that entries have been invited in the principal European capitals and also in New York, Buenos Aires and Rio de Janeiro.

The Prix race of 38 million francs will be the most valuable in racing history, and 25 millions together with a trophy and a breeders bonus of 2,500,000 francs will go to the winner.

Second will receive 5,000,000 francs and a breeders bonus of 1,025,000 francs.

The entry fee is 150,000 francs for declared runners and 250,000 francs for undeclared runners.

The Grand Criterium for two-year-olds has a 4,000,000-francs prize for the winner, and the whole day's prize money totals 53,000,000 francs.

BRITISH BOXING BOARD'S MEETING

Vital Decision Made

LONDON, July 15 (PTI-Reuter)

Financially interested members—the licence holders who earn their living from the game—have decided in favour of area councils of the British Boxing Board of Control being composed of people drawn from their own ranks and not non-financially interested persons.

The Board of Control called for a poll vote of members in an effort to set aside the resolution at the annual meeting on April 1, when a regulation which gave the board power to appoint area councils of persons not financially interested in boxing was decided.

The result just announced showed 962 in favour of setting aside, and 1,232 against setting aside.

A surprising feature of the poll was the small number of votes cast. Voting cards were sent to 7,364 members of the Board. The number received by the accountants conducting the poll totalled 2,194.

The General Secretary of the Board, Mr. Charles Donmall, has been instructed by the Chairman, Mr. J. O. Fane to call a general joint committee meeting for July 19.

A two-thirds majority was required to set aside the decision of the annual meeting which decided by 35 votes to 32 in favour of barring non-financially interested members after defeating a proposal on behalf of the stewards that council members should have no financial interest in boxing.

At a press conference later Mr. Fane, asked what could happen if the poll went against the wishes of the stewards, replied, "the stewards would probably consider the position untenable."

RELIEF TO SHIPPING PROBLEMS

Formation Of Directorate Welcomed

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Government of India's action in establishing a full-fledged Directorate of Shipping in Bombay has been welcomed in shipping circles in Bombay.

The general trend of opinion in these circles appears to be that most of the shipping problems, especially those relating to the development of Indian shipping, can be more easily tackled now with the help of the Directorate.

In this connection Mr. S. N. Hajl, Honorary Secretary of the Indian National Steamship Owners' Association in an interview referred to the suggestion made by the Association in its representation relating to the question of Dveeloping Indian shipping to the Government of India, and said: "I am glad to note that the Government has acceded to some of our suggestions by establishing the Shipping Directorate and hope that the rest of them will also be accepted soon.

Eclipse Stakes Won By Djeddah

FIRST FRENCH WIN IN 45 YEARS

SANDOWN PARK, LONDON, July 15, (PTI)- Reuter):—To France, for the first time in 45 years, went the valuable Eclipse Stakes, won here today by Marcel Boussac's four-year-old Djeddah. Starting six to four favourite Djeddah, Son of Djebel winner of the English 2,000 guineas in 1940, ridden by Charlie Elliot, scored an easy three length's victory over the 25 to 1 outsider Miss Dorothy Paget's Tennyson with John Dewars Faux Tirage starting at 9 to 4 three-quarters of a length away third of seven runners. The race run over one and a quarter miles was this year worth 8,196 pounds.

After going a quarter of a mile Nizami led Bobo followed by Faux Tirage and Moondust with Djeddah last. At halfway Tennyson led Nizami, Faux Tirage and Bobo and was still in front as they entered the straight with Hindustan and Djeddah beginning to move up. Faux Tirage went to the front three furlongs from the finish while Hindustan, under pressure fell back. A furlong out Djeddah, who was quickly making up ground, drew up to Faux Tirage and mastering the English colt ran on strongly for a comfortable victory. Moondust was fourth, Hindustan fifth Bobo sixth and Nizami last.

Djeddah covered the mile and a quarter in two mniutes eight and fifth seconds, the fastest time for fifteen years.

Today was the first occasion on which the three-year-old Faux Tirage had tasted defeat.

Prior to the meeting there was a strike by stable lads who refused to take the horses into the paddock, when they found they were not going to be admitted free to watch the racing as they had done hitherto owing to a new wirenetting fence.

Many head lads came to the rescue by leading their horses into the parade.

One jockey led his mount in the ring himself.

Sir Kenneth Gibson, the clerk of the course, said that today's system which would be maintained despite the protests was a measure to prevent people in the paddock from entering the stables which hitherto they could do quite easily.

FOOD, SUGAR AND STEEL

Transport Satisfactory

NEW DELHI, July 15.—General satisfaction at the fulfilment of movement programmes of foodgrains, sugar, jute and iron and steel during the fortnight ending July 14 was expressed at the meeting of the Standing Committee of Central Board of Transport held yesterday to consider the transport demands of various industries, Mr. S. Chakravarti, I.C.S., Deputy Secretary, Ministry of Transport, presided.

The Committee was informed that, following the lifting of booking restrictions by the B.B. and C.I. Railway, movement of salt from Sambhar to stations on the O.T. Railway had been considerably stepped up. During the period June 22, 1949, to July 4, 1949, about 457 wagons, equivalent to 8 special trains, of salt were moved from Sambhar.

Speaking of steel transport, Mr. M. D. Sethna, Chief Controller of Railway Priorities, said that good progress had been made in the clearance of steel stocks from Tatas. The stocks at Tatas on July 1, 1949, were 46,432 tons which included the normal floating balance of 35,000 tons.

Sugar transport has also been quite satisfactory. Despite difficult rail transport conditions, Assam has already received its full annual quota of 29,000 tons of sugar.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

Tender No. CXD/A.T.—6 (C. & D.)

Tenders are invited for the purchase and removal of the following surplus canvas and duck

Tenders should be submitted in prescribed forms which can be had from the Office of the Textile Commissioner, Section ADV, Bombay and from the Director General of Disposals, New Delhi and Regional Commissioners (Disposals), Calcutta, Kanpur and Madras at Rs. 5/- per set (non-refundable) by Cash/Money Order. Tender forms contain full particulars of stores, their location and reserve prices, instructions to tenderers, date of receipt and opening of tender, conditions of sale and inspection permit.

MATERIAL	LOCATION AND QUANTITY OF STORES.		
	BOMBAY.	KANPUR	CALCUTTA/DUM DUM.
1. Canvas of various kinds.	6,390 yds.	85,400 yds.	6,915 yds.
2. Duck of various kinds.	14,200 yds.	1,49,500 yds.	4,45,745 yds.

The sale is subject to the general conditions of Contract 'Con 117'. Tenderers are required to pay 10% of the value of the stores as Earnest Money Deposit. The stores are sold on 'as is where is' basis. This office reserves the right to withdraw whole/part of the items of the stores offered for sale. Purchasers will be required to pay 1% of the sale value of the stores as stamping charges.

Export of the material will be recommended, if desired by the purchase.

Tenders should be addressed to the Textile Commissioner, Disposal Branch, Ground Floor, Sudama House, Wittet Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

LAST DATE OF RECEIPT OF TENDERS: 18th August, 1949 4 P.M.
PUBLIC OPENING OF TENDERS: 19th August, 1949 11-30 A.M.

Issued by
THE TEXTILE COMMISSIONER TO GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,
(Disposals) BOMBAY.

A.C.54

In the Day's Sport

TABLE TENNIS

Byculla Y.M.C.A.
5-30 p.m. onwards. Finals of Junior's Singles, Men's Singles, Men's Doubles and Mixed Doubles.
(Byculla YMCA Open Tournament)

BADMINTON

P. J. Hindu Gymkhana
3 p.m. onwards: First and second rounds of the Upper Half.
Bombay Gymkhana
3-30 p.m. onwards: First and second rounds of the Lower Half.
(Open Badminton Doubles Tournament).

FOOTBALL

Cooperage
4-30 p.m. Sub Area vs. Goans (Practice).
5-45 p.m. G I P Rly. vs. Tata's (First Division Harwood League).

The Bombay Chronicle

The only way to remove the great cause of ignorance and error out of the world, is for everyone impartially to examine himself.

—JOHN LOCKE.

THE TURNING OF THE TIDE?

Three features of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's speech at the Calcutta meeting make it an eventful function. In the first place, it was the first time that the forces of orderly progress met the disruptors openly and routed them. Secondly, the Prime Minister presented Indian political developments since Independence in the correct perspective when he called on his audience to consider that the Congress had held the nation together and prevented it from falling to pieces. Thirdly, whilst Pandit Jawaharlal called upon the people to set themselves against violent methods—utterly futile as they were in view of the fact that in eighteen months elections on the basis of adult suffrage would give them all an opportunity to express their views—he declared categorically that the Government would do everything to maintain Law and Order, meeting legitimate grievances and dealing with trouble-makers with determination.

There was as much rowdyism to begin with at Pandit Jawaharlal's meeting as there had been at other Congress meetings. But on this occasion the audience stood firm and gave no ground to the element which had come determined to break it up. The "Modern Review" had commented on the failure of the Congress leadership in Bengal to face up to the "opposition". "In the only public meeting convened during the (South Calcutta) election campaign, none of the front rank Congress leaders appeared, and, when there was a stampede in the meeting, the President, a university professor, according to his own statement, found the dais empty and had to dissolve the meeting." The Prime Minister of India has demonstrated beyond doubt that a firm stand will dissolve and dissipate the forces of rowdyism. It is, of course, essential that the men who convene a public meeting, have something to say to their audiences.

The second point is an important one which has been lost sight of in attention to detail: Pandit Jawaharlal warned the critics and those who heeded them, that, if the Congress was broken, it would be replaced not by one party but by several groups, not one of which was strong enough to assume responsibility for governing the whole country. Nothing could be more illustrative of the utter bankruptcy of the "opposition" parties and their inability to do anything by themselves than the counter-attraction, the meeting of the consolidated Left which failed to draw more than a thousand listeners, as against the million who attended Pandit Jawaharlal's meeting. It was symbolic of the fact that the anti-Congress elements have a nuisance value and no constructive approach. There is no alternative to the Congress but anarchy and, if for that reason alone, it is necessary to bend all efforts towards strengthening the Congress organisation and correcting its defects. The first responsibility for this falls on Congressmen but as the Congress is a popular movement there is also an obligation on the general public which cannot be lost sight of. Whatever one's views, it is essential that public controversies should be conducted in an orderly, peaceful manner, the interest of everyone being in an assertion of lawful methods. Those who take to violence and force should be countered by an active, energetic public opinion. Moreover, the fact that the Government is determined to maintain order and attend to legitimate discontent—the assurance that was given by Pandit Jawaharlal—is an incentive to public assertion of the elementary right of freedom of expression and association. If, despite the efforts of the Government to meet dissatisfaction, there are still points of difference between any section of the public and the Government, the remedy is not hooliganism and obstructive tactics but the formation of an organised political party and the formulation of a definite programme.

The Calcutta meeting which was the culmination of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's Calcutta visit, has placed the issue clearly before the people of Bengal. The Prime Minister remarked that he was not there to "clear things up" but to see things for himself and get some idea of conditions which had estranged the people from the Congress there. This is a characteristic understatement. At any rate, his speech at the meeting suggested that he was doing his best to enable the local Government to straighten things out. And it is in this light that his expression of confidence in the capacity of local leaders to manage the affairs of the province is to be taken. There is enough in what he said to show that any inference of his being satisfied with what he saw and heard is completely unjustified. It would be correct to say that the Bengal Government is "under observation"; and the Central Government, which is friendly to it, has offered all the assistance it is capable of to help the Provincial Government to stand on its own legs. The existing conditions cannot be allowed to continue any longer.

A masterly blow was struck at Indian Communists whom Pandit Jawaharlal denounced as traditionally anti-national, completely unconcerned with the ideology of Communism, anarchic in methods and wholly indifferent to the interests of the people. Speaking as one who had a certain familiarity with Marxist literature, the Prime Minister observed that he found no warrant in Communist doctrines for the sort of action indulged in by Communists in Calcutta. It was the bitterest and most scathing indictment of the party uttered by a national leader in this country and Pandit Jawaharlal left no room for doubt as to his attitude towards Indian Communists. But there is nothing unique in the strategy of Indian Communism; though Palme Dutt, the Communist veteran, has in an interview in London denounced anarchist, terrorist and putschist tactics as un-Marxian, it is a notorious fact that Communist parties all over the world resort to strikes, disturbances and disorders to advance their strength, regardless of the interests of those who are precipitated into crises by these means. Pandit Jawaharlal's assertion that the resort to violence would mean the extinction of the party, was spoken more as a statement of fact than as a warning or threat. But it will not be possible to let the Communist Party experiment with people without check or hindrance. An attempt to force a decision in its favour by force and coercive methods will only bring the Communists in open conflict with a Government determined to put down anarchy. So far the Communist agitator has thriven on the tolerance of the authorities—or inaction. The Prime Minister's firm stand is in the nature of a public declaration of Government's attitude in future. Whether it checks the Communists or moves them to fresh excesses, it drives a deep dividing line between national programmes and the policy of disorderly agitation adopted by the Communists of India.

Agrarian Anachronisms

Zamindari is doomed in India in every shape or form. The latest assault on it is the Bombay Government's Bill to abolish the Talukdari and Khoti tenures in the province. The Talukdars and Khots, who enjoyed some political power in addition to large tracts of land which they never cultivated themselves, invariably misused that power in exploiting tenants. The Bombay Tenancy and Agricultural Lands Act of 1948 checked that exploitation. The present Bill seeks to settle the relations of the Talukdars and Khots with Government by abolishing these special tenures altogether. When the Bill becomes law, there will be a fairly uniform tenure under which the cultivators will be either owners of the land cultivated or will be privileged tenants paying not more than a third of the produce to the landlord. While this system will be a notable improvement on the old state of things, it will still be imperfect. Parasitical landlordism will still remain, unless Government maintains only a system of peasant proprietors by compelling landlords either to cultivate their lands themselves or convey them to cultivators on receipt of fair compensation. Under the present system extensive lands are under a dual management which has all the defects of a double Government with undefined dual responsibility. Many landlords do nothing to improve their lands because they are dissatisfied with the provisions or the working of the Tenancy Act. They expect everything to be done by the tenants who get two-thirds of the produce under the Act. But many of the tenants do not possess the necessary capital to improve the lands. The dual system must be speedily ended.

Tete-à-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENTS:

CHICHESTER (England), July 14: The struggle between religion and Communism became a major issue today at the conference here of the World Council of Churches.

Dr. Joseph Kromadka, the only Czech delegate told the group last night that the Roman Catholic-Communist contest "is not our struggle. Protestants are not involved."—U.P.A.

* * *

Discussing at his public meeting violence, resort to lawlessness etc., the Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, asked the people to pause for a moment and consider the conditions in Calcutta at present.

Those who most ought to consider the conditions in Calcutta feel they would be lost if they paused even for a moment.

* * *

In yet another statement made in London, Babu Sarat Chandra Bose, has announced for the benefit of all that the Congress Party's excuse that its defeat in South Calcutta was due to infidelities in the Congress ranks was "taking a most superficial view of the situation."

Does he mean to suggest that the deeper view of the situation would reveal the defeat to have been due to the infidelity of the once prominent Congressman, Sarat Babu?

* * *

Mr. Bhopatkar President of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, has called upon the Congress to forge a "common national front with a common national programme to save India from the impending danger of Communism."

And, of course, the common national programme should be based on the Hindu Mahasabha postulates.

* * *

Welcoming the "compromise honourable to both Government and the R. S. S., Mr Bhopatkar hopes the R. S. S. would take up its cultural work with redoubled energy and would prove a powerful force in the consolidation of Hindu society.

Exactly, exactly. We get his point as also the point of his keenness.

* * *

Observing that men like him should, normally, be enjoying a pension now, Pandit Nehru emphasised, however, that the question was who should take the responsibility after them.

Why, we can name dozens, in fact, all the critics, each of whom is personally and individually only too willing and eager as a more efficient and worthy successor to take up the responsibility of governing India.

* * *

According to the U. S. State Department, Mr. W. M. Olive, the American Consul at Shanghai, was beaten up and kept on a diet of bread and water for three days by Communists and that he has been under medical care since his release.

According to the Chinese Communist Radio, Mr. Olive tried to drive through a communist parade, fought with policemen and was jailed for three days, adding finally that officials had "dealt leniently" with him.

And we leave it at that.

* * *

An American paper points out that the formation of a united front against Communism by Nationalist China, the Philippines and Korea might prove to be an event of major consequence.

All that need be done is to wait for the nature of the consequence to emerge.

CITY CORPORATION: WEEK BY WEEK

By "Citizen"

THE COLD WAR going on between the Municipal authorities and the sweepers on strike, has lasted another week without any sign of abatement. No fresh developments are reported this week and yet the city may get an agreeable surprise this week-end or early next week, that the protracted struggle has come to an end. There has been some activity behind the scenes and in very high quarters, the result of which might be evident soon.

The scheme for Greater Bombay is going to be implemented from the 1st of April, 1950. It will begin with the merger of the present Suburban area, which will mean abolition of the local authorities in that area, postponement of the Bandra Municipal elections and ultimately a new set-up of the Bombay Corporation. The financial implications of the scheme are the most important and will be of interest for both the present Bombay man and his would be fellow citizen the suburbanite. The latter will have to pay more to enjoy, not all the amenities that the Bombay man already has but to come to a tolerably satisfactory level, and the former will have to spend more to bring his new fellow citizen to that level.

OPPORTUNITIES LOST

The strike of Municipal sweepers has today entered the tenth week and there is no sign of any abatement in the war of nerves that has been going on between the parties. A fortnight ago I hopefully predicted that within a week the tussle would come to an end, but when the expected did not happen, last week I explained at length the reasons for it. I pointed out how a number of opportunities which offered themselves in quick succession and which would have helped to resolve the deadlock were lost by those who should have seized them. I will not hazard another guess with any time limit but I am in a position to state that the city should not be surprised if this week-end or early next week the protracted struggle ended

NEW MOVES

There has been no report of any fresh development on the strike front this week and yet I feel that the end is within sight, because there has been some activity behind the scenes which seems to have escaped the attention of the press which has been busy covering more exciting events.

Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, the Law Member of the Government of India, who is stil in the city, it is said, has written to the premier Mr. B. G. Kher a letter in which he has detailed his views on the subject. I also understand that the doctor sees no need of referring the matter to adjudication as he feels that if the parties sit together it should not be difficult to rasolve their differences. Both Dr. Ambedkar and Mr. Kher are scheduled to leave the city in the next few days and if any settlement is to be arrived at because of this move on the part of the doctor it must come about before both of them leave for Delhi. If however nothing happens by then the city will surely have a statement on the subject by Dr. Ambedkar. In the meantime the decision of the Chief Presidency Magistrate on the legality of the strike is expected by this evening and although the decision one way or the other is likely to be contested by the party which may not agree with the view that the court may take, it is certain to influence the future course of the strike.

NOTICES POSTPONED

The Municipal authorities who made such a show of their strength by announcing that they were going to sack the whole lot of strikers have once again shewn signs of weakness. The deadline for the service of notice having passed a week ago they started the serving of these notices on individual strikers, but before the plan made any headway the Municipal Commissioner announced that they have postponed the service of notices and they would "prefer to wait and see."

Why this change in the attitude of the Municipal Executive who has all along made such a show of his strength? Is it that some thing is expected out of the behind the scene negotiations to which I have referred above or has some doubt been raised about te legality of these notices? Any way they have stayed their hand and looking to the disastrous results of their earlier hasty actions it is good that they are exercising patience on this occasion.

DISCIPLINED STRIKE

It must be said to the credit of the strikers that however ill-advised their action may be, the discipline and determination they have shewn in holding on is remarkable. Full nine weeks have passed, they have not received two months wages which when properly calculated would amount to at least a million and half if not more, hundreds of them have been arrested and jailed and more than once they have been threatened with dire consequences in the shape of loss of service, loss of Municipal contribution to their provident fund and in these days of housing shortage even ejectment from the houses they occupy, and yet not one of them has returned to duty. Again their struggle has been fairly peaceful. That a body of 8,000 men and women should behave in that manner is surely an example of discipline and determination of which any set of workers can feel proud. The supreme unconcern with which these men have treated every fresh move of the Municipality during the last two months could be imagined from the remark one of them made when I enquired about the service of dismissal notices He said "We do not bother about it. It is so much waste of paper. They are reported to have printed thousands of notices. They can afford it, since the paper situation is more easy."

GREATER BOMBAY SCHEME

The scheme for Greater Bombay has been finally accepted by the Municipality and the Bombay Government, and will be launched from 1st of April 1950. The merger of the present Bombay Suburban district extending on one side upto Ghat Kopar and on the other upto Jogeshwari will bring to the city of Bombay an additional area of 62 square miles. Besides all the area within the limits of the Municipal Boroughs of Bandra, Parle-Andheri and Kurla and the Municipal districts of Ghatkopar-Kirol and Juhu, as many as 42 villages surrounding this area will be included in the city limits. The population of the city will go up by some six lakhs of souls. Other immediate results of the launching of this plan would be, the abolition of all the suburban municipalities at the end of March, 1950, the postponement of the Bandra Municipal elections which were scheduled to take place in October this year, and finally the holding of elections for 13 additional seats to the Bombay Corpoation to represent the newly ac-

Continue on Page 9)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Improved Production

Amidst widespread fears of underproduction in India, as in many other countries, it is some relief to be assured by the United Nations Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East that in 1948 India made a record production of many goods. Most notable advances in production, we are told, were in cotton textiles and records were made in the production of electric motors, transformers, Motor car batteries, diesel engines and bicycles. The improved position is doubtless due to comparatively fewer strikes, but there is no room for complacency. The improvement may well be maintained if ceaseless efforts are made to maintain industrial peace and to replace the present war-worn machinery.

If by every possible means production is stepped up in the next few years it will not only be a great benefit to the workers but will also to a potent means of combating inflation, the main cause of our present economic ills.

Mahasabha Is Willin'

It is nothing unusual for the Hindu Mahasabha to talk, now in terms of communalism and now of a sort of nationalism. Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar, President of the Sabha, has urged the Congress to forge a "common national front with a common national programme to save India from the impending danger of Communism." His contention is that the present one-party rule is bound to lead the country to disaster and that the calamity can be averted only if the national front is charged with the administration of the country, both Central and Provincial. When parties are sharply divided as they now are, Government by a party which has an absolute majority is preferable to a constitution. Under certain conditions or understandings the Congress has included some non-Congressmen in the Central Government, and under similar conditions the practice can be extended to one or more provinces. But the first and foremost condition is that the coalescing party must be unimpeachably nationalist. The Mahasabha is doubtless willin'. But its communalism, however disguised, rules out any coalition with the Congress. Congress may tolerate a communal political party. But a coalition between the two is unthinkable.

Precautions

While removing the ban on the RSS., the Bombay Government has at the same time found it necessary to prohibit the Sangh from conducting military drills and holding camps, parades or processions in the province including the merged states The members of the Sangh are also prohibited from wearing or displaying in public any dress resembling the uniform required to be worn by the members of the Indian forces or Home Guards or of any forces constituted under any law for the time being in force. Orders like these apply to other volunteer organisations too and deserve to be studiously respected. The R.S.S. is known to be deeply interested in fostering a martial spirit among the Hindus. It can now best do so by inducing its members and other Hindus to join bodies like the National Cadet Corps and the Home Guards. Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar, President of the Hindu Mahasabha, hopes the R.S.S. would prove a powerful force in the consolidation of Hindu society. There can be no better means of consolidation than destroying the caste system root and branch.

An Atom Sensation

Any news about the Atom bomb is of vital importance to the world because the future of the entire human race is at the mercy of the 'Bomb' That is why the latest report from Washington excites keen and anxious interest. According to it, President Truman, top cabinet and atomic energy officials and military and Congressional leaders held on Thursday night a two and a half hour meeting "so secret that none of them would discuss it". And if Senator Millard Tydings, chairman of the Senate Armed Services Committee, did discuss it, it was only to say "you would not want a news beat on this. You would not print it if you had it for the good of the country". It may be that the entire secret has been discovered to have leaked out. Or it may be that the Russians having, as reported by U.S. Army officials themselves, achieved atomic fission have now made "the Bomb" too. But whatever the nature of this "top secret" development, it emphasises most powerfully the grave urgency of reaching somehow some sort of understanding, which will rule out war between to the two world blocs.

Encouraging Atmosphere

More welcome than even the restoration of Jogjakarta and the Republican Government is the fact that it has created an atmosphere of optimism as regards the future. This restoration, which the Dutch sought to make conditional, had to come first. And now the most important step relates, as a Batavia message correctly puts it, to "cease-fire". The Dutch having at last yielded to the just demand of Indonesian Republics, it has induced in them a responsive mood and it can be safely assumed that "cease-fire" would be a fact without much delay or difficulty. From the point of view of the political problem of Indonesia, the vital problem is that of an understanding between the Republicans and the Federalists. Reports suggest the existence of goodwill in both parties. Given that goodwill and a sense of patriotic obligations an understanding between the two is more than possible. And a united front of Indonesians will be the best guarantee of success at the Round Table Conference. Dr. Mohammed Roem, the Chief Republican delegate at peace talks held with the Dutch under U.N. auspices is confident as to the outcome of the Round Table Conference and hopes that "the Dutch and Indonesians will reach their objective—the establishment of a sovereign independent United States of Indonesia before the end of the year." If this hope is realised, it will constitute the greatest victory of democracy and commonsense since the achievement of freedom by India.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

University Elections

The defeat of Mr. P. R. Lele an old Congressman and a prominent member of the B. P. C. C. for a number of years, at the recent University Senate election is indeed very disturbing. Mr. Lele contested the election as a Congressman and canvassed very hard in the constituency. His candidature was supported by an appeal signed by the Vice-President of the B.P.C.C. Mr. M. Y. Nurie who was officiating as president in the absence of Mr. S. K. Patil, and four others among whom was Mr. Bhawanji Arjun Khimji a member of the Constituent Assembly and ex-President of the Indian Merchants Chamber. That in spite of all these appeals Mr. Lele should have suffered a defeat at the hands of much less known persons is bound to cause concern to congressmen. It means that in the enlightened constituency of University Graduates where till last year Congress influence was quite considerable, for the same constituency last year elected to the Senate Mr S. L. Silam, another Congressman for whom a joint appeal by the presidents of all the four Congress provinces which are included in the Bombay Presidency was issued, I also distinctly remember that Babu Rajendra Prasad the then Congress President had also supported Mr. Silam's candidature. In view of the fact that recently Congress has not been faring as well at elections as it used to do in the past, it was necessary that a similar appeal for Mr. Lele should have been issued by the presidents of Bombay, Gujerat, Maharashtra and Karnatak P. C. Cs. and it should also have been strengthened with an appeal by the Congress President Dr. Pattabhai Sitaramayya. However, it is to be regretted that one more election, and an important one because it involves the question of the confidence of the educated middle classes in the Congress has been mishandled by the B.P.C.C. It is of course no use crying over spilt milk, but the lesson of Sjt. Lele's defeat must be taken to heart by the B.P.C.C. in the same manner as Congressmen all over the country seem to take to heart the lessons of the defeat of Congress candidates at the hands of Sjts. Purshottam Trikamdas and Sarat Chandra Bose. May I suggest that the matter should be inquired into by the B.P.C.C. and necessary steps should be taken to avoid such mishaps in future.

—CONGRESSMAN.

Mere Pawns!

It was both distressing and sickening to read that the Calcutta demonstrators went to the extent of throwing shoes and leaflets on Pandit Nehru. Gandhiji made a nation out of clay and Nehru put that on the international map. It is a pity that our people have learnt to be so vehemently ungrateful to our national hero.

I personally attach a deeper significance to this event I feel that the hands that hurled the shoes were inspired by strength which is being massed behind the "Iron Curtain". This very strength is responsible for the Dockers' Strikes in Sydney and London. All this only shows that the people of the respective countries are being reduced to tools for the furtherance of a policy which aims at making mechanical robots of us poor mortals I trust that India's masses, which suddenly have become overenthusiastic about matters political, will cooly think matters over and refuse to be pawns in an international game.

—P. M. MEHTA.

Language Of The Dangs

The question of the language of the people of the Dangs is a linguistic one. It was investigated long ago by Sir George Grierson, a world-known linguistic expert, when he was in charge of the linguistic survey of India and his finding was published by the Government of India long before the present linguistic controversy regarding it arose and began to disturb the peace and even tenor of life in this province. It is surprising that two responsible Government ministers, neither of whom is known teo be linguistic expert, should have considered themselves to be competent to upset this expert finding on the basis of what they saw or heard during their recent official tour through the Dang Jungle. The proper way of proceeding in the matter, if it was at all necessary to go back on a question which had already been scientifically examined and settled in the past was to appoint a committee of linguistic experts for fresh investigation of the question and report thereon after its detailed study. Such action on the part of Government would have been appreciated by the public and its result, whatever it was, would have been unquestionably accepted by all concerned. It is hoped that Government will consider the advisibility of doing so and of thus setting at rest the controversy they have themselves raised.

As regards schools which Government have set about starting, or getting started by private agencies, for the education of people of these jungle areas lying between Gujarati-speaking and Marathi-speaking districts, it would be well if Government left the decision of the medium of instruction to the option of the inhabitants of each area concerned according to the majority of Gujarati-speaking or Marathi-speaking children enrolled in each school, and refrained altogether from imposing it dictatorially on them. In such bi-lingual and multi-lingual regions, such aes there are in Switzerland, Soviet Russia and Canada, the decision of the medium of instruction which is everywhere the mother tongue of the pupils in primary schools is left eto local option. It is not imposed by Government.

—K. S. VAKIL.

New Stamps

The importance of postage stamps in a country's national economy can not be under-estimated or over-emphasised. The new series of stamps, to be put on sale from the 15th August, are a disappointing issue! Nevertheless, we have every hope, ethat this new series will be eagerly sought by philatelists abroad. However, it will not be a "long-term profitable investment" for them, as tehese issues are not so attractive and appealing, such as those of New Zealand, Austria, Switzerland, the U. S. A., and other British colonies, that have produced some of the masterpieces in philately.

Of recent times, release of new stamps has become a dollar-earning source to a nation. The very fact, that on a single day—15th August, 1948—within 8-1/2 hours, the Gandhi stamps fetched as many as Rs. 1-3/4 lakhs, approximately, at the G. P. O. (Bombay) alone attests to the increased interest in philately in recent times. Many national events of "great importance" have taken place in our country, and no commemoration stamps were issued in their honour, by the Post and Telegraphs Department of the Government of India, which would have otherwise fetched for them a roaring revenue, and would have enabled our country to secure the much-needed dollars.

All the same, unnecessary and superfluous issues are to be discouraged, and we hope, India will make a strong headway in improvement of her stamp-designs.

—DARCY T. DASTOOR.

Unequal Marriages

Being interested in social problems and especially the relations of Man and Woman and their implications on social life, I read your editorial on Poet "Navin's" marriage. After studying good many such marriages, I am lead to the following conviction:—"Human nature as such is suotle in itself and more so in regard to the attraction and attachment of one sex for the opposite one. It is true that a moment's haste in such circumstances and one's failure to find out the real cause of such manifestations has hard altogether changed the course of the individual's life. But such moments do occur in almost all individual's lives and are inevitable." Hence if the girl in question by some notion or the other began to have admiration of the Poet's poetry, post or position in society and made him the idol of life and sincerely desire to worship him alone all through "her" life and if the initiative for marriage was taken on her behalf; its culmination would certainly lead to Happiness. But if she was exploited directly or indirectly such union would be denounceable.

—PRAKASH C. SHARMA.

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OPEN AIR

At this time of year we may look out for the nests of a great many of our insect-eating birds, for during the monsoon they are able without difficulty to find ample food for their young ones, and young birds, like all other young things, have appetites out of all proportion to their size! I remember a story frequently told by the Curator of a museum in England, of how he spent a whole day watching a pair of bluetits feeding their newly-hatched babies. He counted that the two little parent birds between them paid no less than three thousand visits to the nest between dawn and dusk, and bluetits are only the size of our tailor birds! The lush foliage of the monsoon, too, provides ideal nesting sites for small birds like the Tailor bird and Ashy Wren Warbler, both of which sew leaves together to make their nests. The Ashy Wren Warblers have used the leaves of a mogra-flowered clerodendron in my sister's garden, and they took a surprisingly long time to complete the building to their satisfaction, before the female finally deposited the first reddish egg in it. The Tailor birds generally show preference for the shiny young leaves of the gardenia in my garden, or sometimes they use the large leaves of the Badam tree just outside my front door.



TAILOR BIRD.

—D. R.

Development Of Civil Air Transport In India

FIVE-POINT ASSISTANCE TO COMPANIES: TOTAL SUBSIDIES ABOUT RS. 170 LAKHS

NEW DELHI, July 15 (P.T.I.).

A FIVE-POINT assistance to Air Transport Companies in India involving in aggregate subsidies of about Rs. 170 lakhs has been decided by the Government of India which, it is stated, will go a long way in the development of civil air transport in the country and will enable Air Companies to be self-supporting.

The measures of assistance include grant of a longer tenure of licence for the Companies operating certain routes, further reduction in the price of aviation petrol, increase in the permissible overall weight of freight which can be carried by Dakotas, reduction in the landing charges and provision of an increased load of mails.

Hitherto, the Air Transport Licensing Board has been granting provisional licenses to Air Companies to operate services which could be terminated on three months notice. It is pointed out that short term licenses lead to periodical scrambles for obtaining licences and the Air Companies are compelled to maintain uneconomically large air fleets with consequent expenditure on staff and organisation.

Under the new policy which has come into effect from July 1, licences for most of the routes have been awarded on a long term basis, generally ten years, thereby enabling Companies to make long term plans for replacement of Aircraft with types best suited to the routes.

Secondly, the reduction to the extent of half the custom duty on aviation petrol which was provided in the current year's budget, has been further enhanced and the rebate has been increased by 1-1 2 annas per gallon from 9-1 2 annas to 9 annas per gallon of petrol to aviation Companies, Clubs and fliers within India and from India to Pakistan.

ALL-UP AIR MAIL SCHEME

Thirdly, the introduction of the all-up air mail scheme and night flying has increased the mail load available to the Indian aircraft. The total amount of mail conveyed by air rose on an average from 145,000 to 487,000 pounds in the month of April. It is computed that the revenue which will accrue to air lines after a full year's working will amount to about Rs. 65 lakhs. Similarly the night flying scheme which has been suspended for the time being will, when resumed in October, is estimated to yield a revenue of Rs. 54 lakhs annually to the operating Companies.

OVERALL WEIGHT

Fourthly, the overall weight of permissible weight of Dakota has been increased from 25,000 lbs. to 26,200 lbs for passenger service and 26,900 lbs when the aircraft is used solely for freight and mails. The potential earning capacity of a Dakota would be increased by Rs. 2,70,000 a year. Lastly under the new eight classification, a Dakota aircraft would have been assessed at Rs. 50 - per landing but the present charge of Rs. 25/- per Landing will be maintained.

The Government have also announced certain relaxation about certification of airworthiness, and periodical inspection and overhaul of air engines.

Godse To File Pauper's Appeal ?

NEW DELHI, July 15 (UPI).—Nathuram Godse, the assassin of Mahatma Gandhi, and his accomplice Narain Apte are likely to file paupers' appeal to the Privy Council.

Friends and their lawyers are understood to have advised them to do so as the cost of appe l otherwise would be enormous which neither the accused nor the Defence Committee can afford to meet.

Stop Press

KHER'S ADVICE TO HUBLI TEACHERS

HUBLI, July 15 (PTI).—Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister of Bombay, has advised the Hubli Municipal Primary Teachers to desist from undertaking any drastic steps such as hunger strike' to get their wage grievances redressed.

VOTING ON NORTH ATLANTIC PACT

WASHINGTON, July 15 (UPA): The Senate agreed today to vote next Thursday on the North Atlantic Treaty.

MADHYABHARAT NOT TO LIFT BAN ONMAHASABHA

GWALIOR, July 15 (PTI).—Mr. Gopikrishna Vijayavargiya, Premier of Madhyabharat told Press Trust of India here today that there was no possibility of lifting the ban on Hindu Mahasabha in Madhyabharat in the near future.

U.S. STEEL STRIKE AVERTED

WASHINGTON, July 15, (UPA).—A nation-wide steel strike scheduled for midnight tonight was averted for 60 days. The industry's big companies began making last-minute acceptances of President Truman's 60-day truce proposal while the Fact-finding Board investigates and recommends a solution of their labour dispute.

GULAM MOHAMMED

LONDON, July 15, (PTI-Reuter):—Pakistan's Finance Minister, Ghulam Mohammad, called on Mr. Ernest Bevin, British Foreign Minister, after today's session of the Commonwealth Finance Ministers' talks. He was the second Commonwealth Finance Minister to have separate conversations with the British Foreign Secretary.

SEARCH FOR OIL

AHMEDABAD, July 15 (PTI).—A party of explorers would be sent to Cutch to explore the possibility of extracting petrol, this was disclosed by Mr N. V Gadgil, Minister of Works, Mines and Power, Government of India, while addressing the Congress workers here today.

CITY WATER SUPPLY TO BE MAINTAINED

Encouraging Rainfall: Forecast For Today

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Hydraulic Engineer of the Bombay Municipality said in an interview this morning that the rainfall in the lake regions had been encouraging and that he expected no difficulty in maintaining Bombay's water supply at the normal level.

In the 24 hours ending 8 a.m. this morning he said 2.25 inches had fallen in Tansa Lake, 2.36 in Vehar and nearly 4 inches in Tulsi. The present levels of Tansa, Vehar and Tulsi were 400.15 feet. 241.27 feet and 450.2 feet respectively, the corresponding overflow limits being 422, 464 and 465.5.

The Hydraulic Engineer said that today's level at Tansa was higher than the corresponding level of last year at this time.

OCCASIONAL SHOWERS LIKELY

Tonight's weather bulletin from the Santa Cruz observatory forecasts occasional showers for the city and suburbs on Saturday. The city recorded only 2 cents of rain between 8-30 a.m. and 5-30 p.m. today, while Santa Cruz and Juhu had a fall of 3 cents and one cent respectively. The total rainfall up-to-date in Bombay is 36.6 inches, being 3.5 inches above normal.

The bulletin says that the monsoon is strong in Saurashtra. Between 8-30 a.m. and 5-30 p.m. today Bhavanagar and Dwarka recorded 2 inches of rainfall, Veraval ½ inch, Mahabaleswar 1 inch, Venguria ½ inch and Dahanu ½ inch.

CHICHESTER, July 14 (PTI-Reuter) The Central Committee of the World Council of Churches, representing 55 churches in 44 countries, tonight called on all christians to s.and fast in the face of totalitarian doctrines.

Commodity Agreements

Rubber, Cocoa And Tin In The List

LONDON, July 15, (PTI-Reuter):—Proposals for international commodity agreements for rubber, tin and cocoa on the lines of the International Wheat Agreement were believed to have been discussed by Commonwealth Finance Ministers in dollar-sterling crisis talks here today. Rubber, tin and cocoa are three of the important dollar earners of the sterling area. The proposal was expected to be taken to Washington for discussion when the British, American, Canadian economic "Big Three" meet there in early September to discuss the dollar sterling deadlock.

Some Commonwealth quarters suggested that international agreements might be extended to cover other sterling area dollar earning commodities. Sir Oliver Goonetilleke, acting leader of Ceylon Delegation, last night said that before the conference broke up he expected a short-term, intermediate-term and long-term remedy for the problem of natural rubber in South East Asia. "As we all hope, the dollar and sterling economies are to collaborate together, the basic conditions of the dollar economy, namely, arrangements like the wheat agreement, must be applied to comparable items like rubber and tin in the sterling area," he added.

Sir Oliver said today that Ceylon's special problems were well to the forefront of the Commonwealth Finance Ministers' Conference, which was "going satisfactorily." He added that the Ceylon Delegation was satisfied with the progress made both from the view point of General Commonwealth interest and its own special problems.

Earlier today the Commonwealth Finance Ministers began discussion of short and medium-term proposals to meet the present dollar crisis.

Sir Stafford Cripps is understood to have suggested that the Commonwealth Governments should consider following the United Kingdom lead in making immediate cuts in dollar imports from the United States and Canada. The Chancellor of the Exchequer announced proposed United Kingdom cuts at the rate of £100,000,000 a year tending a definite import programme to be decided after the Washington talks in September.

Today the other Finance leaders are understood to have considered suggestions for cutting sterling area dollar imports, on a sterling basis, which would work out at the rate of about £75,000,000 a year.

Exploiting Vast Mineral Resources Of Rajasthan

CLEAR POLICY BEING EVOLVED

(From Our Correspondent)

JAIPUR, July 15.

RAJASTHAN'S mineral potentialities are great and the Government is engaged in laying down a well defined policy and formulating laws for the exploitation of the mineral wealth of this New State," observed Mr. M. L. Sethi, Director of Mines and Geology, Rajasthan, in an interview.

The Director of Mines said that Udaipur had great mineral potentialities in the field of mica, Beryl, zinc, silver, soap, stones, limestones, emeralds and rare-minerals. There are excellent deposits of gypsum in Jodhpur and Bikaner, almost lying on surface which can be mined quite cheaply, he disclosed. He further added that they would form the chief source of raw material for artificial fertilizers and would be sent in quantities of 50 to 100 vagons a day to the Government Factories at Sindhi, Bihar.

SOAPSTONE

Rajputana has been the principle source of high quality of soapstone which at present is worked out in large quantities and exported to United Kingdom and the United States of America and to several paper and rubber mills and paint factories in India.

Practically all the units of Rajasthan can supply excellent sandstone and limestones, marbles and there are great possibilities for the manufacturing of cement. Already there is a Factory at Bundi and another in construction at Sawai Madhopur in Jaipur.

Good quality of lime is manufactured in Gotan in Jodhpur, Mawanda, and several places all over Jaipur and Udaipur.

Explaining the coal-position in Rajasthan the Director was not so hopeful for the development of this mineral as Bihar, Bengal, and Central Provinces, but felt that Rajasthan was fortunate in having a coal mining area at Palana Bikaner which has given a valuable fuel though inferior to Bihar coal for use in the Power House of Bikaner.

When asked about the recent report of a coal find in the Shiv Tehsil in Jodhpur, he informed that the coal mines found there were of no use because they were of a very bad quality, its output would be very costly and being quite near the Pakistan territory, say only 450 yards, it was not thought advisable to exploit the find.

RARE MINERALS

Mr Sethi was more confident about the position of rare minerals. He said that while plodding, Rajputana miners have found small quantity of rare-earth minerals some of which contain uranium.

He added that there were many difficulties in its expansion as they were not finding right type of men and besides it they intended to develop the existing sources rather than finding out new ones.

Referring to the Government's policy regarding lease system he told that the Government did not encourage monopoly system and wanted co-operation of the public in this industry.

Sardar Patel

NEW DELHI, July 15 (PTI): Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel Deputy Prime Minister of India, arrived here today from Dehra Dun after about two months' stay there.

INFORMATION ON ATOM BOMB

No Disclosures To Britain Yet

WASHINGTON, July 15 (PTI-Reuter).—Any United States decision to give information to Britain about the atomic bomb would require an act of Congress before it could be carried out, informed sources said here today. Present United States law forbids disclosure of atomic information to other countries.

The statement followed reports that last night's secret meeting between President Truman and key policy makers, was called to discuss giving technical information on the production of atomic bombs to Britain.

President Truman's Cabinet met at the White House today but Government leaders said it was not related to last night's meeting. The top secret talks last night took place at President Truman's temporary official residence, Blair House, across the road from the White House.

The "New York Times" said today that the meeting was on the question of giving to Britain technical information on the production of atomic bombs.

Official secrecy about the meeting, caused wide speculation in the press here. Reporters questioned Cabinet members as they left the White House. Mr. Alben Barkley, the Vice-President, said that last night's meeting had been mentioned today "but nothing was said about it."

Mr. Jesse Donaldson, Postmaster-General, said: "It was not even mentioned."

Other Cabinet members refused all comment.

WORKERS CLASH WITH WATCHERS

CALCUTTA, July 15 (PTI).—About half a dozen persons were injured in a clash yesterday between a crowd led by local Communists and Darwans of a belting factory in Serampore, about 15 miles from Calcutta.

The police soon arrived on the spot and dispersed the crowd. Five arrests were made.

It is stated that the crowd invaded the factory with a view to persuading the workers to observe a strike for the day. The Darwans at the gate resisted and soon a clash occurred resulting in some persons being injured.

BANGALORE, July 14 (UPI): The Government of Mysore propose to ban the use of milk in hotels, restaurants and catering establishments and insist on the use of milk powder instead.

This step is necessitated on account of the scarcity of pure milk and also the increasing demand of milk by children and nursing mothers.

HALT COMMUNALISTS, NOT COMMUNISTS

(Continued from Page 1)

people for these democratic Socialist aims and in defending the interests of the workers and peasants in their daily struggle against the exploiters. "These are the normal activities of a working class political party."

NATION-BUILDING

"Any policy of nation-building," Mr. Dutt continued, "would require as its first essential that the great natural resources of India, the land and the key basic industries should belong to people. This was part of the programme of the old national Congress, but it has been abandoned by the Nehru Government which has given its pledge to postpone any programme of nationalisation for ten years in order to win over Anglo-American capital.

This is not a policy of nation-building, but of enslavement and destruction of the nation. The deterioration of the economic situation and worsening standards of living revealed in figures of food consumption per head 15 per cent below even the terrible semi-starvation levels of 1935-39, according to the latest United Nations World Economic Report for 1948 are evidence of the terrible consequences of this policy."

The Government of India's decision to postpone nationalisation might be a matter for genuine distress. But to attribute this failure to the very deplorable deterioration in living standards is a bit going too far. It should not be forgotten that the Government of India is hardly two years old, and that during this period it was confronted with problems arising out of the flight of populations which had to receive first priority.

"And even if nationalisation had been launched, its effect on the present standards of living would have been nil. Nationalisation, like any other thing, must take time to yield fruit. But this is not to say that the Government of India is pursuing policies that give no cause for alarm. In fact, its getting remoter from the common people and allowing itself to be influenced by the capitalists class has created apprehension in the minds of many of those who sincerely wish Nehru's Government all luck."

COMMUNALISM

Mr. Dutt's opinion that stronger measures should be taken against communal organisations inciting hatred and division, would be widely shared. He said: "The recent wholesale release of R.S.S. leaders in order to make room in jails for Communists who have been the most consistent opponents of all communalism, is hardly evidence of the policy opposed to Communalism." The release of R.S.S. leaders might be subject of legitimate criticism. But the suggestion that they were released in order to make room in the jails for Communists, could not be taken seriously.

"POSITIVE PEACE POLICY"

Mr. Dutt had heard of Pandit Nehru's 'positive peace policy.' But he did not know what it was. "By the London Declaration", said Mr. Dutt, "Pandit Nehru has signed acceptance of the role of India as a part of the British Empire under the British Crown, and entered into direct alliance with British imperialists who were engaged in murderous colonial wars and massacres as in Malaya and the African colonies. This is not a policy of peace but of war", asserted Mr. Dutt.

FUTURE

Mr. Dutt was reluctant to offer any suggestions for the improvement of the situation. "I would not venture to give advice to the Nehru Government any more than to General Marshall, Mr. Churchill or Marshal Chiang Kai-shek", he said. But, he added, "the only way to prevent "Burmese situation" developing in India was to get rid of what he called "pro-imperialist Government" and replace it by a truly representative and democratic Indian Government "which establishes Indian independence and builds up Indian unity with the anti-imperialist countries of the world, especially democratic China, in the democratic anti-imperialist front led by the Socialist Soviet Union for the defence of world peace."

As an orthodox Communist, Mr. Dutt was bound to make this suggestion. But many feel India should join neither the Eastern bloc, as Mr. Dutt suggests, nor the Western bloc as some Indian capitalists suggest.

NO SOLUTION FOR DOCK DISPUTE

More Servicemen Drafted In London

LONDON, July 15 (PTI-Reuter): More servicemen of the Army and the Royal Air Force were drafted into the port of London today, the 19th day of the dock stoppage now involving 14,419 dockers.

Minister of Labour, George Isaacs told the House of Commons that behind-the-scenes talks during the past two days had failed to find a solution of the dispute.

With the number of idle dockers at its highest since a state of emergency was proclaimed at midnight on Monday R.A.F. men drafted into the port to reinforce troops already handling cargoes brought the service force up to 6,000.

For the first time, they loaded vital export cargoes as well as discharging perishable foodstuffs.

The service men worked on 46 ships in an effort to relieve congestion in the port.

Eighty-six other vessels lay untouched and six others were undermanned.

Steady deterioration in the situation during the week and slight hopes of an early solution held out by Mr. Issac's statement to Parliament caused grave disquiet in Government and other official quarters tonight. Only once before in the general strike of 1926 has a large organised body of workers shown such disregard of the authority of the State when it has been presented in the form of an emergency proclamation. Need for speedy settlement was underlined today by reports that New Zealand workers had struck work in a similar dispute in Auckland, that Italian water-front workers hand expressed solidarity with the London dockers and according to a Canadian Seamens' Union spokesman, that the world Federation of Trade Unions was likely to concern itself actively with the dispute.

NORMAL CONDITIONS IN LADAKH

30,000 Rehabilitated

SRINAGAR, July 15 (PTD.—The Army Authorities in collaboration with the Kashmir Government have rehabilitated about 30,000 people in the area extending from Baltal to Shyok in Ladakh, after its liberation by the Indian Army in November last.

Revealing this Brigadier K. L. Atal, who has returned here from Leh, capital of Ladakh, told pressmen today that normal conditions were prevailing in areas there which had been overrun by hostiles.

Trade from Central Asia and Kulu Valley had been resumed. He said that five caravans from Central Asia carrying merchandise had been to Leh since December last through the trade route which was now open.

Brigadier Atal said that 23 schools had been reopened in Dras and Kargil in Ladakh. Each school, he added, had about 30 students on its rolls.

The Army Authorities had been rendering medical aid to the people of Ladakh. Vaccine had been specially flown recently from India when it was feared that small-pox might break out in an epidemic form in Kargil. According to him about 60,000 people were vaccinated.

New Type Bomb Found At Calcutta

CALCUTTA, July 15 (UPI).—A highly explosive live bomb and an acid bottle were found by the police from the Parade Ground of the maidan where a similar bomb was thrown at a police party on duty at yesterday's maidan meeting as a result of which one armed constable was killed and some other policemen injured.

According to the police, the bomb found lying unexploded on the maidan was a new type one, found for the first time in Calcutta.

AMMAN, July 14 (PTI-Reuter) The Jordan Government today denied reports from Cairo and Damascus that the Iraq Petroleum Company pipeline had been sabotaged in Jordan territory.

POLICE SEARCHES IN CALCUTTA

Several Young Men Arrested

CALCUTTA July 15. (P. T. I.).

THE police made extensive searches in different parts of the city last night and early this morning and a number of young men have been taken into custody.

These searches were stated to be a sequel to the arrest last evening of a young man with a revolver in his possession at an entrance to the Brigade Parade ground at the time Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru addressed a public meeting there.

The arrested man is said to be a 20-year-old Bengali youth and a permanent resident of Calcutta.

LIVE BOMB RECOVERED

The police today recovered a live bomb—stated to be of "highly dangerous type"—and a bottle of acid from a ditch near the site of yesterday's bomb explosion on the Brigade Parade ground.

The bomb recovered today, according to arms experts, is encased in cast iron piping and is of highly dangerous type, being made very much on the same principle as the Mills bomb with pin adjustments. The bomb, which exploded yesterday on Brigade Parade Ground while the Prime Minister was addressing a meeting there, is also stated to be of the same type.

R. A. F. MOVES INTO LONDON'S DOCKS

LONDON, July 15 (PTI-Reuter)—About 1,000 Royal Air Force men moved into London's dockland today, joining 4,500 troops and sailors already busy on vital cargoes held up by the stoppage involving over 14,000 waterfront workers.

Servicemen called in under the official "state of emergency" regulations were working about 55 ships, ten more than yesterday, out of 142 ships held.

Arms Find In Kanpur

KANPUR, July 14, (PTI): The Kanpur police today recovered two locally manufactured revolvers, 17 live cartridges and large number of spears and other lethal weapons, after a search in Deputy-ka-Parao a 'Mohalla' in the city. Seven persons were arrested by the police in this connection.

Claim In Bank's Liquidation

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Tendolkar)

In the matter of the National Security Bank, Ltd. (In Liquidation) The Bank of India Ltd. ... Claimant.

This was an application under the Companies Act by the Claimant for an order that three sums aggregating to Rs. 5000/- be declared to have been held prior to the winding-up order of the National Security Bank Ltd. as money belonging to the Claimant and were so held in trust for the Claimant and that the money so held did not form part of the bank in liquidation and did not vest in its Official Liquidator who should be ordered forthwith to pay the said sums to the Claimant.

In the beginning of February 1947 the head office of the Claimant bank handed to the Bombay office of the National Security Bank for collection and remittance three cheques for Rs. 2000/-, Rs. 2000/- and Rs. 1000/- respectively drawn on the Talod Branch of National Security Bank. One of these cheques which was for Rs. 2000/- had been debited by the Talod Branch to its constituent who had drawn it and had been credited to its own head office at Bombay on February 15, 1947.

The other two cheques had been debited and credited on February 21, 1947.

o

A winding-up order was made against the National Security Bank by the Bombay High Court on August 4, 1947 but under section 168 of the Companies Act the winding-up was to be deemed to have commenced "at the time of the presentation of the petition for the winding-up".

The Claimant bank filed proof of its claim with the Official Liquidator contending that the National Security Bank held the amount of the three cheques in trust for the Claimant bank and that the amounts of the said cheques should have priority in payment.

The Official Liquidator, however, informed the Claimant bank that its claim had been admitted by him as an ordinary claim in liquidaton subject to the sanction of the High Court.

His Lordship, after a review of the authorities, held that in respect of the cheque for Rs. 2000/- which had been credited by the Talod branch of the National Security Bank to its own head office in Bombay on February 15, 1947, such credit having been given before the commencement of the winding-up on February 21, 1947, the head office was a Trustee for the Claimant Bank, whether the latter knew of the amount having been so credited or not, because no bank would be heard to say that it would not have accepted credit given to its own branch and that it would have insisted on payment in cash.

With regard to the other two cheques the amounts of which had been credited by the Talod Branch to the head office on February 21, 1947, His Lordship adjourned the matter to August 16, 1949 for recording evidence to find out whether or not they had been so credited prior to the commencement of the winding-up at 2-45 p.m. on February 21, 1947.

Mr. H. M. Seervai instructed by M/s. Crege Blunt and Caroe appeared for the Claimant bank while Messrs. S. T. Karani and H. D. Banaji instructed by Messrs Majmudar and Co. appeared for the Official Liquidator.

People IN THE NEWS

PANDIT NEHRU

NEW DELHI, July 15 (UPI): Pandit Nehru, Prime Minister of India, and party returned to New Delhi by air this afternoon from Calcutta.

*

MR. P. C SINHA

CALCUTTA, July 15 (UPI): On an invitation from the Royal Academy of Arts of Thailand, Sri Pranabesh Chandra Sinha, Secretary of the Calcutta Art Society and a member of the Governing Body of the Bauddha Dharmankur Sabha, will leave for Bangkok to-morrow morning by air.

*

ERNEST BEVIN

LONDON, July 15 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Ernest Bevin, Foreign Secretary, is to be the final Government speaker in the House of Commons Economic debate on Monday, second day of the debate. Mr. Bevin's intervention on ground usually reserved for Sir Stafford Cripps, Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. Harold Wilson, President of the Board of Trade, and others closely concerned with Economic affairs, is unusual. But he is regarded as an authority on financial, as well as foreign, affairs.

A MIRACLE!

A miracle has happened. A picture without a single ingredient of cheap entertainment has been drawing packed houses in Bombay, proving that Bombay's millions do appreciate a really great picture when they get an opportunity to see one.

New Theatres' "CHHOTA BHAI," adapted from Sarat Chatterjee's greatest short story "Romer-Sumati is the picture. And why has it become the darling of Bombay, because it has the greatest of appeals—human appeal. "CHHOTA-BHAI" is now running at MINERVA in its eighth week.

R

For selling bread at a higher than the controlled price HASSANALLI ASGARALLI was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 150 or in default to undergo six weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

For selling wholemilk tea four persons NAROTHARAM VASUDEO KARPE, SHAMAT HAMID HASSAN, IBRAHIM MAHOMED MALBARI and MAHOMED KARIM were each sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 100 or in default to undergo one month's rigorous imprisonment.

For attempting to transport cotton cloth without a permit HUKUMKHAN ALAMKHAN was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 100 or in default to undergo, one month's rigorous imprisonment.

CUT OUT R AND KEEP

REVISED RATION QUANTUM

Foodgrains ration quantum for the 29th Rationing Week, commencing from Sunday, July 17, 1949 to Saturday, July 23, 1949, has been fixed as follows:—

Total Cereal Ration Per Week	Per Adult (2 Foodgrains Units)	Per Child (1 Foodgrains Unit)	Per Heavy Manual Labourer's Supplementary Ration Card of One Unit.
Total Cereal Ration Per Week ..	84 ozs.	42 ozs.	28 ozs.
Maximum available in—			
(a) Raw Rice Sort I-A or (b) Raw Rice Sort I or (c) Raw Rice Sort II or (d) Boiled Rice Sort II or (e) Raw Rice Sort I-C (IF AVAILABLE)	28 ozs.	14 ozs.	8 ozs.
Maximum available in Wheatgrain* ..	40 ozs.	20 ozs.	12 ozs.
Maximum available in Dehusked Barley	16 ozs.	8 ozs.	8 ozs.
Maximum available in Milo (IF AVAILABLE) ..	16 ozs.	8 ozs.	8 ozs.

(10 ozs. make one lb.)

*Bread Tickets can be obtained within the permissible quantity of wheat ration at the rate of one Bread Unit for 28 ozs. of wheat ration. One Bread Unit is equivalent to 28 ozs. of Bread.

Bread is only available on Bread Tickets during the week marked on the tickets and upto Saturday of the following week.

The concession of allowing a Bread Ticket of one unit on a Child's ration card against surrender of the entire ration will continue.

CRIPP'S MASTERLY ANALYSIS PRAISED

But Commonwealth Ministers React Guardedly To His Hope

LONDON, July 14. (PTI-Reutefr) : Some of the Commonwealth Finance Ministers reacted guardedly to-night to the hope of Sir Stafford Cripps that their countries would follow Britain's example and slash dollar imports. But they were unanimous in praising what one called the Chancellor's "masterly analysis" of the dollar crisis.

Sir Oliver Goonetilleke, Acting Leader of the Ceylon delegation to the London talks stated "we are in general agreement with the lines of approach that Sir Stafford has adopted for the United Kingdom". He added that it was early to say exactly what Ceylon would do to assist in this general problem of the sterling area.

"Although Ceylon had contributed in the past ten years more than 1,000 million rupees worth of dollars to the common pool, she is to-day facing a great economic crisis as a result of the price now paid by consuming countries for natural rubber" Sir Oliver said.

He added that before the conference broke up he expected a short-term, intermediate term and longterm remedy for the problem of natural rubber in South East Asia.

Mr. Ghulam Mohammed, Pakistan's Finance Minister said: "I was very impressed by the masterly analysis given by Sir Stafford of the causes which have led to the present dollar situation.

"His exposition was clear and his emphasis on maintaining and securing full employment was very reassuring".

Mr. Mohammed said that the new dominions, where the standard of life was low, looked forward to active measures and assistance in raising the standard of living of their peoples.

He said that steps to be taken by the dominions for cutting dollar imports were under active consideration.

"Pakistan is interested in the prices of jute and in ensuring the prosperity of the jute cultivators", he added.

Mr. Walter Nash, New Zealand's Finance Minister, said it was still too early to say what specific measures New Zealand would be taking in concert with Britain. New Zealand, he added, did not as yet know what would be the amount available to her from the dollar pool.

Shock To Industry

LONDON, July 14. (PTI-Reuter): The 25 per cent cut in Britain's import from the dollar area announced by Sir Stafford Cripps to-day will undoubtedly come as a shock, particularly to industry. It may prove a salutary shock but its effects should not be minimised writes Reuter's Financial Editor, Sydney Campbell.

If Britain had been able, without ill effect, to cut out £100,000,000 worth of dollar supplies she would have done it before this. Dollar shortage is no new discovery. The Chancellor himself described the cut as a "throughly evil—necessity". Their effect will be aggravated by the Chancellor's incidental remark that Britain and other parts of the sterling area will have to send more good to dollar markets, at the expense of sterling countries including Britain. Thus supplies for Britain will be doubly reduced, both by cuts in dollar supplies and by diversion of more essential sterling supplies to dollar markets.

NO IMMEDIATE REMEDIAL EFFECT.

Unfortunately these severe measures cannot in themselves have much immediate or remedial effect on the problem. The Chancellor specifically refused to describe them as remedies. Dollar cuts of £100,000,000 a year still leave a very large gap. For the current quarter the cuts can hardly become effective at all, and the Chancellor warned that there would be a future loss of reserves during this quarter. Sir Stafford thought they should "eventually" produce a market reduction in the drain on the reserve. The Commonwealth Conference, he said, might bring similar action by other sterling countries but the long-term solution must be sought "with our American and Canadian friends and with others, too". He mentioned that a complete solution cannot be expected even at the Washington conference in September. It might take months longer than that, he said.

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Truman Against Loan To Franco Spain

WASHINGTON, July 15. President Truman is opposed to granting Franco Spain a loan, he hopes the U.S. Senate will ratify the North Atlantic Treaty without reservations, and he favours granting Mexico a loan for oil development.

Those were the President's principal statements of international interest at his weekly press conference on Thursday.

A reporter pointed out that the Senate Appropriations Committee recommended provisions for a dol 50,000,000 loan to Spain under the U. S. Economic Co-operation Administration appropriation, and the President was asked if he favoured that provision. We replied with emphasis that he did not. Asked why, he said it was because the United States is not on friendly relations with the Franco Government.

The President recalled that the Marshall Plan countries have had for some time a Portuguese proposal that Spain be admitted into the Marshall Plan partnership, but that so far they had declined to act on the proposal.

Replying to a query whether he would veto the ECA appropriation bill if the Spanish loan provision remained in it, President Truman declined to commit himself, adding that he would have to wait until the bill was submitted to him.

HOPES FOR PACT RATIFICATION.

The President had no comment on statements by Senators Taft and Wherry during the North Atlantic Treaty debate in the Senate, but he expressed the hope that the pact would be ratified without reservation. Taft argues that ratification of the pact would entail legal and moral obligation by the United States to provide military assistance. Wherry has introduced an amendment which would put the Senate on record to the effect that ratification does not commit the United States to military aid in advance of an attack.

In reiterating his support of a loan to Mexico for refineries, pipelines and other oil development projects, the Chief Executive declined to indicate what progress is being made toward a loan. He pointed out that Secretary of State Dean Acheson had been asked the same question on Wednesday and that Acheson said the matter was still under consideration. For that reason, the President explained, he would not elaborate further.

Truman also announced that he will issue a Government reorganization plan designed to tighten unification of the armed services.—USIS.

Truman Begins His Anti-Depression Programme

WASHINGTON, July 14. (UPA): President Truman took the first step toward carrying out his new anti-depression programme Thursday as congressional economy bloc leaders accused him of leading the nation into bankruptcy.

Truman named Dr. John Steelman, veteran presidential assistant, to direct the programme of channeling federal buying and construction activities into areas which have been hardest hit by unemployment.

Republican leaders laid plans for a series of radio speeches to answer the challenge to the congressional budget cutters which Truman made in his "plain talk" broadcast to the nation Wednesday night.

Led by Senators Robert Taft and Harry Byrd, the economy bloc declared that national "ruin" would result from Truman's insistence on Government spending more than it takes in as long as business is in a slump.

PRAGUE, July 15 (PTI-Reuter)—The Czechoslovak Minister of Information, Kopecky, declared in the first official reaction here to the Vatican threat of ex-communication for Catholics in Communist parties, that Rome was the "defender of Fascist barbarity" and that it was necessary to knock down the "seditious ecclesiastics."

Sarat Bose Says He Is Not A Communist

LONDON Jul 14 (PTI-Reuter)—Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, founder of the Socialist Republican Party of India, strongly condemned at a London meeting tonight the throwing of a bomb at a police guard at the meeting addressed by Pandit Nehru in Calcutta today.

He said: "I appeal to the Government of India, I beg them, to put a stop to police and government terrorism, detention without trial and firing on unarmed people in processions.

"The members of the government should read their own autobiographies and see what they said about the suppression of civil liberties in the past. They should practice what they have been preaching for the past 25 years.

"If the rulers of India go on as they are doing, the country will throw them out when it gets the chance. I can see the collapse of the government before the present year is out. They are galloping towards it."

The meeting was organised by Swaraj House, the Overseas Indian Association and the Federation of Indian Associations in Great Britain.

The Chairman was Mr. Fenner Brockway, British Labour Party Member.

Mr. Bose leaves on Sunday for Geneva with his wife. After four days they will return to India.

Mr. Bose said democracy did not exist today in India. "What was functioning was a capitalist plutocracy. The press was partially gagged and civil liberties were being denied to the people.

Mr. Bose said he was not a Communist but a Socialist and wanted to see all the leftist parties in India combined under one organisation—the United Socialist Congress of India—concentrating on fundamentals and putting aside individual diffifferences.

A questioner asked Mr. Bose if it was proper for an Indian politician to give a one-sided picture of India at a London gathering.

Mr. Bose replied that he had given what he considered to be a true picture of events in India.

Asked what kind of Socialism he would like to introduce into India, Mr Bose answered "Socialist production and distribution, the taking over of all key and basic industries by the government and scientific agriculture." He was prepared to adopt any ideas which had been tried with success in Soviet Russia.

RAJKOT, July 15, (PTI) The Saurashtra Government have not received so far any official communication from the Government of India regarding the lifting of the ban on the RSS organisation, it is learnt.

E.C.A.F.E. SURVEY--II

PEAK LEVEL PRODUCTION IN MACHINERY

Indian Achievements During 1948

LAKE SUCCESS, July 15 (PTI): **PRODUCTION of Machinery in India reached record levels during 1948 for many items including electric motors, transformers, motor car batteries, diesel engines and bicycles. This is contained in a survey published by the United Nations Economic Commission for Asia and Far East (part one of which was already published).**

Food and agricultural production was on the whole above 1947, but still below pre-war levels.

Only in Pakistan, the Philippines, Siam, South Korea and Japan did rice production exceed the pre-war average, while in other countries notably Burma, China, Indo-China and Indonesia, output was far less than in the pre-war period.

"That the region has changed from a net exporter to a net importer of rice is due not so much to the increased demand as to its decrease availability.

India, China and Pakistan—the main cotton producers in the region—accounted for over 95 per cent of the region's supply both before and since the war, the survey said.

TOBACCO PRODUCTION: About 4 per cent higher than in 1947.

The production of India and Pakistan fell slightly in 1948, but remained at about the 1946 production level.

TEA PRODUCTION: Data incomplete, especially for China, the largest producing country. Available material appeared to indicate a rapid decline compared with pre-war, except in India, Pakistan and Ceylon.

Here are some of the other findings on the main industries of the region: Iron ore—a fractional advance over 1947, with India producing 96 per cent of her pre-war output.

COAL: Only a slight advance in the last year.

Except in India, where the output of coal had fluctuated in the last 10 years between 28 and 30 million tons, coal production was well below pre-war.

IRON AND STEEL INDUSTRY: Only in Japan and Southern Korea were increases noted.

Pig iron and steel production in India fell from 1,540,000 tons in 1947 to 1,470,000 in 1948 and 1,224,000 to 1,200,000 tons respectively.

"Concerning textiles, which, next to food, is the most urgent need of the people, the region has made little progress during the year", the United Nations reported.

MACHINERY: Production in India reached record levels for many items including electric motors, transformers, motor car batteries, diesel engines and bicycles.

Chemical production showed a marked improvement in India and Japan over 1947. Record levels were reached in Indian output of soap, bleaching powders, soda ash and super-phosphates, but production of chemicals was still chiefly concentrated in Japan.

"The most notable advance in industrial production in India took place in cotton textiles. Yarn production rose from 603,000 to 654,000 tons between 1947 and 1948.

ASIA'S PROGRESS UNSATISFACTORY

ECAFE Survey

LAKE SUCCESS, July 15.

The U.N. Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East's economic survey for 1948 shows there was general improvement in Asia and the Far East during that year, although progress was still neither substantial nor satisfactory.

In a preface to the report, Dr. P. S. Lokanathan, ECAFE Executive Secretary, said that in no branch of industry had ECAFE countries yet attained their pre-war levels. He added that such progress as was achieved in 1948 was tardy and uneven. He cited the need for governments and peoples to exert more sustained and organized efforts to maintain and improve levels of living and consumption.

The report, second such annual survey made by ECAFE was made public at the U.N. Headquarters here yesterday.

The major disquieting factor the survey said, was food production. Production of cereals, it said, was still about four per cent below the 1934-38 level, while the region's population had increased by 10 per cent.

In the sphere of production, the report said that only rubber exceeded pre-war levels. The position of other industrial production, while showing improvement in some items, remained on the whole unsatisfactory; capital investment held to low levels; productivity of labour appeared to be less than pre-war; and in 1948 the region was still subject to inflationary pressures.

In the realm of international trade, on the other hand 1948 marked a distinct improvement over 1947, the Survey said. The region's adverse balance of trade declined by 30 per cent and the dollar deficit was reduced in almost every country.

At the same time the survey pointed to certain adverse factors in the trade position—factors which it said appear to be of lasting character. These included the relatively low price of rubber, increased competition from synthetic rubber, and declines in demand for natural silk and for tin exports.

Although the survey revealed that on the whole the process of reconstruction and rehabilitation of Asian economy had been very slow, it said some satisfaction might be derived from the fact that there had been an all-round improvement over the immediate post-war situation, despite political difficulties and civil strife.

The 1948 survey has broadly the same scope as that of the 1947 ECAFE report. A chapter on "Characteristics of the Asian Economy" was added to provide the background for an understanding of current developments, while another dealt with salient changes in the region's economy since the war. Separate chapters dealt with inflation and price movements, currency and banking, and public finance.—USIS.

WOMAN TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES

Profile Of Mrs. Georgia Clark

MRS. GEORGIA NEESE CLARK, a banker from the mid-western state of Kansas, has been named Treasurer of the United States to succeed William A. Julian, who was killed in an automobile accident in May. Mrs. Clark's signature will appear on all U. S. paper currency, along with that of Secretary of the Treasury John W. Snyder. Her position carries with it one of the top salaries paid to executives below cabinet rank in the U. S. Government.



Mrs. Georgia Neese Clark.

The Treasurer of the United States is charged with the receipt, disbursement, and accounting for public moneys; the custody, issue and redemption of United States paper currency and coin; the issue and payment of checks; the safekeeping of securities deposited as collateral and otherwise, and the payment of principal and interest on public debt obligations. It is essentially a banking job. Mrs. Clark has been president since 1938 of the Richland, Kansas, State Bank, founded by her father. She started as assistant cashier in 1935.

This appointment places most of the responsibility for U.S. currency in feminine hands, Mrs. Nellie Taylor Ross has been Director of the Mint since 1933. In naming Mrs. Clark, President Truman is continuing a precedent established by President Roosevelt of appointing women to high government posts. President Roosevelt appointed Mrs. Ross as director of the Mint and was the first President to name a woman to his Cabinet. Mrs. Frances Perkins was Secretary of Labour from 1933 to 1945. She is now one of the three Civil Service Commissioners. Last year President Truman appointed Miss Frieda Hennock a New York lawyer, to the Federal Communications Commission, another high Government post.

Many women hold responsible positions under the competitive U.S. Civil Service System. Since the Civil Service Act of 1883, women have been free to compete with men for government jobs at equal pay. About 92 percent of all positions in the executive branch of the government are under Civil Service. Jobs like Mrs. Clark's are not, however.

SUCCESSFUL IN BUSINESS

Mrs. Clark is one of the most successful business women in the state of Kansas. She is of medium height, with short dark hair and hazel eyes. She dresses in tailored clothes and has a pleasant speaking voice. She was born in Richland, Kansas, 49 years ago. Richland is a farm village with a population of 200, situated in rolling farmlands, 13 miles from Topeka, the capital of Kansas, and 52 miles from Kansas City.

Mrs. Clark's father, Albert Neese, came to the town of Richland from Ohio as a boy of 12. His forebears were from Holland. His wife, Ellen O'Sullivan Neese, was a daughter of Irish immigrants. Albert Neese started out as a hired hand on a farm near Richland. He saved his money and went to Lawrence, Kansas, where he worked as a bookkeeper and went to school at night. When he had accumulated a little capital, he went back to Richland and opened a general store. Later he became the town's only banker. He also owned more than 1,100 acres of farmland and built the town's only grain elevator. The capacity of the elevator is 15,000 bushels. The chief crops stored there are soyabeans, maize and milo.

Upon Neese's death in 1937, his daughter, Mrs. Clark, took over the presidency of the bank and supervision of the store and elevator. In addition to her successful business career, she has been active in the Democratic political party in Kansas, having served as Democratic National Committee-woman since 1936. This position carries prestige but no salary. The incumbent must devote considerable time and effort to the work besides paying her own expenses. Mrs. Clark also was elected to one term in the Kansas State legislature.

Mrs. Clark first went into politics in 1934. She actively supported the social security programme of President Roosevelt. She also worked for President Truman's election last year.

Before entering her father's business, Mrs. Clark has been an actress. She played for about 10 years in stock companies that travelled throughout the United States. Mrs. Clark was graduated from Washburn College in Topeka, Kansas, in 1921, and attended a dramatic school in New York City. She was married to George M. Clark in 1929. They were divorced in 1942. They had no children. Mrs. Clark lives in the large old-fashioned house where she was born. She has a housekeeper, but enjoys cooking her own meals.—USIS.

Low East-West Trade Held A Major European Problem

LAKE SUCCESS, July 15.

One of the major troubles of Europe is the low level of trade between its Eastern and Western areas, according to Gunnar Myrdal, Executive Secretary of the U.N. Economic Commission for Europe.

Mr. Myrdal, noted Swedish economist, made this statement at a press conference here pointing out that East-West trade in Europe is only about half of the pre-war level. This drop, he said, is partly caused by crop failures and partly by East-West political differences.

Another factor that is injuring trade, Myrdal declared, is the national planning in Eastern Europe. This planning aims at self-sufficiency and the production of all articles needed for home consumption, he said.

The ECE head said that Eastern European countries must adapt their national planning to admit an increase in exports and Western countries must increase their sales of equipment and fertilizers to the East. He also included the dollar shortage among the causes for the drop in East-West trade.

Mr. Myrdal said that the ECE—whose latest report has been under consideration at the ninth session of the U.N. Economic and Social Council now meeting in Geneva—has asked for two committees: One on agriculture and another on trade to help foster commerce between Eastern and Western Europe. The commission secretariat, he revealed, has also prepared a set of concrete proposals to improve trade and payment mechanisms.—USIS.

Tinplate Exports Liberalized By U.S.

WASHINGTON, July 15.

The U.S. Department of Commerce has announced that exports of tinplate will be further liberalized and that certain types of tinplate, hitherto restricted from export, will hereafter be licensed.

With an easier supply position in the United States, the Department of Commerce anticipates that the export quota for the fourth quarter of 1949 will permit the exportation of increased quantities of all varieties of tinplate adequate to meet the demands of foreign consumers.—USIS.

Committee Formed In U. S. To Educate Public On I.T.O. Aims

WASHINGTON, July 15.

A committee for the International Trade Organization (ITO) "to cooperate with all those who are interested in developing public understanding of the Havana Charter" has been created in the United States. The committee includes business and industrial leaders, educators and professional men, publishers and leaders in labour and agriculture.

William L. Batt, president of SKF Industries, Inc., is chairman and William L. Clayton, former U.S. Under Secretary of State for Economic Affairs and head of the American delegation to the Havana conference last year, is vice chairman.

"Establishment of the International Trade Organization is the critical unfinished business in international economic affairs, and completes the framework of United Nations' agencies," Batt says.

A committee statement declares that the Havana Charter "lays down a common code of rules for international trade. These rules are based on the principles that trade should be larger and freer; that it should not be frozen into narrow channels between pairs of nations or be distorted by discrimination; that it should move in all directions among the markets of the world.....

"The Havana Charter, initialed by 54 nations after 18 months of negotiations, affords a basis for continuous international cooperation in all matters that affect the world's trade."—USIS.

RESTRICTIONS ON AFGHAN SARDARS

NEW DELHI, July 14. (UPD): The Government of India is understood to have issued orders to three Afghan Sardars living in India reimposing restrictions on their movements at the request of the Afghan Government. They are Sardar Abullah Khan, Sardar Inayatullah Khan and Sardar Habibullah Khan.

The three Sardars are believed to be refugees from Afghanistan and connected with ex-King Amanullah.

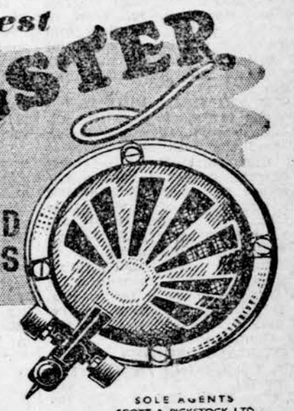
They had been detained in India for a numoer of years during the British rule but restrictions on their movements were lifted by the present Government of India after consulting with the Afghan Government.

The Afghan Sardars in a statement strongly criticised the present administration in Afghanistan and said that the present action of the Government of India where democracy existed must have been taken on the advise of the Afghan Government and was against "international law and not just on the part of the Government of India."

CALCUTTA, July 15 (PTI): Mr. P. R. Srinivas, Editor of "Indian Finance," a financial weekly of Calcutta, has been appointed a consultant to the Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East, Mr. Srinivas left for Bangkok by air on July 13.

The ECAFE is now conducting an enquiry into the dollar requirements and balance of payments position of the ECAFE countries. In this enquiry experts from various countries will be assisting the Commission.

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MERGED STATES' MEMBERS IN ORISSA ASSEMBLY

Nominations From Opposition

TENTATIVE AGREEMENT REACHED

CUTTAK, (By Mail)

THE Government of Orissa who will nominate about 35 representatives from the merged States to the present legislative Assembly, seem to have according to the present arrangement adopted one of the best policies under the circumstances to associate the co-operation of the existing opposition inside the provincial Assembly in the administration of Orissa States.

For this purpose the Premier of Orissa, Shri Harekrishna Mahatab, was negotiating with the Leader of the Opposition, Raja Sri Sailendra Narain Bhanja Deo of Kanika, in regard to the proportion of representation of the opposition in the proposed nomination from the affiliated States. It is now reliably learnt that a tentative agreement has been reached between the leader of the House and the Opposition leader. Although details of the agreement have not as yet been announced, it is gathered from sources in the know of the parliamentary developments that the Opposition will have equal amount of representation in the nomination system, which would be at a par with its present proportion in the House i.e., about one-fifth of the entire strength of the house of 60. This would mean that out of the 35 representatives to be nominated the strength of the Opposition would be 7, which again would result in the nomination of not the Congressmen only but non-Congress members also.

CABINET EXPANSION

With the rise in the strength of the members in the Assembly from 60 to 95 the expansion of the Cabinet would follow as a matter of routine and in the expanded council of Ministers the opposition is likely to claim its due share once the principle of proportionate representation in the nomination is accepted by the Government. The reported acceptance of this principle of representation which is yet to be officially confirmed, would still raise an important question regarding the validity of the present strength of the Opposition inside the Orissa legislature.

From the attitude and the performances of the members of the so-called Opposition in the Orissa Assembly in the past it has long been established beyond any shadow of doubt that the word "Opposition" here is a misnomer in view of the fact that the members occupying the seats in Opposition benches had never in the past justified their position as such by their actions or speeches. On the other hand, some of their prominent members had apologitically pleaded that they have been miscalled as opposition while in reality there was no opposition inside the house.

In fact the members of the Congress party had rather ben more out spoken on several occosians in the past particularly during the budget session of the Assembly than the members occupying Opposition benches. Therefore, it is not unlikely that there may be some murmurs if the Opposition is conceded twenty per cent of representation in the proposed nomination of members from the merged states. The final step in this regard is therefore awaited with keen interest in the local political circles.

RELIEF TO PEOPLE

In the wake of nominations from the neighbouring states to the provincial assembly the curtailment of several kinds of absurd demands put forward by the Orissa rulers at the hands of the States Ministry, following the rulers' conference at Puri with Mr. V. P. Menon during early June has created a sense of relief among the people of the merged states. The people of the Orissa states had been greatly perturbed in the past due to the extravagant, claims of the rulers on public properties such as khamar lands, tanks, endowment properties, state bunglows besides vast areas of forests and other lands granted in their favour at an earlier conference in October, last year, held at Puri in presence of the provincial Premier and the Governor of Orissa, who inaugurated it. The rulers had claimed property in various forms worth about Rs. 3 Crores which has been shelved by the latest decision after the Puri conference with Mr. Menon.

The recent visit of Shri H. K. Mahatab to Delhi to discuss matters regarding the location of a steel plant inside Orissa is expected to have given him an occasion to acquaint the Government of India about his negotiations with the leader of the opposition in connection with the proposals for the nominations of representatives from the states it is speculated in the parliamentary circles here. An effective effort to check the rising tide of lawlessness and to enlist public co-operation in the Government's nation-building schemes in full measures it is said might in all probability have been discussed with the authorities of the Central Government. This belief has further been strengthened by the Orissa Premier's parleys with the Premier and the Governor of W. Bengal while on his way back to Cuttack from the Government of India headquarters.

STEEL PLANT

The establishment of a steel plant in Bonai hills of Orissa, about which some doubts still lingered in some quarters have been removed following the announcement of a 150 million dollar credit from the World Bank to India for four projects including two Steel Plants.

One of the two steel plants sanctioned by the Centre would be located in the Hirakud area or in the Bonai hills, which after going to production would yield an output of iron and steel worth to the tune of Rs. 12 Crores. In other words it shall double the annual revenue of Orissa, according to the Development Minister Shri Nityananda Kanungo who announced this in a recent broadcast from the Cuttack Radio.

In the by-election in the Ersama-Tirtol constituency of the East Cuttack rural area held to fill up the vacancy caused by the resignation of Shri Sarangadhara Das from the membership of the Orissa Assembly, Congres candidate Sri Narayan Birabar Samant has been elected by a majority of 1969 votes over his Socialist rival Sri Nishamani Khuntia. Both of them polled 5738 and 3769 votes respectively. Out of a total number of 16,468 votes in that constituency only 58 per cent of votes were polled.

NO RETRENCHMENT

It is reliably learnt that earlier reports that the Orissa Government would effect a retrenchment in their Secretariat to the extent of 25 per cent is not likely to materialise. On the other hand the provincial Government are, it is reported, trying an experiment to keep about one fourth of its employees of the Secretariat as reserved personnel under training to make them thorough in their respective jobs and in rotation all the employees will get such training under experts in various branches of secretorial work.

Historical finds in the Brahmani valley, mineral wealth in Koraput district malarial research on behalf of the W.H.O. at Rayagada filarial research by the Provincial Government and research and investigation of mineral resources by Central Government in Orissa are some of the important events in recent weeks in the province.

U. P. ZAMINDARI BILL SELECT COMMITTEE

Procedure Criticised In Council

LUCKNOW, July 15 (PTI).—The members of the Zamindar Party in the U.P. Legislative Council today criticised the procedure of the Government in bringing their resolution for appointing a 3-man Joint Select Committee for the U.P. Zamindari Abolition Bill before the House.

When the discussion on the Government resolution was continued for the second day today, the Zamindar Party member said that the correct procedure should have been to introduce the Bill in the House first and then the motion for its reference to a Joint Select Committee made.

Mr. Hafiz Mohammad Ibrahim, leader of the House and mover of the motion replying to the criticism said: "It is true that the Zamindari Abolition Bill has not yet been introduced in the House and there is no precedent or provision in the constitution of India or any foreign countries for moving such a resolution before introducing the relevant Bill.

"I have, however, moved the resolution to establish a presumption and a convention for such a procedure because the Zamindari Abolition Bill will create a new social and economic order in the Province."

The House will continue discussion on the Government motion tomorrow.

TWO 'PICKPOCKETS'

Two members of an alleged gang of pickpockets, Deviprasad Kishore Prasad and Rameshchandra Subhaschandra were arrested yesterday by the Bombay city police at Ballard Estate.

Today they were produced before Mr. K. C. Thakore, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court and were enlarged on bail.

City Corporation: Week By Week

(Continued from Page 6)

quired areas. The Law Revenue and General Purposes Committee of the Corporation considered the proposed amendments to the Municipal Act which would be pushed through in the forthcoming Poona session of the Bombay Legislative Assembly, to make of the plan a settled fact by the beginning of the coming financial year. The seats to be allotted to the different areas according to the new plan will be seven for Bandra, three for Parle and Andheri, three for Kurla, two for Ghatkopar and Kirol, and one each for Juhu and Chembur, and some area in the suburban district. The Collector of Bombay and the Suburban District would be an ex-officio membef of the Corporation and the present number of members which is 117 would be raised to 136.

But by far the more important implications of this scheme are the financial. The seven local authorities in the suburbs have at present a total annual income of Rs. 29,56,135 and an expenditure of 26,75,683. All of them except Kurla Municipality are surplus areas. Kurla has an annual deficit of 1,57,500 and has defaulted payment of an amount of Rs. 3,50,000 being three years dues to the Government on account of water supplied to that town. No wonder the Municipality has been superceded for two years.

MORE TAXES

Inclusion in Bombay will make the suburbanite pay more taxes. At present the general tax levied in these areas ranges between 8¾% to 13%. In Bombay the rate of general tax is 14%. Application of the Bombay scale would bring some seven lakhs of rupees more to Municipal coffers. Imposition of Fire Tax will bring another lakh of rupees and in return these areas will have fire services which they lack woefully. Recovery of Town Duties on the Bombay scale would bring another seven lakhs. License fees will produce another lakh and the running of slaughter house at Kurla in a manner similar to that of Bandra will bring Rs. 13,000. Thus the total increase in revenue would be Rs. 16,17,000. As against this there will be some loss in revenue in the shape of Halalkhore cess being reduced to the tune of some two lakhs, cheaper water, at Bombay rates will decrease the income by another couple of lakhs and Rs. 3,80,000 more will have to be spent annually on account of paying the Municipal employees of these areas at the rates Municipal employees in the city are being paid. The result of all this would be that the net surplus would be Rs. 8,33,000 and with the present surplus which is already there the total would go to nearly a million of rupees.

FRESH EXPENDITURE

In order to bring existing services in these areas, not to the city standards but to a tolerable and satisfactory level, an expenditure of some thing like Rs. five crores will have to be incurred, almost half of it being for sewerage improvements and extension. Other amenities would include improvement or road surfaces, lighting, water supply, surface drains, medical facilities and filling lowlying lands etc. Interest and sinking charges on this would be Rs. 30 lakhs and maintainance charges would be Rs. 20 lakhs. But since this annual expenditure of Rs. 50 lakhs will be gradually reached in ten years the average additional expenditure will not be more than Rs. 32 lakhs and as Rs. 10 lakhs are available from the existing finances of the new areas, provision will have to be made for the ramaining 22 lakhs every year. Professional tax and theatre tax which are under consideration in Bombay would bring another lakh of rupees from these areas if and when they are levied and thus the deficit would be Rs. 21 lakhs. There is a possibility of this amount being reduced by six lakhs if the Government of Bombay would contribute a crore of rupees for capital expenditure on drainage and water works schemes and school buildings. The remaining deficit of Rs. 15 lakhs can be covered if the Bombay Municipality gives 1% (of the rateable value) contribution to the Suburban Budget and this can be done by increasing the General Tax by 1%, for which there is sufficient margin and in order to lift the burden from the tax payer the Government may be approached to reduce the Urban Immoveable Property Tax by 1%. This will be an indirect contribution from the Government.

MAYORAL SIDELIGHTS

There was only one meeting of the Corporation this week and city fathers had the Thursday off, as the Mayor was out of town having left for the Congress Working Committee meeting at Delhi. There was however a social function in honour of the Mayor arranged by Mr. Dayabhai Patel, the leader of the Congress Party. Mr. S. K. Patil addressed for a full hour the gathering which consisted solely of corporators, Municipal officers and newspapermen and ex-Mayor and B.E.S.T. Committee Chairman Mr. A. P. Sabavala. All that the Mayor said on the occasion about his global tour and the different Municipal systems in the West had appeared in a city journal in the form of an interview given by him earlier. Incidentally the journalist city father who interviewed the Mayor, had stated that Mr. Patil had done some thing "which no Mayor from Adam had done" and some thing that "no Indian from the time of Chandragupta to the age of Mahatma Gandhi had attempted". Mr. Patil referred to this article and brought loud laughter from his listeners by saying that he wondered if Adam was a Mayor, and if he too had to face problems like sanitation and water-supply. Going through this article I came across a bloomer which it is surprising a seasoned journalist that the city Mayor is, he should have committed. Among the three men who impressed Mr. Patil most in his tour is mentioned Mr. Aneurin Bevan, the British Health Minister, the other two being His Holiness the Pope and the American President Mr. Truman. Mr. Patil is reported to have said that Mr. Bevan whom he met at a reception given by the Indian High Commissioner in London, was "very very proud of being a Scotch". Mr. Bevan the Welshman that he is, may feel happy about his being included in the trio that impressed our Mayor so much, but one wonders what he will feel if by any chance he came to know that he has been described as a Scot. In fact at the same meeting Mr. Bevan had given another proof of his being a very proud Welshman by hotly contesting that Cardiff was the biggest city in the world and not London or New York. Twenty-five years ago Mr. Patil studied journalism in London but he must be hopelessly out of touch with the present day political personalities of that country, else he would not have committed the blunder that he evidently has. And when the Mayor after having refreshed his contacts with the West committed the mistake, why blame the poor interviewer who had merely to reproduce what the globe girdler said. May be this was the result of doing things in a hurry.

INDIA'S ACHIEVEMENTS IN FIELD OF EDUCATION

Review Submitted Before Geneva Conference

NEW DELHI, July 15 (UPI).

CONSIDERABLE progress have been achieved in the field of education in the year 1948-49, according to a review submitted by the Government of India to the Twelfth International Conference on Public Education to be held in Geneva this month.

Giving an account of the progress in different spheres, such as basic and social education, training of teachers, secondary education, technical and military education, etc., the report records that four Provinces, namely, Assam, Bihar, Bombay and U.P. have already introduced compulsory primary education in different areas, while other Provinces are taking energetic measures for the spread of basic and social education in their respective areas.

In Assam, compulsory education has been introduced in 30 areas since February this year bringing one-fifth of the entire Province under compulsion. In Bihar simultaneously with the introduction of compulsory primary education on basic lines in different areas, the number of primary schools has been increased by over 500 to nearly 21,000 this year.

In Bombay along with compulsory primary education, a social education programme has also been launched in the city of Bombay and other rural areas. In U.P. 43 municipal areas have been brought under compulsory primary education which is now being extended to other areas. An intensive campaign of social education also has been launched.

In C.P. the spread of adult education made further progress and 451 social education camps were organised which issued certificates to 41,274 men and 20,924 women.

In Madras out of the 75 lakhs children of school-going age in the Province 35 lakhs are already attending elementary schools and the remaining 35 lakhs will be brought under compulsory education by two five-year plans. A scheme of citizenship schools for adult education has been drawn up and six rural colleges and 100 citizenship schools for adult education are being opened.

In Orissa all primary schools have been taken over by the Government, which are now being improved. In West Bengal an eight per cent increase in literacy during the last seven years has been recorded. Reform of secondary education also has been taken in hand.

TRAINING TEACHERS

To remove the shortage of trained teachers steps have been taken to provide increased facilities for their training as also improve their scales of pay. Over 40 training centres were opened in different Provinces for training in basic education.

A substantial increase in the number of secondary schools is also recorded along with the establishment of post-basic schools in certain Provinces which are meant to replace the usual type of academic high schools and follow a curriculum in which the productive activity is directly related to the vocation chosen by the pupil.

The Government of India have recently decided to appoint a Secondary Education Commission which will start functioning before the end of this year.

Facilities for technical education have also been increased likewise. In addition to the steps taken by the Centre for the establishment of a number of higher technical institutions and provision of increased funds for improvement of the existing ones, considerable work has also been done by the Provincial Governments. For the improvement and expansion of technical education within their respective areas.

UNIVERSITY EDUCATION

The year has also seen considerable expansion in University education. The Universities of Poona and Jammu and Kashmir are among those which were started during the year. The Universities of Karnataka, Gujerat and Ahmedabad are shortly to be established.

The special unit started in the Ministry of Education for dealing with the education and welfare of the blind has considerably expanded its activities during the year. A uniform Indian Braille was evolved and it has now been introduced in a majority of institutions for the blind.

The Government has also taken steps to encourage the use of audio-visual aids in schools and arrange for the training of teachers for the purpose and to promote ond encourage the production of Indian educational films through private efforts.

Plans for the establishment of a National War Academy near Poona to train officers for the Armed Forces has been finalised.

An outstanding event of the year was the inauguration of the interim Indian National Commission for co-operation with UNESCO, to serve as a liaison between UNESCO and such bodies and institutions in India as are concerned with the progress of science, education and culture and to act in an advisory capacity to the Government of India in matters connected with UNESCO.

The review concludes with a note of optimism saying that although evils which have accumulated through ages cannot be eradicated by a magic wand, there is no doubt that a beginning has been made and after the first flash of enthusiasm, our educators are now settling down to their task with determination and realism."

Prominent Hyderabad Red Leader Arrested

SECUNDERABAD, July 15 (UPI):—Mallem Venkateswar Rao, a prominent Communist of Krishna district (Madras Presidency) was arrested yesterday by the police at Ghanpur railway station while travelling from Hyderabad to Vijayavada, according to a report received here to-day.

Mr. Mallem has to his credit several murders including the recent father-and-son murder at Mallavaram, a border village in Krishna district.

A PRINCE'S DILEMMA

BOMBAY, FRIDAY.

An interesting legal point in respect of the personal rights and privileges of the princes of India has arisen when His Highness the Maharao of Cutch refused to let the Customs Authorites examine his personal luggage it is learned here today.

The Maharao recently returned from America when the Customs Authorities, as usual, wanted to examine his suitcase but the Maharao insisted to be exempted from this normal regulations. Accordingly, his suitcase was kept sealed and the matter referred to the Government of India for direction.

CONSERVE NATION'S RESOURCES

Punjab Congress Leaders' Appeal

NEW DELHI, July 15 (PTI).—An appeal to the people to "strengthen the National Government and help it in preserving peace and order" was made to by Dr. Saif-ud-Din Kitchlew, a former President of the Punjab Provincial Congress and other Congress leaders.

The signatories to the appeal issued today said that although they were fully aware of the "grievances of the masses" and knew that the "Government had not been able to do what it ought to have done for them", they felt that the people must conserve and consolidate the national resources.

They added that India was passing through a "transition period" and "our Government is still in its infancy." It had many problems to face and it would take time before they were completely solved.

Warning the people against the activity of the extremist elements the signatories said that if there was anarchy in India the "whole structure of society will collapse." They pointed out that only through constitutional and peaceful means could the nation progress.

Other signatories to the appeal are: Sardar Sant Singh, Dewan Bhau Ram Gandhi, Sardar Uttam Singh Duggal, Malik Nanak Chand, and Sardar Santokh Singh Vidyarthi.

Irrigation Engineers' Conference In Simla

NEW DELHI, July 15 (PTI): Over 100 engineers connected with irrigation and allied research will assemble from July 18 to 23 in Simla to discuss common problems and pool their knowledge and experience gained in various parts of the country, it was learnt here to-day.

The occasion will be the nineteenth annual meeting of the Research Committee of the Central Board of Irrigation, to be held under the Chairmanship of Mr. A. R. Venkatacharya, Chief Engineer for Irrigation, Madras, and President of the Board.

Among those expected to attend are Dr. Alexander Wolsky, of UNESCO, and Mr. J. M. Henderson, Malaria Engineer of the World Health Organisation. The latter will attend on the anti-malaria aspects of river valley projects in India. Officers representing the Indian Meteorological Department, the Indian Council of Agricultural Research, the ministries of Transport, Railways and Agriculture, the Indian Standards Institution and the Malaria Institute of India have also been invited to attend the meeting.

DEMAND FOR SIROHI STATE'S MERGER

Rajasthan Congress Resolution

NEW DELHI, July 15 (UPI).—The Working Committee of Rajasthan Congress which has been meeting here since the last few days, adopted today a resolution demanding that Sirohi State, which is at present administered by the Centre through Bombay Government, should be integrated with Rajasthan as the area is "one with Greater Rajasthan, culturally and linguistically."

Copy of the resolution will be forwarded to the States Ministry of the Government of India.

The Committee has also been discussing measures to tone up the Congress organisation in the State.

CLOSE LIQUOR SHOPS ON BORDER

MADRAS, July 15 (PTI): Mr. N. Sanjeeva Reddi, Prohibition Minister, told pressmen to-day that the Madras Government had addressed a communication to the Government of the United State of Travancore and Cochin suggesting the closure of liquor shops situated in areas bordering on the Province.

The Government, he added, had pointed out that the existence of these liquor shops prompted the people on the border areas to visit these shops, thus defeating the prohibition policy of the Government.

LOOK

WILLS'S
BERKELEY
for value
2 PICE PER CIGARETTE
5 ANNAS FOR 10
Subject to local tax adjustments

W. D. & H. O. WILLS, BRISTOL & LONDON



Early Improvement Attracts Realising Sales In Active Shares

BOMBAY, Julv 15.

The Stock Exchange opene steady today and during the early part of the sesion, the improvement was extended on further buying. However the rise attracted moderate realising which wiped off a portion of the improvement but the market was supported at the decline. The general feeling was better and the turn-over was also fairly good.

Tata Steel Defd. Shares opened at Rs. 1,210 and advanced at Rs. 1,220. At this level there appeared increased profittaking and the market declined at Rs. 1,195, but again rallied at 1,202-8 on renewed support. Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 253 and after advancing at Rs. 255 declined at Rs. 252.

Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 980 and after improving at Rs. 987-8 declined at Rs. 973 and steadied at Rs. 977. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 249 and after improving at Rs. 250 declined at Rs. 246 and steadied at Rs. 247. Svadeshi Shares opened at Rs. 267 and lost Rs. 3 at Rs. 264. Scindia Shares opened at Rs. 13-4 and after advancing at Rs. 13-9 declined to the opening level of Rs. 13-4.

Later on Tata Steel Defds. were done at Rs. 1,213-8 and Ordinary Shares were placed at Rs. 252-8. Second Preference were done at Rs. 138-2. Indian Irons were quoted at Rs. 21-15 and Bengal Steels were done at Rs. 17. Bombay Dyeings were steady at Rs. 980 and Central Indias were quoted at Rs. 203-12. Gokaks were placed at Rs. 236-4. Simplex were in demand at Rs. 150.

Tata Powers improved at Rs. 1,422-8 Belapurs were quoted at Rs. 172-8 and Burmas came in business at Rs. 250 Central Bank Shares improved at Rs. 78-8.

Towards the close there was some profittaking in Tata Steel Defds. which quietned at Rs. 1,202-8 and Ordinary Shares were done at Rs. 253. Bombay Dyeings were placed at Rs. 978 and Kohinors at Rs. 248. Closing tone was fairly steady.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES	
Bombay Dyeing (10-8)	978 12
Kohinoor Mills (4-2)	248 0
Svadeshi Mills (12-4)	265 0
Central India Mills (4)	203 0
Simplex Mills (3)	149 4
New Great Eastern (8)	125 0
Indore (9 plus 3)	117 8
Gokak Mills (12) XD	235 0
Century Spinning (15)	208 12
Colaba (12)	113 0
India Bleaching (6)	125 0
Swan Mills (20)	275 0
Finlay Mills (15)	233 0
Morarji Goculdas	415 0
Edward Sassoon (30)	192 8
Meyer (12)	110 0
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2 8 6
India United Ordinary (0-13-9)	10 12
India United Defd. (0-2-6)	1 10
Madhusudan Mills (15)	156 4
Podar (8)	130 0
Khatau Makanji (5)	189 0
STEEL SHARES	
Tata Steel Ord. (14)	253 0
Tata Steel Defd. (64-13)	1202 8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-3)	138 8
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (6)	139 4
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8)	253 12
Belapur Sugar (9)	172 0
Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-8)	20 8
Scindia Steam (0-3)	13 3
Premier Construction	76 12
Tata Chemical	8 2
Tata Oil (2)	44 12
Indian Iron (0-12)	21 13
Jengal Steel (0-8-9)	16 14
British India Corp (0-9)	7 8
I. Copper	1 13 0
Wimco	163 12
Alcock	238 12
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Power (25)	1430 0
Andhra Valley (30)	1357 8
Tata Hydro (3)	141 0

CASH SECTION

MILLS	
Elphinstone Mills (9)	81 0
Phoenix	135 0
Indian Mfg.	4150 0
Kuria	117 8
New City (4)	147 8
Minerva (12)	113 12
Bradbury	325 0
Bharucha Defd. (0-4)	4 9
Bharat-Mills (7)	27 0
Mysore Spg. Mills (8)	153 12
Madhavji Dhanjisi (0-12)	14 8
Model Mills (12-8)	157 8
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	580 0
Vishnu Cotton (8)	183 12
Western India (40)	6070 0
Standard (15)	208 0
Sholapur Mills (200)	3000 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (6-8)	15 0
Hindustan Mills (40)	4000 0
Tata Mills (2-4)	42 8
Ahmedabad Advance Old (9)	242 8
Ahmedabad Advance New	198 0
Sassoon Silk (3)	34 0
New Union Mills (0-8)	15 0
Madhusudan B (2-8)	35 0
Srinivas Mills (8)	153 12
Raja Bahadur Poona (4)	67 0
Berar Mills	281 4
Victoria Mills	225 0
ELECTRICS (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (4-9)	122 8
Ahmedabad New	43 4
Surat Electric (2-8)	126 4
Karachi Electric (2)	131 4
Broach (0-5)	7 0
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10 4
Amalgamated (0-12)	12 6
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	26 4
Poona Electric Supply (8)	146 14
Bombay Suburban (3) XR	127 8
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India (35)	1775 0
Imperial Bank of India pp (8-12)	438 12
Central Bank	78 4
Central Bank New (1-8)	78 0
Bank of India (4)	175 0
Union	7 1
Bank of Baroda (2-8)	119 8
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	40 0
United Commercial (8)	42 4
Jaipur Bank (1-6)	35 8
Hindustan Commercial	26 12
Mysore Bank (8)	365 0
Eastern Bank (0-14-6)	105 0
INSURANCE	
Oriental (125)	4050 0
Empire (10)	625 0
New India (7)	53 8
Jupiter (1-4)	14 4
Vulcan (0-10)	11 8
Indian Mercantile (21)	33 0
Universal (0-4)	11 4
B. I. G. (1)	17 2
Industrial and Prudential	29 8
Neptune	7 0
New Great	25 0
All India General	15 10
RAILWAY SHARES	
G. P. (1-14) XD	111 0
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steamer (10)	210 0
Bombay Burma New (5)	95 0
Burma Petrol	1 5 6
Mackenzie (6)	65 0
Port Canning (3)	62 0
Kemp and Co. (30)	382 8
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	130 0
Industrial Invest Trust (3-12)	84 0
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	32 0
Mukund Iron	19 0
Dena Trust (0-12)	18 0
Alembic (15)	150 0
Supreme India X.R.	
Jam Wire (8)	87 4
Bombay Uganda	60 4
Bombay Motor Cycle	30 0
Indian Cement (1937)	20 0
Walchand Nagar Industries (B.S.)	135 0
United Motor	32 0
Associated Cement New (2)	135 4
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	880 0
Hydary Construction	19 10
Manmadi Steam	96 0
Gujarat Motor	20 0
Sardar Carbolic X.D.	700 0
Harvey Press	810 0
Estrela Batteries	81 0
Manmad Press	120 0
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6)	192 8
Andhra Valley (7)	1235 0
Tata Power (7-8)	1310 0
Hydro Electric (7)	128 2
Bombay Steamer (6)	217 8
Central India (5)	625 0
Swadeshi Mills	126 4
Vishnu Mills (7)	646 4
Lakshmi Mills	258 12
New Great Mills (5-8)	220 0
Podar Mills (4)	105 0
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	106 4
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	305 0
Surat Electricity (3-4)	140 10
Pre. Construction First	98 8
Pre. Construction 2nd Pref.	100 0
Amalgamated	115 0
Habib	72 0
Tata Chemical	113 12
Walchandnagar	130 0
Jupiter	19 14
Supreme	100 0
Meyor	110 0
Mackenzie (1st)	85 0
Mackenzie (2nd)	80 0
Ahmedabad Advanc	132 8
Mysore Mill	50 0
Standard	99 0
Madhusudan	12 0
Khatau	100 12
Morarji	94 8
DEBENTURES.	
Andhra 1952	103 8
Gula Kalamsingh	8 9
Rubber Planting	17 0
Bombay Steamer	96 8
Indian Hume Pipe	101 0
Tata Power 1951	103 0
Walchandnagar	105 0
OUTSIDE SHARES.	
Burma Corporation	2 6
New Victoria Mills	2 0
New Victoria 2 (Pref.)	4 2
Faltan (8)	105 0
Gold Mohoor	312 8
New Kaiser Hind	360 0
Sajjan Mfg. (20)	160 0
Osmanshahi (10)	237 8
Azamshah	255 0
Air Services	4 12 6
Air India Tata	90 0
Hind Motor	3 5
India Steam	5 6

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, July 15.

The Stock Exchange opens steady members of the Bullion Exchange to even up all outstanding forward Silver transactions at Rs. 162-4. The Board has also fixed the settlement price of Gold at Rs. 112-8 but has given option to carry over forward contracts to the next settlement by paying Rs. 2-8 per tola.

Thus there was no fresh business in the forward market and members are preparing for Settlement which seemed to be in danger owing to the attitude of some members, not to confirm tejimandi transactions.

Ready Silver was quoted today at Rs. 161 and ready Gold was placed at Rs. 113-8. Sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 73-12.

The Bank again turned down all Silver tenders today as they were priced at Rs. 158.

Although members have noted in favour of Emergency but some members are still hesitating. The Board held a special meeting today for further discussion.

The market was easy on lower upcountry advices. Final quotations were as under:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Silver Ready	159	0	0
Gold Forward	108	8	0
Gold Ready	111	8	0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, July 15.

The local cotton market was quietly steady today with restricted business during the early part of the session.

September delivery opened at Rs. 613-8 and after declining at Rs. 613 improved at Rs. 614-8 on short covering.

Final quotations were as under:—

I. C. C. September 613 8 0

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton September Contract is 614 cent points below New York December at exchange rate 331.

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

ALEXANDRIA, July 14.

KARNAK July	68.85+160
„ Nov	55.55+ 35
„ Jan.	53.70+ 60
ASHMOUNI Aug.	44.38+38
„ Oct	44.50+42
„ Dec.	33.35+30

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, July 15.

2 1/2 per cent 1954	98	12	0
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100	10	0
2½ per cent 1955	99	14	0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	96	10	0
2 3/4 per cent 1960	99	9	0
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99	7	0
2 3/4 per cent 1976	95	12	0
3 per cent non-terminable	98	2	0
3 per cent 1286 Con.	98	2	0
3 per cent 1949-52	100	3	0
3 per cent 1951-54	101	12	0
3 per cent 1953-55	102	0	0
3 per cent 1957	101	10	0
3 per cent 1959/61	101	3	0
3 per cent 1963-65	100	8	0
3 per cent 1966-68	100	7	0
3 per cent 1970-75	100	1	0
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	104	12	0
3½ per cent 1960-70	110	6	0
4 1/2 per cent 1950-55	102	8	0
4½ per cent 1955-60	110	8	0
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68	114	4	0

PROVINCIAL LOANS

2 3/4 per cent U.P. 1961	97	6	0
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97	2	0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100	12	0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100	10	0
3 per cent Punjab 1949	100	0	0
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100	6	0
3 per cent U.P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent C.P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent N.W.F. 1952	98	2	0
3 per cent U. P. 1961-66	99	14	0
4 per cent B.P.T.	110	12	0
4 per cent B. Municipality	110	8	0
5 per cent B. Municipality 1959	114	0	0
3 per cent B. Municipal 1954	114	0	0
3 per cent B. Municipal 1950-60	107	0	0

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, July 15.

Tata Ordinary 253; Tata Deferred 1202-8; Indian Iron 21-13; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 16-14; Bombay Dyeing 978-12; Central India 203-12; Gokak 245; Kohinoor 248-12; Simplex 149-6; Swadeshi 265; Tata Power 1422-8; Associated Cement 139-6; Belapur 172-8; Bombay Burma (Old) 253-12; Scindia 13-4; Central Bank 78-8; New India 54; Tata 2nd Pref. 138-12.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, July 15.

MILLS

Apollo 2-8 2-7-9 2-8-3
B Dyeing 980 87-8 78-12 82-8 75 81-4 78-12
Bradbury Ord 325
C. India 205 1-8 3-8 3
Century 210 8-12
Colaba 113
E. Textiles 192-8
Finlay 232
Gokak 237 35 36 35
I. U. Defd 1-10 1-10-6 1-10
„ Ord 10-12 10-13-4 13-12
Indore 123-12 16-4 17-4
Kohinoor 250 47-4 43
Laxmi 581-4 82-8
Meyer 110
Morarji 415
Model 157-8
Mysore 153-12
New Great 128
Simplex 153 49-4
Svadeshi 268 69 65 66 65
Tata Mills 43-8 42-8

STEAMER

B Steam 210
Scindia 13-5 13-4 13-9 13-4 13-6 13-2-6 13-5 13-3

BANKS

Baroda 120-8 19-8
Central 78 78-8 78-4
„ New 76-8 78
Imperial P New 436-12
Habib 175-8
India 175-8 76-75
Union 7-2 7 7-1
U Commercial 42 49 42-4

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 121-14 22-8
Andhravalley 1360 62-8 57-8
Suburban 127-8 23-2 27-8
Surat 126-4
Hydro 141
Power 1430

INSURANCE

New India 53-8
Vulcan 11-8

STEEL

B. Steel 17-2 17-4 16-14
I. Iron 22-4 22-5 21-13
Tata Defd. 1210 20 5 13-12 1196-4 12-20 2-8.
Tata Ord 233 54 52 54 52-8 53-8 53
Tata Ind Pref. 137-12 38-8

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 237-8 38-12
A. C. C. Old 140 39-8 40-8 39-4
A. C. C. New 136 35-4
Belapur 174 75 72 72-8 72
B. B. Old 257-8 53-12
B. B. New 95
B. B. Petrol 1-4-6 1-5-6
B. I. C. 7-8
I. Copper 1-13-6
I Bleaching 124-8 25
P. Const. 78 78-3 76-12
Shivrajpur 20-8
Tata Chem. 8-1 8-2
Tata Oil 45 44-8 45-12
Walchandnagar 135
Wimco 160 65 62-8 63-12

SPECIAL

Ahmedabad Elec. New 43 43/4
Madhawji Conversation 302
Broacha Conversation 202

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, July 15.

The produce market was fairly steady today with scattered buying, which hardened linseed prices. Quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS—			
Khandesh quality	39	2	0
Coromandal ready	38	6	0
Bold rtady	38	6	0
June-July	38	6	0
August-September	37	12	0
November-December	32	9	0
CASTORSEEDS—			
Ready	26	4	0
LINSEED—			
Ready	30	0	0
June-July	30	0	0
August-September	29	7	0
GROUNDNUT OIL—			
Local Mills	21	9	0
Ready Mills	21	3	0
July	21	3	0
August	21	1	0
September	20	14	0
October	20	0	0
November	18	12	0
CASTORSEED OIL—			
First pressing quality	17	0	0
Castorseed oil Commercial quality	16	8	0

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, July 15.

B C Rates T T D D 1-5 15/16 Ready.
B C Rates T T D D 1-5 29/32 up to 6 Months.
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Ready.
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month.
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month.
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month.
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 9th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th—9th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Month.
New York and Montreal B C Rate T T Rs. 332 1/4.
Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 332 1/4
Banks Buying T T Rs. 330.
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 328 3/4 Montreal Rs. 328 1/2.
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 329 Rs. 328 3/4 L/C.
Paris Banks Selling T T Fcs. 8100.
Paris Banks Buying T T Fcs. 8320.
Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D D Fl. 79.
Belgium Banks Selling T T D D Fcs. 1305.
Java Banks Selling T T D D Gld. 79.
Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 83 1/4.
Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 157.
Manila Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 165 3/4.

New York/London Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4; London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs. 52. 57-53. 43; London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia 97 1/4-3/4; London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70; London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tcl. 40; London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 176 1/2-3/4; London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36; London/Hongkong Cross Rate 1/2 15/16-1/2 25/32 London/Iran Cross Rate Rl. 128-130; London/Java Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70; London Lisbon Cross Rate Es. 99.80-100.20; London/Manila Cross Rate Pes. 8.09-8.14; London/Montreal Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London/New York Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London/Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02; London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 1096-1098; London/Prague Cross Rate K. 201-202; London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4 1/16-2/4 3/16; London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr. 14.47-50; London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs. 17.34-36.

London Discts. 3 Mos 5/8 p.c. London Discts. 6 Mos. 3/4 p.c.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c; Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.

Money:—Call 3/4 p.c.; 3 Mos. 1 p.c.; 6 Mons. 1-1/4 p.c., 12 Mos. 1-1/2 p.c.

Tone:—Easy.

Calcutta Stock Exchange Easier On Profit-Taking

CALCUTTA, July 15, (Reuter):

The market ruled slightly easier today in respect of the more speculative stocks due to profit-taking. Following are todays final transactions upto 1-45 p.m.:—

GOVT. SECURITIES: Three per cent loan 1986 98/5 three per cent loan 1966/68 100/5 CT three per cent loan 1970/75 100/1.

BANKS: Bengal central 6/8 SL Hindustan Commercial 17/12 Hoogly 3/15 United Commercial 39/-.

COTTONS: Cawnpore Textiles 8/10 Elgin Mills 14/7 Ex-Div. Muir Mills 283/- New Victoria Ordy. 1/15.

COALS: Bengal 400/- Bhalgora 5/4 Burrakur 11/10 Central India 4/12 New Beerbhoom 13/5 Raneegunge 11/- Samla 6/11 Searsole 6/4 South Karanpura 23/8 Talcher 3/5 Western Bengal 4/1.

MISCELLANEOUS: Burma Corp. 2/3 consolidated tin annas thirteen Indian Copper 1/14 tavoy tin annas ten Sone Valley Cement 5/- Alkali and Chemical 8/- Calcutta Electric 15/14 Braithwaite and Co. 7/2 Jessop and Co. 12/- Indian Iron 21/14 Marshalls 4/12 Saran Eng. 7/6 Steel Corp. 16/15 Ditto Pref. 18/- Textile Machinery 5/12 BIC 7/6 Martin Burn 13/6 Calcutta Trams PF 12/8 British Burma Petrol 1/4 Titaghur Paper 28/6 Midnapore Zemindary 59/- India Steamship 5/6.

SUGARS: Belsund 2/11 Carew and Co. 7/5 Cawnpore 19/14.

TEAS: Bishnauth 28/4 Daaracherra 7/1 Dessai and Parbuttia 245/- Gohpur 23/8 X Div. Tezpur 16/- Tukvar 7/2.

AMSTERDAM STOCK EXCHANGE

AMSTERDAM, July 14, (PTI-Reuter): Interest was centred around Aku which scored a moderate advance on increased public buying following the favourable annual report. Elsewhere prices eased following the early small improvements. Dealings were very quiet.

CONCESSIONS UNDER OLD OGL

Last Shipment Date Extended

The Government of India announced on June 1 and 7, 1949, its policy regarding the honouring by importers of firm commitments made on or before May 4 in respect of certain commodities which, although included in the old O.G.L. XI, are excluded from the new O.G.L. XV. Last date for receipt of applications by the licensing authorities was June 30, 1949, and no applications are now being entertained.

It will take some time for all such applications to be dealt with and licences granted, where admissible. Therefore, as already announced, shipments effected between June 1, and July 15, 1949 in pursuance of firm contracts, covered by irrevocable letters of credit entered into on or before May 4, 1949 and which are in force during this period of shipment, are allowed clearance on importation against a letter of gurantee, provided the customs authorities are satisfied as to the applicability of OG.XI concessions and the necessary documents are produced to their satisfaction.

It has now been decided to extend the last date for such shipemnts from July 15 to August 15, 1949 under the same conditions as already prescribed, provided the irrevocable letters of credit are in force during the time of shipment.

It should particularly be noted that the import of goods effected not strictly in accordance with the prescribed regulations will be treated as unauthorised.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

The following is the Statement of the Affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 8th July:—

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.
CAPITAL:—	5,62,50,000
Reserve Fund	6,27,50,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts	253,22,47,000
Sundries	2,00,69,000
Total Rs.	267,13,16,000

ASSETS.

	Rs.
INVESTMENTS:—	
Government Securities	90,72,66,000
Other Authorised Investments	9,93,59,000
ADVANCES:—	
Loans	26,40,32,000
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	79,26,04,000
Bills Discounted and purchased	8,77,18,000
Dead Stock	1,55,96,000
Sundries	1,16,83,000
CASH:—	
In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India	36,71,36,000
Balances with other Banks	12,59,22,000
Total Rs.	267,13,16,000

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

We give below the net profits for the half-year ended 30th June, 1949, andG teheir distribution:—

	Rs.
Net Profits for the half-year ended 30th June 1949	66,03,600
Brought forward from 31st December 1948	47,69,300
	Rs. 1,13,72,900
The Directors have declared a dividend of 14 p.c. per annum, absorbing	39,37,500
Transferred to Reserve Fund	2,50,000
Transferred to Pension Funds	1,39,400
Bonus to Staff	15,50,000
Carried forward	54,96,000
	Rs. 1,13,72,900

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

ATLANTIC COAST arrived from Konan, with Ammonium sulphate 7,850 tons on July 14.

JOHN BAKKE arrived from New York with water ballast on July 15.

RANCHI arrived from Sydney, Australia with general cargo 2,460 tons on July 14.

STRATEDEN sailed for London with 976 passengers and general cargo of 3,454 tons on July 14.

Tariff Board To Investigate State Of Bleaching Powder Industry

BOMBAY, Friday

Government of India, Ministry of Commerce have referred to the Tariff Board for investigation certain applications received for assistance or protection to the Costic Soda and Bleaching Powder Industry. The issue of detailed questionnaires to producers, consumers and importers is under consideration of the Board and as soon as they are ready, it will be only notified to the different interests concerned.

In the meantime, "a preliminary questionnaire for producers" of the above mentioned articles is ready for issue and producers interested in the same may obtain copies from the Secretary, Indian Tariff Board, Contractor Building, (3rd floor), Nicol Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

Plantain Acreage Increases In Surat District

SURAT, July 14 (PTI): Acreage under plantain in Surat district has increased by over hundred per cent during the past four years. In 1944-45 the area covered by plantain groves was 917 acres while this year it is estimated over two thousand acres under plaintain.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel had advised the farmers of Bardoli to take to plantain cultivation, himself setting an example by cultivating a wadi in the Bardoli Ashram which is under his trusteeship. These societies have been exporting plantains even to Delhi and Northern India at the rate of rupees seven a Bengali maund.

Short Covering In New York Cotton On Weather Complaints

WALL STREET MARKET STEADY BUT CONFUSED OVER STEEL DISPUTE

NEW YORK, July 14. (PTI-Reuter).

Prices steadied after opening irregularities with scattered local and trade buying attributed partially to reported overnight rains in sections of the eastern and central belts which are conducive to weevil activity.

Extreme fardistants registered very steep gains evidently based on the idea they are selling below the prospective loan level Fardistant months attracted further support on the belief that the 90 per cent parity loan proviso will be continued to cover the 1950 crop but the market then sagged mainly due to profit-taking. Later prices steadied again on trade buying and covering based on weather complaints and export prospects.

Sir Stafford Cripps' statement was not a feature so far as cotton is concerned. The session closed barely steady. The sales are estimated at 150,000 bales.

The cotton exchange service estimated June consumption in domestic mills at 575,000 bales compared with 580,000 in May and 728,000 in June last year.

NEW YORK COTTON CLOSING.

New York, July 14

October	29.61—03
October Highest	29.69+05
October Lowest	29.60—04
December	29.49—01
March	29.41—01
May	29.30+03
July	28.75+03
Middling Spot	33.25—15

NEW ORLEANS COTTON CLOSINGS.

New York, July 14.

October	29.52
December	29.41
March	29.35
May	29.23
Middling Spot	31.75

WALL STREET MARKET. STOCKS.

The confused situation in the steel dispute and technical considerations brought small losses in limited activity. As the market shifted irregularly lower, rayons came under pressure following estimates that yarn and staple fibre deliveries in June were still 27 per cent below the same month last year.

Oils were somewhat unsettled by unfavourable earnings compared with a year ago especially of companies depending on crude oil sales. The averages were industrials 173.27 and rails 44.13.

Pressure tended to slacken bringing mostly fractional changes either way in a slight majority of gains. The British dollar cuts announcement had little or no effect with main attention riveted on the labour and business outlook. With the industrial average through the 171 to 172 resistance level, some feel that an increasing weight of short-covering may be encountered. Most believe, however, that progress upward will at best be much slower henceforth. The session closed very steady.

NEW YORK CLOSING STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES

NEW YORK, July 14.

Texas gulf sulphur	62-1/2
Tidewater oil	21-1/4
Timken roller bearing	39-3/4
Union carbide	37-7/8
U. S. Industrial chemical	21-1/2
U. S. Gypsum	99
U. S. Steel Pref.	132-1/2
Western Union "A"	14-1/4
West Pennsylvania Electric	20-1/4
Youngstown sheet and tube	62
Aluminium Corporation	49-3/4
American cyanamid	43-5/8
American gas and electric	46-3/4
Brazilian Traction	16-3/4
Consolidated gas of Baltimore	61-3/8
Louisiana Land	20-3/8
Baltimore & Ohio (Bid)	8-3/4

WORTH STREET MARKET

NEW YORK, July 14 (UPA)

Forming in print cloth prices was reported in Worth Street today. Tightening of prices in the print cloth section was reported by a leading converter. Many bids made below the current level were being ignored.

Although there is a better feeling in general as far as prices are concerned, it was pointed out that most business is continuing on a hand to mouth basis with most deliveries scheduled for July and early August.

Activity in drills and twills continued at a good pace.

NEW YORK COPRA MARKET

NEW YORK, July 14 (UPA)

A small amount of copra today sold for 165 dollars a short ton c.i.f. Pacific in the July position. Sellers recently were offering anywhere between 160 and 165 dollars while bids for copra at 152.50 were refused. It was not disclosed just now how much copra changed hands at the 165 level but estimates placed the amount at 500 tons.

New offering price were posted for cocoanut oil today: 15 to 15 1/4 for prompt delivery; 14 1/2 for first half of August; 14 for second half of August; and 13 1/4 for September. All prices are f.o.b. mills.

SILVER TURNOVER IN NEW YORK MARKET

NEW YORK, July 14, (PTI-Reuter): Silver: The turnover was about 200,000 ounces at unchanged 71-3/4 cents per ounce.

CHICAGO GRAINS.

CHICAGO, July 14. (PTI-Reuter).

GRAINS: Fluctuated irregularly in very quiet dealings until the late weakness in soyabeans caused other cereals to decline to new lows for the day. Earlier occasional support for wheat was readily supplied by hedges and Commission House profit-taking. In maize much attention was given to the news of maize border infestation in Illinois.

INCREASED ACTIVITY IN N. Y. PEPPER MARKET

NEW YORK, July 14, (PTI-Reuter):

BLACK PEPPER: Activity in spot black pepper showed signs of expanding today as dealers and grinders were displaying more interest. The market was firm with some business done at 1.04 dollar level while there were limited offerings at 1.05 dollars. Reflecting the strength in the spot market, sales of October and December black pepper futures were made on the New York Produce Exchange at 200 points over the previous finals. Today's closing quotations were as follows: Black Pepper: Spot 104.00 traded, July 107.00 asked, September 104.00 bid, October 104.00 bid, December 96.00 bid, January 80.00 bid, March 69.00 bid, May 66.00 bid. White pepper spot. 1.55 nominal.

LONDON PEPPER MARKET FIRM

LONDON, July 14, (PTI-Reuter): The pepper market was very firm with the position aggravated, though so far not unduly disturbed, by the London dock workers dispute. Black lampong July/August was 3/4 d. dearer at 5s. 6d. per pound c.i.f. basis ports. Small sales were made of Malabar c.i.f. United Kingdom at 590 s. with 590 s. also quoted for c.i.f. New York. White Muntock and Sarawak were sparing offered at 7s. 6-1/2d. per pound c.i.f. basis ports but interests was small.

SINGAPORE PEPPER PRICES

SINGAPORE July 14, (PTI-Reuter): Inquiries from the United Kingdom, Hongkong and Siam coupled with very small arrivals saw the development of a firm trend on the Singapore pepper market. Black Lampong further improved to 295 and White Muntok to 410 dollars per picul ex-godown.

NEW YORK RUBBER MARKET

NEW YORK, July 14 (UPA)

Rubber futures succumbed to profittakng after recent advances on the New York market today.

Declining prices at London and Singapore and the drop in price here were factors behind the decline. Another reason was the general belief that rubber consumption was declining while world production was mounting.

The trade took in stride the report of ECA purchases of fair quantities of rubber on the London Rubber Exchange during the past few days for United States stock piling account. The buying was spread out and will be made in moderate amounts in order not to upset the market prices, it was stated.

The market closed two to 28 points lower. There were 123 sales. The spot price was 16-3/4 cents.

ESSENTIAL OILS FROM COMMUNIST CHINA

NEW YORK, July 14 (UPA)

Dealers in armatic flavours and essential oils believe the Chinese communists will permit and encourage exports of this important Chinese money-maker to the United States.

Dodge and Olcutt, in company's bimonthly publication, reports its North China agents have been permitted to reopen.

China supplies an oil which is used for licoric flavour, musk used in perfumes and cassia oil which supplies a cinamon flavour. Most of the trade presently is moving through Canton and Hongkong but even should Canton fall, Dodge and Olcut expect the trade to continue through Macao and Hongkong. The company expressed confidence that short of war it would be able to keep its customers supplied.

BRUSSELS STOCK EXCHANGE

BRUSSELS, July 14, (PTI-Reuter): Bourse: The prolonged cabinet deadlock served to restrict activity still further but prices generally held firm further but prices generally held steady around the previous closing levels. Canadian Pacific were firm in reflection of yesterday's advance on Wallstreet while domestic electricity issues again gained some ground. Metals were narrowly irregular while Colonials improved slightly.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, July 14.

	£
2-1/2 p.c. British Consols	75
3-12 p.c. Conversion Loan 1961	102-1/4
4 p.c. Funding Loan 1960-90	110
3-1/2 p.c. War Loan 1952	100-5/8
Chartered Bank of India	10-1/16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	90-1/2
National Bank of India	34-1/2

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange was officially placed at 5,332.

NEW YORK SILVER

NEW YORK, July 14.

TRADE AND FINANCE

SHORT-TERM MONEY MARKET WELL SUPPLIED WITH FUNDS

Bull Support And Short Covering In Stock Market

(from O... Special Correspondent)

BOMBAY J... 15

MONEY

Though not reflected ... tion in rates the short-term money market continued to be well supplied with funds. Day-to-day loans are quoted at 1 2 per ... while three months' deposits stood at 1 1 4 per cent and six months at 1 1 2 per cent.

A decline of Rs 4 46 ... in active note circulation and a corresponding increase in the ... Banking Department are revealed in the weekly returns for the Reserve Bank of India for the period ended 6th July 1949. Foreign Securities held in the Issue Department were reduced by Rs 9 crores while Government of India Rupee Securities have been stepped up by a similar amount. In the Banking Department Bankers' deposits are slightly higher by Rs 74 lakhs but both Government assets and Miscellaneous liabilities are down by Rs 62 lakhs and Rs 1 55 crores respectively. Balances held abroad show a rise of Rs 1 45 crore being the net results of the transfer of Foreign Securities from the Issue Department. Investments have been reduced by Rs 7 65 crores.

The statement of affairs of the Imperial Bank of India, for the week ended 8th July 1949 reveals a decline of Rs 2 75 crores in Deposits while Advances are down by Rs 5 98 crores. The net result of these changes is an increase of Rs 3 crores in the cash holdings of the Bank, which now stands at Rs. 49 crores.

GILT-EDGED

The gilt-edged market ruled steady with moderate investment enquiry confined particularly to long-dated loans. 3 per cent 1986 conversion loan, however, was quietly steady around Rs 98-4 throughout the week. Among dated loans 3 per cent 1951-54 loan was quoted at Rs 101-13 and 3 per cent. 1953-55 loan at Rs 102 1 per cent. 1957 Victory loan was placed higher at Rs. 101-12. There were buyers of 4 per cent 1959-61 loan around Rs 101-6 whilst both 3 per cent 1963-65 loan and 3 per cent 1966-68 loan reported business around Rs 100-10 and Rs. 100-6 respectively.

3 per cent. 1949 52 LOAN

It was announced on Monday the 11th instant, that conversion of the maturing 3 per cent 1949 52 loan amounted to about Rs 32 crores of which approximately Rs 25 crores were in 2 1 2 per cent 1955 loan and Rs 7 crores in 2 3 4 per cent 1962 loan.

EXCHANGE

The rupee-sterling exchange market ruled quietly steady during the week with moderate business passing around quoted rates. Forward business sellers of spot TT on London quoted 1s. 5 31-32d and buyers 1s 6d. Merchant rates fixed by Exchange Banks Association were unchanged as under: Sellers of TT on London spot 1s 5 31 32d. Sellers of TT on London 3 3 4x months 1s 5 15 16d. Buyers of TT on London spot and up to nine months 1s 6 1 16d.

GOLD

Forward trading in the gold section remained suspended throughout the week following the difficulties in the settlement of option business in the silver market. The readjustment however displayed considerable strength on sustained offtake and the arrival of the usual quantity of Indian mine gold was easily absorbed without adverserv affecting the price trend. From Rs 111-6 at the start the quotations for ready gold steadily moved up to Rs 114-2 on Wednesday and closed around Rs 113-8. The price of sovereigns remained practically stable around Rs 73-12. Stocks of gold in hand are reported to be about 30 40 tolas. Arrivals are said to have averaged about 10,000 tolas a day and the offtake at 8,000 tolas. The highest and lowest rates touched during the week were Rs 114 2 and Rs 111-4 for ready.

SILVER

It is reported that as a result of the refusal by some dealers to honour their commitments in the option business there was considerable confusion and consequently trading in the forward section of the silver market remained suspended during the week.

It was learnt on Wednesday that a solution of the deadlock arising out of the option business had been found and the defaulting parties had been persuaded to honour the option contracts. In the meantime the Board of Directors of the Association have declared a state of emergency and a plebiscite of the members was taken on Thursday. After the members have given the Association a mandate obtaining the permission of the Government of Bombay to assume emergency powers. In the ready section a marked improvement in the spot prices together with the consistent retail of the Reserve Bank of India silver at lower rates was responsible for a gradual hardening of rates. From the opening level of Rs 159-12 spot silver was marked upto Rs 164-4 on Tuesday but was again quoted at Rs 161-8 at the close. The offtake during the week was on a fair scale averaging about 120 bars a day whilst the dealing stocks are put around 4,000 bars. In the overseas markets the New York as well as the London silver quotations remained stationary at 71 1 2 cents and 43 1 2d through out. The highest and lowest ready rates touched in the local market were Rs. 164-4 and Rs. 159-12.

SHARES

An improved sentiment pervaded the stock exchange during the week under review and prices moved up steadily on bull support as well as short covering. The recovery is ascribed largely to technical considerations.

The steel section led the rise. Tata Defds recorded a gain of over 100 points to Rs 1,220 and never really looked back during this process. Tata Ordinaries registered a similar rise from Rs 236 to Rs. 254. Textiles also rallied firm in the wake of steels although buying in this section was confined to a selected scrips. Bombay Dyings remained in the foreground with a spectacular rise in the quotations from Rs 926-4 to Rs. 987 8. Kohinoors came next with a spurt from R 234 to Rs 250. Swadeshis also participated in the rise and moved up from Rs 255 to Rs 269 and Nagpurs from Rs. 193 to Rs 203. Bora Hydroelectrics and Bank shares ruled steady. Andhra Valleys were quoted at Rs 13-7-8 while Powers reported some business at Rs 1,430. Central Banks were old up from Rs 74-3 to Rs 78-4, whilst Imperial Banks and Bank of Indias were maintained around Rs 1,775 and Rs. 175 respectively. In the miscellaneous group of shares Associated Cements attracted special attention, the quotation moving up briskly from Rs. 132-4 to Rs 141 on good investment support. Belapurs and Bombay Burmas were practically steady at Rs. 172 and Rs. 250. Scindia Steams were quiet at Rs. 13-4 and New Indias at Rs. 84.

CALCUTTA MARKETS

The share market in Calcutta also witnessed active trading conditions and on good speculative and investment support prices were marked up barring those of jute shares. The volume of business was reported to be fairly large.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER

NEW YORK, July 15.

Previous Closing	....	29.61
Today's Opening	....	29.62
Difference	....	+1
Today's Closing	.....	29.64
Difference	....	+3

(New York Cotton Market will remain closed today Saturday).

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, July 15.

Silver Bullion	Rs.	159	4 0
Gold Ready	Rs	112	0 0
Sovereign	Rs.	73	8 0

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

NEW YORK, July 15

Opening prices Anaconda Copper mining 48-1 4. General Motors 69-1 2, US Steel common 21-3 4, Pref. unquoted.—Reuter

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

DISPLAYS FIRM TREND

LONDON, July 15 (PTI-Reuter).—The news of twenty-five per cent reduction in United Kingdom dollar imports was received calmly by the London Stock Exchange today. Some of the issues likely to be affected were fractionally lower at the outset but losses had more than recovered at close. Quiet firmness was noticeable in most sections.

Reason for this persistent firmness is elusive. Some London financial circles profess to be puzzled by continued upswing in prices in face of the continuation of labour troubles and import cuts. There is, however, fairly considerable bear position in industrial equities which is helping to absorb odd sales and is creating a solid undertone. Giltedged short dated stocks continued in good demand today and a large turnover was reported. Prices were fractionally firmer.

In the oil section, Trinidad issues showed renewed firmness on fresh buying. Others were quietly steady. European bonds were again supported and closed firm. Exceptionally Czechos six per cents lost part of recent gains. Foreign rails were fractionally lower where mentioned. Lack of interest brought slightly lower levels to most South African Minings.

Madras Share Market

MADRAS, July 15.

On the stock exchange a large ngs were again in the Limelight particularly Pierce Leslies issues. Among Textiles Cambodias changed hands at rupees 9 2 whilst good buyers appeared both for Maduras and Puckimnams. In the Miscellaneous section Pacts forged ahead with buyers at rupees 3 10 but Mettur Chemicals continued on offer. Other sections remained neglected. The market closed firmly steady.

Following are today's quotations:

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: Govt. of India Loans 3 per cent paper 98 6, 3 per cent 1986 98 2, 3 per cent 1977-75 100 1 3 per cent 1966 68 100 7. Travancore Loans 3 per cent 1952 54 100 13. Govt. of Madras Loans 3 per cent 1:55 100 8 3 per cent 1960 100.

BANKS: Travancore 14 4.

PLANTINGS: Chembra 4 3. Devasnola 14. Nellampathi 0 15 6. Ouchterlony 4 11. Pullangode annas fourteen. Thirumbadi 1 6 T. R. & T. Co. 1 6. Vaikundam 4 12.

TEXTILES: Buckingham 130. Preference 7 1 2 per cent 189 4 Lakshmi 66 8. Madura 35 12. Mettur 267 8. Radhakrishna 136 8. Rajalakshmi 53 8. Ranga Vilas 44 12 ex. div., Travancore Rayons 2 12. Trichinopoly 10 4.

MISCELLANEOUS: Pact 3 10. Mettur Chem 5 15.

RE-EXPORTS FROM PAKISTAN

Procedure Clarified

NEW DELHI, July 15

The disposal of applications for the re-export of goods imported into Pakistan and destined for the Indian Dominion which had been shipped and paid for before December 31, 1947, has been reviewed from time to time.

To remove all possible grounds for confusion or misunderstanding, the importers concerned are informed that all claims for re-export of such goods should be registered in the office of the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, Karachi, where the port of importation was Karachi and in the office of the Deputy Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, Chittagong, where the port of importation was Chittagong. In registering fresh cases and furnishing the required evidence in respect of pending cases the applicants should produce:

Invoice or Invoices covering the consignment; Exchange Control copy of the Bill of Entry. (In the absence of Exchange Control copy, any other copy or the Bill of Entry No. (Cash) and date, with steamer and cargo particulars); Bank draft duly discharged; Bank's Memorandum of charges retiring the relevant draft.

In case in which the original documents have been lost and cannot be now retrieved, the applicants should submit such other documents as will establish the identity of the goods, the fact that they were destined for the Indian Dominion and that they were not paid for out of Pakistan's foreign exchange.

It is further notified that all claims for re-export together with the necessary documentary evidence should be registered in the office of the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports at Karachi or in the office of the Deputy Chief Controller of Imports and Exports Chittagong, if the port of importation was Chittagong, within four months from the date (July, 14, 1949) of publication of this Press Note. No claim received after this period will be entertained.

STRICTURES AGAINST CONGRESS CHIEF

Indore Minister Deplores Interference

(From Our Correspondent).

INDORE, July 15.—Strong strictures against Mr. Kanahiyalal Khadiwala, President of the Indore City Congress Committee and member, A.I.C.C., and Syed Hamidali, former Minister for Local Self-Government in the Malwa Union are contained in the judgment delivered by Mr. Raghunandan Sharan Sharma, Minister for Local Self-Government of Malwa Union in an appeal by Mr. Babulal Patodi, President and 16 other Congress Party members of the Indore City Municipal Council whose resignations were recently accepted by Syed Hamidali.

The judgment while ordering the reinstatement of Mr Patodi and others to their original offices in the Council, throws sufficient light on Congress interference in the administration of the State.

In December last, Mr. Jai Prakash Narayan, the Socialist leader was to visit Indore and the Municipal Council resolved to present him with an address of welcome. The President of the Indore City Congress Committee, Mr. Khadiwala expressed himself against this move of the Congress Party with the result that the 17 members of the Council including its President (who all were members of the Congress Party) submitted a joint resignation to the Minister for Local Self-Government through the President of the City Congress Committee. Mr Jai Prakash, however, later cancelled his visit to Indore.

On January 24 the Leader of the Congress Municipal Party wrote a letter to the City Congress President withdrawing the resignations and requesting that the joint letter of resignation be returned back.

Towards the end of March, Mr. Khadiwala took out the December letter of resignation and sent it to Syed Hamidali, then Minister for Local Self-Government. Two nominated seats of these 17 vacancies were filled up by the Minister while the 15 elected seats remained vacant.

The Council continued functioning with a new President.

Mr. Raghunandan Sharan Sharma, in his judgment observes that the Minister has accepted the resignation pretending that it was not withdrawn. It is also remarkable that during the intermediatery period of five months, the 17 members remained in office and never asked the Minister to relieve them from the membership. It is quite strange that the Minister had talks with Mr. Khadiwala before the acceptance of resignation but the members were neither called by him nor any correspondence was exchanged.

Concluding Mr. Sharma observes that Mr. Khadiwala had no authority to forward the resignations to the Minister, that the resignations became invalid and that there was nothing before the Minister to accept. The review application be, therefore, allowed and status-quo maintained as on April 27 this year when the resignations were accepted, observed Mr.

Ahmedabad Share Market

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, July 15.

With some profit-taking at higher level and scattered selling of bears market closed with slight weak undertone fluctuations.

Calico opened 969 highest 981 lowest 965. Arvind opened 1,360 highest 1,365 lowest 1,352. Ambica opened 370 highest 371 lowest 366. Deferred opened 1,205 highest 1,220 lowest 1,195. Closing quotations: Calico 969. Arvind 1,360. Ambica 369. Ashok 615. Bhalkia 132 8, deferred 1,193.

NATIONAL CADET CORPS PARADE



Lieut.-General Maharaj Shri Rajendrasinhji, GOC-in-C, Southern Command inspecting the Battalion ceremonial parade of the National Cadet Corps held recently in Poona to bid farewell to 7 cadets selected for training at the Armed Forces Academy, Dehra Dun.

PATIALA CITY THREATENED WITH FLOODS

Thousands Trek For Safety

PATIALA, July 15 (P.T.I.).

THOUSANDS of people, grasping their belongings, were trekking for a safer altitude as loud speakers blared a Government warning of "imminent danger to certain parts of Patiala City."

The warning said the danger was due to "several breaches" in the Stor Canal. The water level in the Canal was reported to be rising.

Since yesterday Patiala has been having a heavy downpour and the chart shows over ten inches of rainfall.

A large number of people were evacuated on elephants, in motor boats and amphibious jeeps from the areas adjoining the breached Stor Canal. Police and military have been detailed to close and strengthen suspected points in the Canal.

Basan Pura, located on the Grand Trunk Road, is submerged by the floodwaters of the Stor Canal. A breach in the road has blocked up all vehicular traffic.

SUTLEJ RISING

An official report said the water level of River Sutle at Rupar Canal had touched danger point and was still rising, being fed by incessant rainfall in the hills.

The refugee camp at Rajpura, housing about 7,000 persons in the Patiala and East Punjab States Union is completely under water, according to reports received here.

AMBALA: Two boys were drowned in the Canal near the Baldev Nagar refugee tent camp sheltering 10,000 displaced persons.

About 100 Government-built mud-huts for refugees were washed away causing damage estimated at Rs. 90,000. No loss of life, however, is reported.

Ambala received nearly four inches of rainfall during the last 24 hours.

SITUATION WORSENS

The flood situation in Patiala further deteriorated. The entire city is now engulfed from various sides as a result of two breaches in the store Channel—Navi Naddi—on the outskirts of the city.

The road from Rajpura to Patiala for a stretch of six miles is submerged and at many places water is is six feet deep. The railway line is also under water and the morning train coming from Ambala was stopped beyond the Railway bridge and passengers with their belongings had to wade through knee-deep water to reach the station.

About 12 villages in the surrounding area have been completely washed away. With the help of military personnel however villagers were evacuated with whatever luggage they could carry on their persons.

Prakasam To Meet Sardar

TO DISCUSS MADRAS AFFAIRS

Memorandum Submitted To Congress Executive

NEW DELHI, July 15 (PTI).—Mr. T. Prakasam, former Premier of Madras, and eight other members of his group have submitted for consideration of the Congress Working Committee a memorandum containing allegations against some of the present Madras Ministers.

The memorandum also replies to charges made against the Prakasam Ministry.

The signatories to the memorandum are stated to be representatives of about 40 Madras legislators who had on July 6 asked for a re-shuffle of the present Madras Cabinet.

Mr. Prakasam, it was learnt, will call upon Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister, to discuss L'Affaires Madras.

Ex-Premier Of Sikkim To Meet Nehru

CALCUTTA, July 15 (PTI).—Mr. Tashi Tsering, ex-Premier of Sikkim, has arrived here on his way to Delhi to meet India's Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

Mr. Tsering was the Premier of the State till the time of its administration being taken over by the Government of India about two months ago. He leaves for Delhi this afternoon.

DANISH LEGATION IN INDIA SOON

COPENHAGEN, July 15 (PTI-Reuter): Arrangements for the establishment of a Danish Legation in India were well underway and an official announcement was expected shortly, an official of the Danish Foreign Office said today.

PUT OFF SOCIAL REFORM: FOOD COMES FIRST

Act Now To Prevent Chaos: Mr. Munshi's Call

BOMBAY, Friday.

MR. K. M. MUNSHI today called upon the people of India to shake off their lethargy and to raise "a giant wave of enthusiasm" to solve the twin problems of food shortage and the Communist menace and thus prevent the creeping national disintegration.

Addressing a Progressive Group meeting at the Greens Hotel this evening, on "The Need of the Hour", Mr. Munshi said that the very existence of the nation depended on the way in which they waged what he called "the food-cum-Communist war".

He even sugested that the Provincial Governments should put off temporarily certain social reform schemes and concentrate solely on achieving self-sufficiency in food.

He warned that if the food problem was not tackled efficiently within the next two years, Communism would spread in the country resulting in chaos and disorder.

WORLD DISORDER

Remarking that Communism was not a world order, but "a world disorder and a positive evil", Mr. Munshi said that the post-war unsettlement and food shortage proved fertile soil for the spread of this dangerous cult. The fall of China to the Communists was of tremendous significance to all Asiatic countries, especially to India. Communism was knocking at the doors of India, Indonesia and Burma.

Reminding the audience that nearly three-fourths of Asia was under Communist domination, Mr. Munshi asserted that the only nation which could exercise a stablising influence in Asia was India. "India holds the most stablising role in the whole world as the stability of Asia has much to do with the preservation of world peace", he declared.

The need of the hour, Mr. Munshi continued, was for the people to realise the critical situation through which the country was passing. He was sorry to hear people criticising the Congress and the Government in and out of season.

APATHY

A feeling of popular apathy was evident among the people and this was a symptom of popular demoralisation. He urged his countrymen to stand by their Government and strengthen it to help tide over the present crisis.

Mr. Munshi also referred to the criticism of the Congress and said that it was the greatest national agency in the country which had won them freedom. It was for the public to put moral pressure to achieve consolidation of the Congress organisation.

He said in the present crisis there was no room for a two-party Government. Congressmen on their part should work honestly and disinterestedly and win back the losing public support for this great national organisation, he concluded.

Cloth Bales Accumulate In Ahmedabad Mills

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, July 15: Ahmedabad Textile Industry is facing another crisis owing to the refusal of provincial permit holders to take delivery of cloth bales so long as question of payment of sales tax is not cleared.

It is learnt that about a lakh and 60,000 bales have accumulated in mill godowns. The Millowners Association has drawn the attention of the Government to this state of affairs.

Portuguese Reinforcing Macao Garrison

LISBON, July 15 (PTI-Reuter): About 800 troops and extensive military supplies left here today on board the 8,980-ton Portuguese steamer 'Nyassa' to re-inforce the Portuguese garrison at Macao in China.

NEWS BRIEFS

(Compiled from P. T. I., U. P. I. and U. P. A. despatches)

The DDT treatment can effectively control plague and the spray in destroying the various species of mosquito is calculated to produce highly favourable results in control of epidemics like plague, according to the latest bulletin of the Bureau of Economics and Statistics, Government of Bombay.

Consideration of its future programme of work and a review of the research work so far done in India on the water requirements of crops will be undertaken by the Standing Advisory Committee for research on water requirements of crops, at its first meeting at Simla, on July 17.

Forty Pakistan raiders at Padam, in Zaskar valley of Ladakh, who were isolated when the Leh and Kargil Tensils were cleared of enemy, last year, and were consequently shut up in snow-bound Zaskar Valley during the winter months following "cease-fire", have been evacuated now and handed over to the Pakistan military authorities in Skardu.

The Jammu and Kashmir Government has, so far, distributed 13,500 munds of paddy seeds free of cost amongst the people of flood-affected areas of Kashmir. The cost of these seeds has been met out of the "flood relief fund" sactioned by the State Government last year.

The Indian Army in Kashmir distributed about Rs. 50,000 to such people as had suffered heavily at the hands of the enemy in the Kargil area during the current year. Over and above this amount, cloth, rations and other essential commodities worth thousands of rupees have also been supplied to these people.

No licence of any kind will hereafter be required in Karachi to deal in any foreign cloth except the Indian mill made cloth. Handloom cloth from any country including India can be sold in Karachi without any license.

The East Punjab Government has decided to hold an inquiry into the conditions of agricultural workers in the province shortly.

One fatal case of plague has been reported from Jharia (Bihar), according to the latest health bulletin issued. Anti-plague inoculation is in progress by the Jharia Mines Board of Health.

Three R. S. S. prisoners in Baroda Central Jail were released on July 13 following the lifting of the ban on the R. S. S. organisation by the Government of India.

The people of Nagasaki, atom-bombed in 1945, voted for the city to be rebuilt as "an international cultural city".

There are now 400 of Hitler's scientists and rocket experts working in the United States of America.



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The Last Of The Chandivli Tragedy



The Service in the Chapel at J. J. Hospital.



Last Service by four denominations by the grave-side.

Investigation Into Causes Of Air Crash

DUTCH EXPERTS REACH CITY

BOMBAY, Friday.

WITH the arrival in the city today of nine Dutch civil aviation officials and experts from Amsterdam, the stage is set for an official investigation into the causes of the recent air crash in Bombay in which 45 persons lost their lives.

It is however reliably learnt that though preparations are afoot for bringing together the Dutch experts and the three members of the Government of India's Technical Inquiry Committee, it will take at least a few days more before the actual official inquiry is started.

Mr. A. Hardy, Publicity and Public Relations Officer of the KLM Air Lines for India, Pakistan and the Far East told a "Chronicle" representative today that the Dutch experts have so far heard nothing from the representatives of the Government of India and are anxiously awaiting invitation from them for preliminary talks.

The experts who arrrived from Karachi by air today and who are staying at the Taj Mahal Hotel include Mr. M. S. Kaninga, Member of the Netherlands Government's Department of Civil Aviation and the chief of the accident investigation, Mr. A. C. Koreman, General Secretary and legal adviser, Captain G. Malouin, General Flight Superintendent, Mr. B. Lugten, Chief Engineer of Constellation of the K.L.M., Mr. A. G. Ligtvoet, Chief of Crew Maintenance, Mr. K. W. Grootehoff, Chief of Communications, Dr. W. S. Fredrick, Head of the Medical Department, Dr. C. Knegtmans, Dental Surgeon, Mr. P. Wiersma, assistant to the legal adviser Mr. Koreman, and stenographer Miss T. M. Franz.

The inclusion of two medicos in the group, it was stated, was only for identification purposes.

ANOTHER BODY FOUND

The experts have already started collecting their own data by making private inquiries. Three of them remained at the aerodrome for some time where they contacted some Government officials and aeronautical experts. They also attended cremation and burial ceremonies of the victims of the disaster. On Saturday they intend going over the Chandivli Hills to inspect the scene of the disaster and the surrounding areas.

One more body was found at noon today in the jungle-ridden area of Pawai by a searching police party, bringing the total number of the victims brought so far to the J. J. Hospital morgue to 44. One body however still remains undiscovered, and it is presumed that it is burnt to ashes. The police search still continues.

Of the 33 bodies that were lying in the morgue for the last two days, 21 were buried today and 12 cremated. The last of the bodies found today will be disposed of tomorrow.

The body of Roman Chow Quan, the Chinese businessman from Trinidad on his way back after his wedding in China and that of his young wife, Mrs. Roman Chow-A-Lung Ma Ching were taken possession of by a representative of the Chinese Consulate in Bombay to be disposed of according to Chinese rites, at the Chinese cemetery at Antop Hill.

Age old Chinese traditions and customs, in the disposal of dead bodies, were observed at the Chinese cemetery at Antop Hills, when at the funeral of the Chinese couple, chickens were cut and money scattered to the accompaniment of sacred prayers.

The sacrifice of the chickens, it was learnt, was to ensure that the departed couple would have a plenitude of chicken and other dainties in the other world.

The scattering of money, is also learnt to have the same significance of ensuring that they would be wealthy and happy in the hereafter.

Out of the 43 bodies found so far, only 26 could be identified. The remaining 17 were disposed of without their identity being established. Those identified included ten Americans, six Dutch passengers, seven Dutch crew, two Chinese and one Canadian.

It was decided that all the 17 unidentified should now be buried. Later if there are any instructions from any of their relatives, the bodies may be exhumed and cremated, and the ashes sent to those concerned.

A solemn combined service was offered in the Court Hall of the City Coroner, for the remaining 31 dead before their coffins were removed either for burial in the Church of England cemetery at Sewri or to be cremated in the Hindu crematorium at Haines Road.

While a band played a mournful dirge outside, four priests of different denominations conducted a solemn service, before a gathering of about a hundred persons who filled the court, while a large and curious crowd stood silently watching, outside.

Rev. Johnson of the Church of England, Father Frank Lobo, Chaplin to the Auxiliary Bishop of Bombay, Rev. J. Patterson, Rev. W. W. Bell participated in the ceremony. While the Catholic priest recited the Requiem, the others read from the Holy Bible.

While the ceremony was in progress in solemn silence, one of the ladies present broke down and sobbed in uncontrollable grief.

Outside the Court Hall, a large crowd of nearly thousand persons, doctors and medical students as well as members of the public, most of them clothed in black, stood in silence to pay their last respects to the dead.

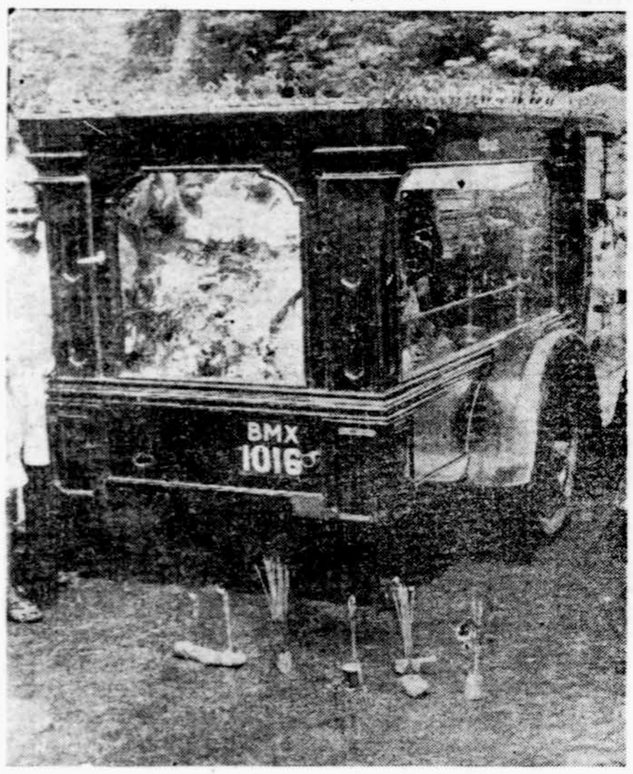
Then as the band played Handel's Funeral March, the bodies were carried to their last resting place. Those which were to be buried were taken to the Sewri cemetery in hearses and those to be cremated were carried in trucks to Haines Road.

Exactly at 1-25 p.m. the last of the coffins was lowered into the grave.

The four padres once again performed the last rites, the three Protestant clergymen reading out from the scriptures and the Catholic priest conducting the Requiem.

After the graves were covered with earth and the numerous floral tributes tastefully placed on them Mr. Kox, the Commercial Attache to the Dutch Consulate in a feeling funeral oration paid tributes to the departed worthies.

Mr. Tirion, representing the K. L. M. Dutch Royal Airlines, thanked everyone who had helped, in any way, during the last few days of desperation and the final chapter of the tragedy.



The last rites of the two Chinese dead.

LET CENTRE TAKE OVER MANIPUR

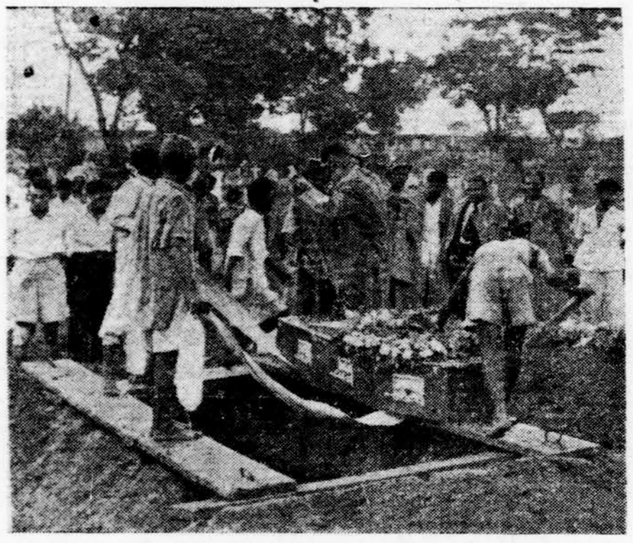
Delegation To Urge Sardar And Pattabhi

NEW DELHI, July 15, (PTI): A delegation on behalf of the Manipur State Congress arrived here today to urge upon the Congress President, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya and the Deputy Prime Minister, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel to taking over Manipur State as a centrally administered area.

Manipur is a border State in the eastern part of India dividing India from Burma whose future administrative set up has not yet been decided.

According to the delegation, which consists of Mr. Krishna Mohan Singh, President of the Manipur State Congress, and Mr. Samarendra Singh, Member of the State Congress Executive, the people of Manipur do not like Manipur's merger with Assam on cultural and economic reasons.

The Ministry of Education, Government of India is preparing a history of philosophy which will give an account of the development of human thought from the earliest times till the present day.



The body of Mr. Knickerbocker being lowered into the grave.

U. S. PRESS MOURNS LOSS OF JOURNALISTS

WASHINGTON, July 15: Newspapers across the United States are mourning the loss of the 13 American journalists killed in the Bombay plane crash on July 12.

The following are extracts of some of the editorials written on the incident.—

The Baltimore "Sun"

"Thirteen American reporters died in that crash, and the list of their affiliations represents a cross section of the whole field of American news enterprise. There were reporters representing papers from San Francisco to New York. There were reporters for news magazines. There were radio reporters. There were reporters for press associations.

"The death en masse of these reporters means grievous personal loss to relatives, friends and colleagues. But in addition it undercores the fact that what the American people know of the affairs of the world, they know, not in consequences of the functioning of some impersonal mechanism but as a result of the devoted and often perilous labours of a relatively small number of men and women."

WASHINGTON "Star": "If there is any consoling aspect to be discerned in the air crash near Bombay it is the fact that public attention has been focused on the problems which the American correspondents had gone to Indonesia to study. The wiping out at one stroke of so distinguished a group of news gatherers is a shocking loss not only to journalism but to the American people as a whole."

HARTFORD (CONNECTICUT) "Courant":

"The death of 45 persons on a hill near Bombay is perhaps no more tragic than any of those that have preceded it. It comes as a greater shock to the American people because 13 well-known newspapermen lost their lives in this crash. Death played a cruel trick in silencing at once so many of the men whose job it is to help us better know and understand the world we live in."

Indianapolis "News": "The airliner crash in India which took the lives of 13 topnotch American newsmen is nothing less than an international disaster. It will serve again to focus world attention on the situation in Indonesia whence these correspondents had been flown by the Dutch Government. It will cause repercussions in the halls of Government as well as a profound shock in the professions of journalism and radio."

"THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR" on the death of its foreign editor Charles Gratke: "Unswerving devotion to duty, deep spiritual insight, alert and penetrating integrity, scrupulous consideration for those with whom he worked—these are some of the characteristics Charles Gratke brought to his work as foreign editor of this newspaper."

Allotment Of Jute Goods For British West Indies

NEW DELHI, July 15 (PTI): The Government of India has decided to allot a total of 5,136-3-4 tons of jute goods for the half-year ending December 25, 1949 to British West Indies, it was officially announced here today.

The allotment of the quota will be: Barbados 749 tons; British Guiana 1,902 tons; British Honduras 32-1-2 tons; Jamaica 837 tons; Leeward Islands 203-1-4 tons; Trinidad 1,388 tons; Grenada 17 tons and Dominica 8 tons.

It has also been decided to increase the quotas of the following countries for the half-year ending December 25, 1949.

Nigeria from 5,000 to 8,680 tons; Great Coast from 1,500 to 4,040 tons; Gambia from 250 to 275 tons; Falkland Island and South Georgia from 142 to 168 tons, Seychelles from 60 to 65 tons and Sarawak from 200 to 318 tons.

The Siam rice unit, which was allotted an interim quota of two million bags, has now been allotted a quota of 6,832,600 bags (inclusive of the interim quota) for the half-year ending December 25, 1949.

CALCUTTA, July 15 (PTI): Mr. Mohanlal Saxena, Minister of State for Relief and Rehabilitation, Government of India and Mr. Kalipada Mukherjee, Labour and acting Home Minister, West Bengal, left for Delhi this morning by air. Mr. Mukerjee is expecting to attend the Congress Working Committee meeting when it discusses the West Bengal situation.

MIXED GRILL

By Grumbler

CONJUGAL relations and their regulation are matters of endless interest and even more complication.

The Ladakhis whom Prime Minister has been recently visiting are one of the few peoples in the world who still practise polyandry. While most of the nuns and monks remain unmarried — although marriage is not prohibited to them — the Ladakhis practise a form of fraternal polyandry. If the eldest son of the family gets married his wife also becomes the legitimate wife of younger brothers. The children thus have an 'elder father' and also one or more 'little fathers'. As this custom has prevailed for centuries the whole mind and sentiment of the people is unable to conceive of any other family system.

In this shrinking world, it is not far even from the remote mountain heights where the Ladakhis live to the teeming city of London. Here a man sought divorce from his wife last week because "her regard for him diminished as her exaggerated affection for animals increased". The judge who heard the case held that four dogs and six cats had made life in a small bungalow intolerable for Mr. Francis William Chamberlain and granted him the divorce.

About the same time, in the new world across the vast ocean, the Chilean parliament was considering a bill to change the present law under which a husband is exempt from all responsibility if he kills his wife or lover, while they are engaged in adultery. It appears that this right is denied to wives and the Chilean wives set up a howl for equality. But a wise government instead of conferring on women the right of killing their husbands, has decided to withdraw from the husbands the right to kill their wives.

And girdling the Globe we come back to India to read how a cultivator of a village in Sanand Taluqa in Saurashtra, yoked his wife to the plough along with the only bullock he had, to cultivate his small patch of land. When charged with cruelty the clever rustic said that it was an act of patriotism, because that was his way of responding to Prime Minister Nehru's appeal to step up food production!

India is on the march, I should say. Is it not surprisingly strange that a peasant with so primitive a notion should have heard the Prime Minister's radio broadcast? Is it not even stranger that one of those much pitied, illiterate, ignorant peasants should be able to argue so plausibly and suggest that what on the face of it is a piece of sadism is after all the height of patriotism?

OR IS IT ALL MERELY THE RESULT OF THE FUDDLED IMAGINATION OF A JOURNALIST DESPERATELY SEARCHING FOR 'COPY' TO EARN HIS DAILY BREAD?

INDIA NEEDS U. S. CAPITAL

Mrs. Pandit Assures Investors

LOS ANGELES, July 15, (PTI-Reuter): Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit, Indian Ambassador to Washington, who is touring the United States, told 300 businessmen and industrialists here that one of her official duties was to press for an American loan to India.

She said India invited American capital investment—but the control and ultimate majority ownership of all foreign undertakings must be in Indian hands.

Quoting the Prime Minister of India, Pandit Nehru, she said: 'The Government does not foresee any difficulty in continuing existing facilities for the remittance of profits and has no intention of placing any restriction on withdrawal of foreign capital investment.

"I do not see how any nation can go further to reassure foreign investors without compromising its position as a sovereign power."

Mrs. Pandit described India's current development programme.

"The possibility of expansion of our steel works and textile mills, shipbuilding yards and other heavy industries is now under expert examination," she said.

But India could not go ahead with her plans unless substantial dollar resources were available to her in loans.

"It is my belief that India and America need each other. India may well be the last great area in the world where American trade can expand in mutually advantageous terms as well as in terms of a new hope for millions of people in Asia."

Reds Raid Hyderabad Village

SECUNDERABAD, July 15 (UPI):— Armed Communists headed by Pusaluri Satyam and Jangam Bhadriah surrounded the village Arumpala, three miles away from a police centre, in Warangal district on the night of July 13, says a report received from Khammameth to-day.

They attacked the house of a kisan and fired at his son, injuring him seriously. His wife was also seriously beaten when she attempted to rescue her husband from the clutches of Communists.

Both of them were later taken to Khammameth hospital and admitted there.

MUTT AND JEFF—For A Minute Jeff Though Mutt Turned Boss Of The House — By BUD FISHER



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